

LOCKPORT COMPANY CANAL BRIDGE
(Bridge Recall No. 000930)
Carries Louisiana Highway 1 (LA 1) over Lockport Company Canal
Lockport
Lafourche Parish
Louisiana

HAER No. LA-32

PHOTOGRAPHS

WRITTEN HISTORICAL AND DESCRIPTIVE DATA

REDUCED COPIES OF MEASURED & INTERPRETIVE DRAWINGS

FIELD RECORDS

HISTORIC AMERICAN ENGINEERING RECORD

National Park Service
U.S. Department of the Interior
1849 C Street, NW
Washington, DC 20240

HISTORIC AMERICAN ENGINEERING RECORD
LOCKPORT COMPANY CANAL BRIDGE
(Bridge Recall No. 000930)

HAER No. LA-32

Location: Carries Louisiana Highway 1 (LA 1) over Lockport Company Canal in Lockport, Lafourche Parish, Louisiana. At this location LA 1 is locally known as Crescent Avenue.

The Lockport Company Canal Bridge (Bridge Recall No. 000930) is located at latitude 29.644639 north, longitude -90.544389 west.¹ The coordinate represents the southeast corner of the bridge. It was obtained in 2016 by plotting its location in Google Earth. The location has no restriction on its release to the public.

Present Owner: State of Louisiana.

Present Use: Vehicular and pedestrian traffic. When in its open position, the bridge allows for marine traffic on the Lockport Company Canal.

Significance: The Lockport Company Canal Bridge is significant as an intact representative example of a tower-drive vertical lift bridge, a subtype within the vertical lift bridge subtype. The bridge's variation is demonstrated in the location of a separate motor and drive mechanism on each tower. The motor and drive mechanisms power the two sheaves on each tower. The Lockport Company Canal Bridge was determined eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places (National Register) in 2013 under *Criterion C: Design/Engineering* at the state level of significance.²

Historian: Timothy S. Smith, Cultural Resource Specialist; Mead & Hunt, Inc. (Mead & Hunt); 2017.

Project Information: This documentation was prepared to fulfill Stipulation IX.5 of the *Programmatic Agreement Among the Federal Highway Administration, the Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development, the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation, and the Louisiana State Historic Preservation Officer Regarding Management of Historic Bridges in Louisiana*, dated August 18, 2015 and executed September 21, 2015. The Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development (LADOTD) retained Mead & Hunt to prepare this document. It was prepared by cultural resource specialist Timothy S. Smith of Mead & Hunt. Dietrich Floeter completed the photography.

¹ The bridge is also known as Structure No. 02290640601401.

² Mead & Hunt, Inc., *National Register Eligibility Determination Report: Pre-1971 Louisiana Highway Bridges* (prepared for the Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development, September 2013).

Part I. Historical Information**A. Physical History:**

- 1. Date(s) of construction:** 1959.
- 2. Engineer:** Bridge Design Section, State of Louisiana Department of Highways.
- 3. Builder/Contractor/Supplier:** Available plans do not name a specific builder, contractor, or supplier for the construction of the bridge.
- 4. Original plans and construction:** Plan sheets for the construction of the Lockport Company Canal Bridge are available in the General Files room at the LADOTD's Baton Rouge headquarters. State Project No. 64-06-16 consisted of constructing a 2.3-mile concrete-paved bypass roadway around the west side of Lockport, removing an existing bridge across the Company Canal, and building a new bridge over the Old Intracoastal at 5th Street (now Crescent Avenue). Plans for the new vertical lift span are dated May 3, 1957 (approved on November 7, 1957) and use the LDH's standard plan SL50-150-28 for a 150'-0" long vertical lift span and 28'-0" wide roadway. The SL50-150-28 standard plan included the general arrangement of the operating machinery.³ Plans for the vertical lift span also include spans 6 and 8, which are located beneath the lift towers. Plans for the eight approach spans (1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 9, 10, and 11) are dated February 12, 1957, and based on the latest LDH standard specifications and American Association of State Highway Officials 1953 standard specifications for highway bridges, as amended to December 31, 1955. The names of those that designed, traced, and approved the plans are illegible.
- 5. Alterations and additions:** In 2011 the LADOTD replaced the electrical conductors and conduit throughout the bridge structure. This work included the removal and replacement of all navigation lights on the bridge and fender system.⁴ This work represents in-kind replacement of the bridge's original features. Unspecified repairs were made to the upper deck, tower structures, and the electrical and mechanical components in 2006 as a result of Hurricane Rita.⁵ Subsequent work on the bridge included reconfiguration of electrical service at the bridge for a trailer-mounted generator in 2007, replacement of wire ropes in 2008, replacement of the grid floor in 2009, and repairs to limit switches, gate operators, and span locks in 2010.⁶

³ State of Louisiana Department of Highways, *Plans of Proposed State Highway, S-253(3) State Project No. 64-06-16*, plans for Lockport Relocation, Lafourche Parish, LA 1, November 7, 1957.

⁴ "Drawbridge Operation Regulation; Company Canal, Lockport, LA, *The Federal Register*, April 15, 2011.

⁵ Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development, "Projects 064-06-0041 and 064-06-0042," *trns.Port Systems Database*, available at the Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development, Baton Rouge, La.; Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development, "Project 064-06-0042," *trns.Port Systems Database*.

⁶ Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development, "Project 064-06-0043," *trns.Port Systems Database*; Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development, "Project 064-06-0044," *trns.Port Systems Database*; Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development, "Project 064-06-0046," *trns.Port Systems Database*; Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development, "Project 064-06-0047," *trns.Port Systems Database*.

B. Historical Context:*Development of highways and bridges in Louisiana*

Since the Louisiana Highway Commission's (LHC's) inception in 1921 (replacing the State Highway Department), the agency's Bridge Department was responsible for the design and construction of many of Louisiana's bridges, including some of the largest and most significant examples. The department originally operated within the agency's construction division. Projects with only bridges were handled by the Bridge Department and those with both roads and bridges were completed by the office engineer with assistance from the bridge engineer.⁷ The Bridge Department designed and often served a supervisory role in projects, eliminating the need for a general contractor during construction of State-owned bridges. As the Bureau of Public Roads (BPR) created design standards at the national level, the LHC also created Louisiana standard plans developed to assist in bridge design.⁸ The LHC was reorganized as the Louisiana Department of Highways (LDH) in the 1940s, which designed the Lockport Company Canal Bridge. LDH biennial reports from the 1950s and 1960s indicate that in the period following World War II economic growth and government funding combined to not only increase investment on a grand scale, but also improve and increase road and bridge construction statewide.⁹

Bridge engineering practices of the Bridge Department/Bridge Design Section in the 1950s and 1960s became an increasingly scientific discipline that stressed a calculated approach to the rapidly increasing demand for plentiful, affordable, and efficient bridge designs and construction methods. Standardization and cost analysis accompanied the use of early computer programs and automated work to aid engineers in new approaches and innovations.¹⁰

Making the work of the agency more complicated was the state's abundant waterways. Influenced by the need to create and facilitate a reliable transportation system, the agency looked to movable bridges to span these waterways while also allowing for marine navigation below. As a result, Louisiana has one of the largest collections of movable bridges in the nation. Few were constructed in the state prior to 1900; however, they gained popularity and a series of standard plans for movable bridges were developed by the LHC and LDH between 1924 and 1963. Standard plans were periodically revised with small adjustments to meet site-specific needs. Standard plans for tower-drive-with-independent-towers bridges such as the Lockport Company Canal Bridge were available by 1953. As of 2015 Louisiana had 31 vertical lift bridges constructed between 1914 and 1970 and only four known examples with the tower-drive-with-independent-tower structure design. In addition to the Lockport Company Canal Bridge,

⁷ Louisiana Highway Commission, *Biennial Report of the Louisiana Highway Commission of the State of Louisiana, 1922-1924* (Baton Rouge, La.: Louisiana Highway Commission, 1924), 93.

⁸ Louisiana Highway Commission, *Biennial Report of the Louisiana Highway Commission of the State of Louisiana, 1922-1924*, 93 and 95; Mead & Hunt, Inc., *Historic Context for Louisiana Bridges* (prepared for the Louisiana Department of Transportation, 2013), 17.

⁹ Mead & Hunt, Inc., *Historic Context for Louisiana Bridges*, 27.

¹⁰ Mead & Hunt, Inc., *Historic Context for Louisiana Bridges*, 97.

examples of this type are the Intracoastal Waterway Bridge at Larose in Lafourche Parish (Bridge Recall No. 000920), the Judge Seeber Bridge (Bridge Recall No. 020375) in Orleans Parish, and the Intracoastal Waterway/W-J. Perez Bridge (Bridge Recall No. 002500) in Plaquemines, all in the southeast corner of the state.¹¹

Construction of the Lockport Company Canal Bridge

A series of canals and locks constructed between approximately 1850 and 1880 in the vicinity of present-day Lockport facilitated shipping and steady economic growth. One of these was the Old Intracoastal Waterway (now known as Company Canal), which bisected Bayou Lafourche. Lockport was eventually established at the juncture of Bayou Lafourche and the Old Intracoastal Waterway and incorporated in 1899. Only two bridges are known to have been constructed at Lockport prior to the existing Lockport Company Canal Bridge: an iron bridge in 1900 across Bayou Lafourche, between Lockport and Rita, and a steel pontoon bridge across the Company Canal built ca. 1948.¹² Both of these bridges are nonextant.

By 1956 plans were underway to construct the existing Lockport Company Canal Bridge.¹³ Plans were drawn up in 1957 by the LDH for State Project No. 64-06-16, which consisted of constructing a 2.3-mile concrete-paved bypass around the west side of Lockport to carry LA 1; removing the ca. 1948 steel pontoon bridge (located at 8th Street across the Company Canal); and building a new vertical lift bridge at 5th Street (now Crescent Avenue) across the Company Canal to carry the relocated LA 1. Plans for the 11-span vertical lift bridge are dated May 3, 1957, and plans for eight of the approach spans are dated February 12, 1957. Plans for the entire project were approved on November 7, 1957. Fiscal records for the LDH indicate a total expenditure of \$1,087,566.64 for the project.¹⁴

Engineering background

The Lockport Company Canal Bridge is an example of a tower-drive-with-independent-towers vertical lift bridge. The oldest movable bridges in the U.S. date to the mid-to-late nineteenth century and most early examples were of the swing type. Small-scale vertical lift bridges consisting of girder spans of a maximum span length of 50 feet were first constructed across canals throughout Europe and the U.S. in the early nineteenth century. These early vertical lift bridges had very short lifts and included such

¹¹ Mead & Hunt, Inc., *National Register Eligibility Determination Report: Pre-1971 Louisiana Highway Bridges*, 36, 44.

¹² Town of Lockport, Louisiana, *History*, June 6, 2016, http://townoflockport.com/?page_id=20 (accessed July 13, 2016); LaFourche Parish Game and Fish Commission, *Historic Habitat Changes*, June 16, 2016, <http://www.lafourchegfc.org/habitathistory1.html> (accessed July 12, 2016); Louisiana Department of Highways, "Highway Contracts Reach \$4,653,274 Month of December: Year's Total is Over 24 Million," *Louisiana Highways II*, no. 1 (January 1948): 6.

¹³ "Legislative Digest," *The Times-Picayune*, July 20, 1956, 14.

¹⁴ State of Louisiana Department of Highways, *Financial & Statistical Report, Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 1958* (Baton Rouge, La.: State of Louisiana Department of Highways, 1958); State of Louisiana Department of Highways, *Financial & Statistical Report, Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 1959* (Baton Rouge, La.: State of Louisiana Department of Highways, 1959); State of Louisiana Department of Highways, *Plans of Proposed State Highway, S-253(3) State Project No. 64-06-16*.

features as cast-iron towers and hydraulically operated movable spans. In the U.S., movable bridges were constructed over the Erie Canal in the early nineteenth century. Toward the end of the nineteenth century a series of other movable bridge types were rapidly developed and brought into common use, including bascule variations and vertical lift examples.¹⁵

The design of modern vertical lift bridges can be attributed to John Alexander Low Waddell's 1894 South Halsted Street Bridge in Chicago. In vertical lift bridges, the main span consists of steel girders or a truss that is raised and lowered via cables. The cables are carried over large, grooved pulleys or wheels (termed sheaves) at the tops of the bridge towers and attached to the movable span at one end and large counterweights at the other end. The cables and counterweights balance the weight of the lift span so very little effort or power is required to move it up or down. The up and down movement is accomplished through a second and separate set of cables called up-haul and down-haul ropes.

The design of vertical lift bridges can vary slightly based on the location of the motor(s) and drive mechanisms that move the span up and down by controlling the up-haul and down-haul ropes. The three basic variations include span drive, tower drive with independent towers, and tower drive with connected towers.¹⁶ Tower-drive vertical lift bridges have a series of operating ropes (typically two up-haul and two down-haul ropes at each corner of the span) attached to geared operating drums. To lift the span, the drum winds the up-haul ropes and simultaneously unwinds the down-haul ropes. The sheaves at the top of each tower carry the counterweight ropes and are free-spinning with no direct control over the movement of the span. Tower drive vertical lift bridges with independent towers are powered by a separate set of drive machinery located at the top of each lift tower. The movable span is raised and lowered by rotating the motorized sheaves by means of interconnected shafts and gears. A single motor operates two sheaves that enable the span to move.¹⁷

Part II. Structural/Design Information

A. General Statement:

1. Character: The Lockport Company Canal Bridge is a tower-drive-with-independent-towers vertical lift bridge with a steel plate girder movable span. It is a representative example of this uncommon vertical lift bridge subtype.

2. Condition of fabric: Good.

B. Description: The Lockport Company Canal Bridge is located in the Town of Lockport, Louisiana, and carries LA 1 (locally known as Crescent Avenue) over the Lockport Company Canal. The Town of

¹⁵ Terry L. Coglin, *Movable Bridge Engineering* (Hoboken, N.J.: John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 2003), 55.

¹⁶ Coglin, *Movable Bridge Engineering*, 6, 55; Mead & Hunt, Inc., *Crossing the Bayou: Louisiana's Historic Bridges* (prepared for the Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development, 2015), 14.

¹⁷ Mead & Hunt, Inc., *Crossing the Bayou: Louisiana's Historic Bridges*, 14-17.

Lockport is located in Lafourche Parish, east of Houma, Louisiana. LA 1 extends north from Grand Isle, located along the Gulf of Mexico, for approximately 146 miles to Interstate Highway 190 in Baton Rouge.

The bridge is aligned on a nominal southeast-northwest axis. It has an overall structure length of 370'-0" and an out-to-out width of 33'-0". The 11-span structure has a 150'-0" steel vertical lift span (span 7) with a 125'-0" horizontal clearance over the waterway, plus 5'-0" on each side from centerline of the column to the centerline of the live load bearing for each lift span; eight concrete slab approach spans each with an individual length of 20'-0" (spans 1-5 and 9-11); two spans beneath the towers (spans 6 and 8), each with a 25'-0" length; an operator's house mounted within the southernmost tower above the roadway; and machinery houses located at the tops of the two towers that shelter the sheaves and lift machinery.

Main vertical lift span

The vertical lift span of the Lockport Company Canal Bridge is a movable steel plate girder span with welded connections and stiffeners. The vertical-lift span generally has a roadway width of 28'-0" accommodating a two-lane roadway. Across both sides of its entire length the vertical lift span has a raised metal 5'-0" sidewalk with a pipe handrail mounted on a single reinforced-concrete rail, which is integrated with concrete posts. Each railing is integral with railings on approach spans that terminate at a stepped concrete endpost that features a design with rounded, protruding parallel panels and lettering with "1959" and "Company Canal." The majority of the deck consists of a steel grid; portions under the towers within spans 6 and 8 have a concrete deck with asphalt overlay. The substructure for the vertical lift span consists of concrete pile bents that support two massive concrete platforms under each of the lift towers.

Lift towers

The vertical lift span is situated between two cross-braced, independent, steel I-beam lift towers and has a maximum vertical lift of 50'-0". Each tower is approximately 90' tall and comprised of three, vertically oriented outer panels with an approximate dimension of 25' by 25'. The steel cross-bracing in each tower and panel has a combination of riveted and bolted connections. Metal staircases mounted on the exterior of the tower structure provide access to the machinery houses located at the top of each tower. Portals integrated with the lift tower structure are located at either end of the movable span above the roadway. Adjacent to the portals, at the edge of the outermost panels of the lift tower structure, are vertical drop-bar traffic barriers that extend the full width of the roadway. These traffic barriers are raised and lowered via an electrically controlled shaft that rotates two grooved wheels, which carry metal chains attached to the barrier at one end and a concrete counterweight at the other. These original traffic barriers are still extant but may no longer operate.

Machinery

This bridge has a tower-drive-with-independent-towers configuration, meaning the electrically powered drive machinery used to raise and lower the main span is located at the top of each independent lift tower. Many of the movable components that enable the movement of the span are also housed within each independent tower structure. Components of the drive machinery include an electric motor, speed reducer, coupling, shafts, and sheaves (grooved steel wheels at the corner of each tower, two within each machinery house). The electric motor provides the power for simultaneously rotating the sheaves and the

speed reducer adjusts the torque of the motor based on rotations per minute. Two shafts extend from the motor to the sheaves. The coupling is a device that connects the ends of the two independent shafts for the purposes of transmitting power to the sheaves. Based on review of plans and field inspection, the machinery at the top of each lift tower generally retains its original configuration and components.

Each of the sheaves carries a heavy steel cable that moves up and down within the lift tower structure. One end is attached to the movable span below and the other end is attached to a large counterweight that consists of a steel beam encased in concrete and balance chains that are suspended within each tower structure. The combined weight of the two counterweights is equal to the weight of the lift span, thus giving the movable span minimal weight for ease of movement; the drive machinery needs to provide only enough force to overcome friction and wind resistance to operate the cables in the corresponding direction.

Each machinery house has an irregular form with small extensions to account for the rounded protrusion of the sheaves at the top of each corner of the lift tower. The metal-frame structures are clad in corrugated sheet metal and have small, metal, louvered vents on each end. A band of five, metal-frame, awning windows opens from the interior elevation (facing the movable span) for air circulation.

Other mechanical features on the vertical lift span include span locks that secure the span in place when in closed position as well as guide rollers at the end of the span for the purposes of proper span alignment.

Operator's house

The operator's house is mounted above the roadway within the south lift tower structure and is accessed by a metal stairway on the west side of the tower. The operator's house is important as the location of the switchboard or operator's console that controls the electrical and mechanical components of the movable span. Aerial electrical cables strung between the two lift towers provide electricity from the operator's house to the motors and machinery at the top of each lift tower.

The concrete-walled, box-like building features pairs of horizontal grooves beneath the flat roofline that gives the building a restrained Streamline Moderne appearance. Paired sets of aluminum-frame windows with louvered horizontal glass panels are located on the northwest and southeast facades; the windows on the northwest side of the operator's house wrap around the building corners. A round stylized emblem of a pelican is set into the wall between the windows on the northwest and southeast elevations. The house interior consists of a large rectangular room with a control desk and switchboard under the northwest-facing windows and small bathroom at the eastern end of the building.

Approach spans

The bridge has 10 total approach spans that are reinforced-concrete slab spans. Spans 1-5 are located on the southeast approach and are each 20'-0" long, spans 9-11 are on the northwest approach and are also each 20'-0" long, and spans 6 and 8 are located beneath the lift towers and are each 25'-0" long. The approach spans generally have a roadway width of 28'-0" accommodating two traffic lanes. The approach spans have a concrete deck and two 5'-0" concrete sidewalks with raised curb. Pipe handrails

mounted on single reinforced-concrete rails, which are integrated with concrete posts, extend along both sides of the approaches. The substructure consists of concrete pile bents with concrete bent caps. The end bents are concrete with small wingwalls that serve as bases for the ornamental endposts that feature raised parallel rounded panels. A single roadway approach slab is located at each end of the bridge structure and measures approximately 20' long. Metal drop-arm traffic barriers are located adjacent to the outermost approach span on each end of the bridge structure; a metal two-light signal is paired with each barrier.

Other features around the bridge include two concrete flood control structures under the south approach spans and timber fenders are located under both sides of the bridge to protect those portions of the bridge that are exposed to potential damage by marine traffic should there be a collision.

C. Site Information: The Lockport Company Canal Bridge spans the Lockport Company Canal in Lockport, Louisiana. The canal runs in a northeast-southwest direction, connecting Bayou Lafourche with Lake Fields. The landscape immediately surrounding the bridge and canal consists of mostly narrow banks of landscaped grass as the area is primarily commercial development. The bridge carries two lanes of vehicular traffic, one in each direction.

Part III. Sources of Information

A. Primary Sources:

Bridge Inspection Report, February 20, 2013. Available in Bridge Maintenance and Inspection Division, Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development, Baton Rouge, Louisiana.

“Drawbridge Operation Regulation; Company Canal, Lockport, LA.” *The Federal Register*, April 15, 2011.

“Legislative Digest.” *The Times-Picayune*, July 20, 1956, 14.

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B. Secondary Sources:

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(Bridge Recall No. 000930)

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Lockport

Lafourche Parish

Louisiana

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Dietrich G. Floeter, photographer, February and March 2016

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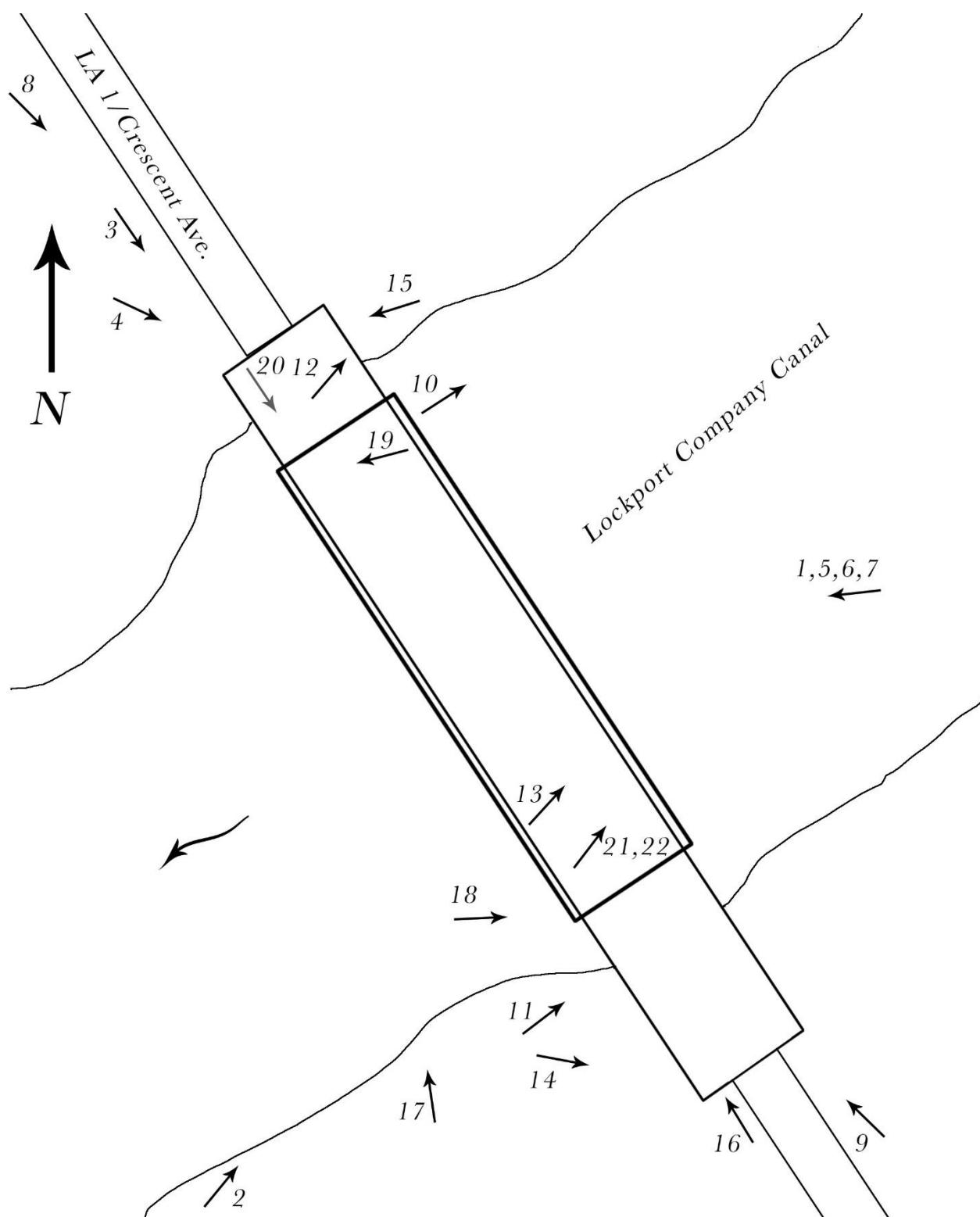
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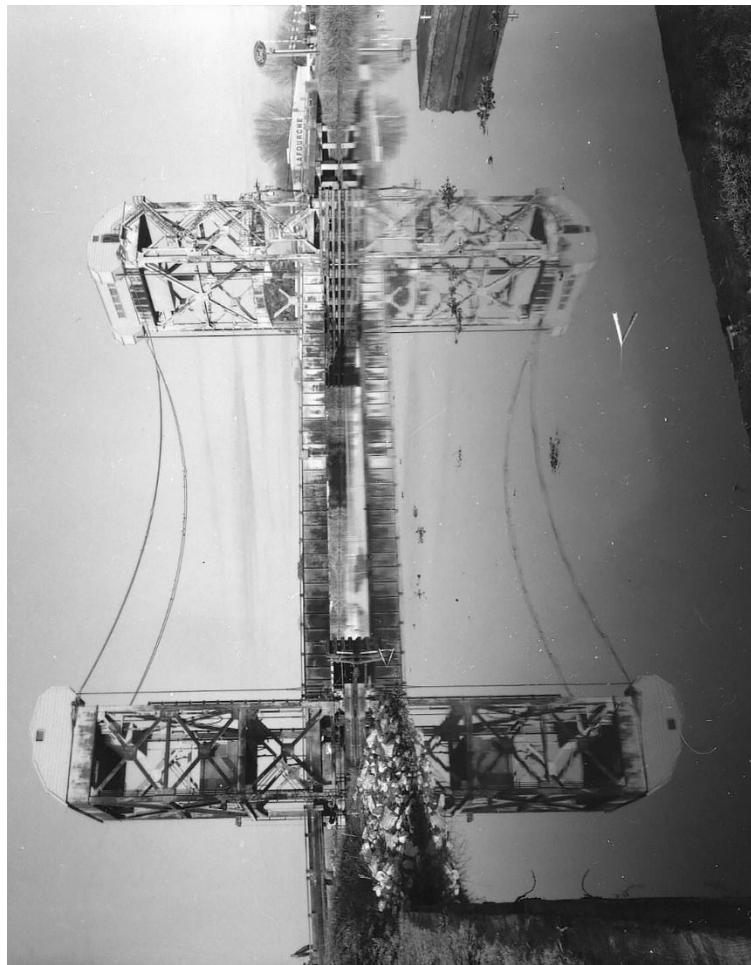
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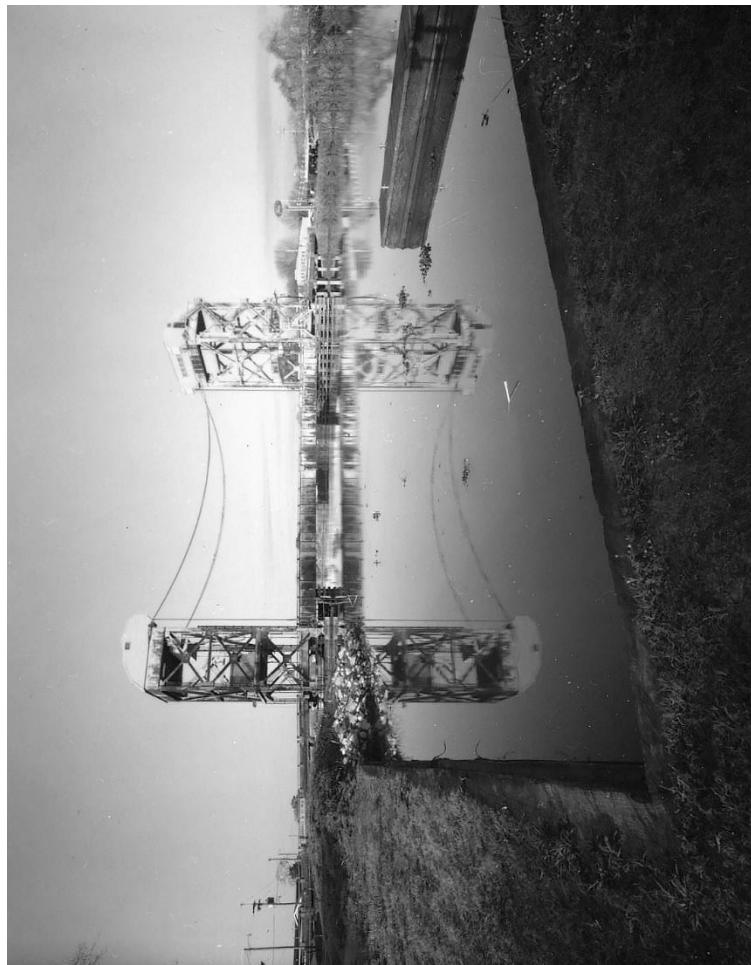
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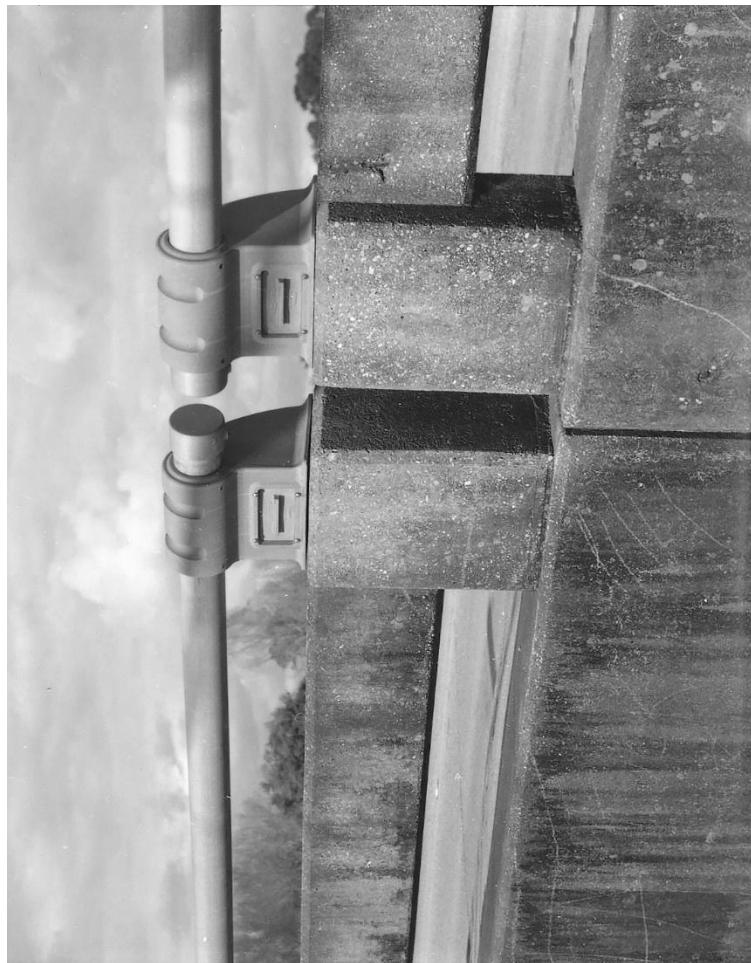
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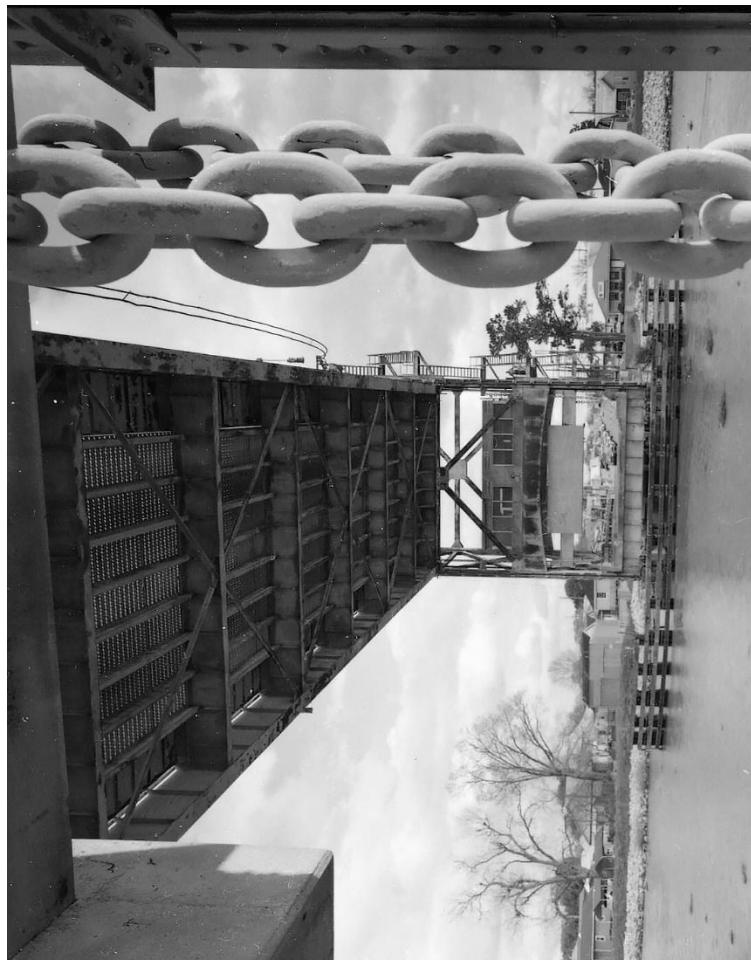
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LOCKPORT COMPANY CANAL BRIDGE

DELINEATED BY: J. DUFFIE, MEAD & HUNT, INC., 2017
LOUISIANA HISTORIC BRIDGE INVENTORY
NATIONAL PARK SERVICE
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
LOCKPORT

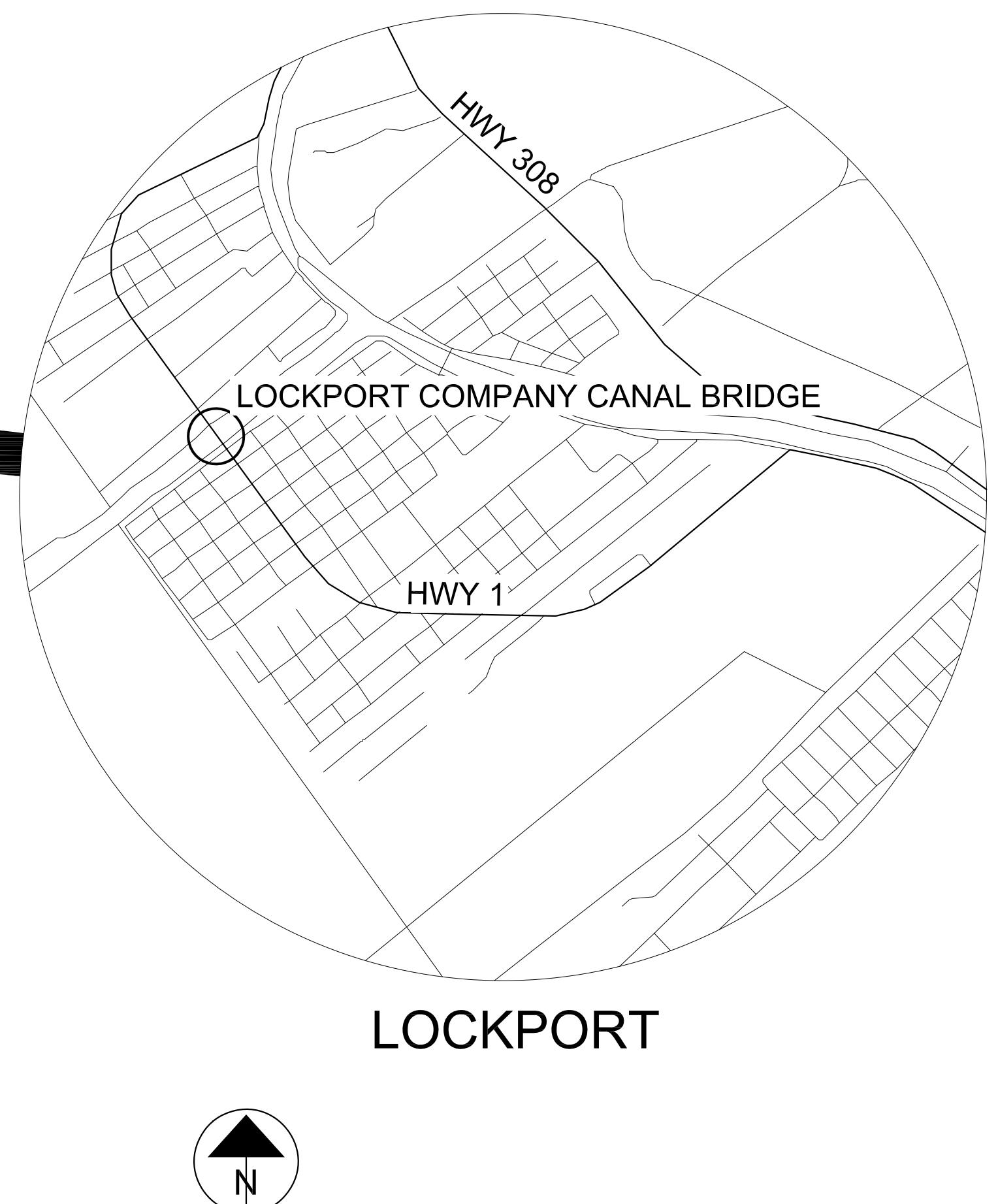
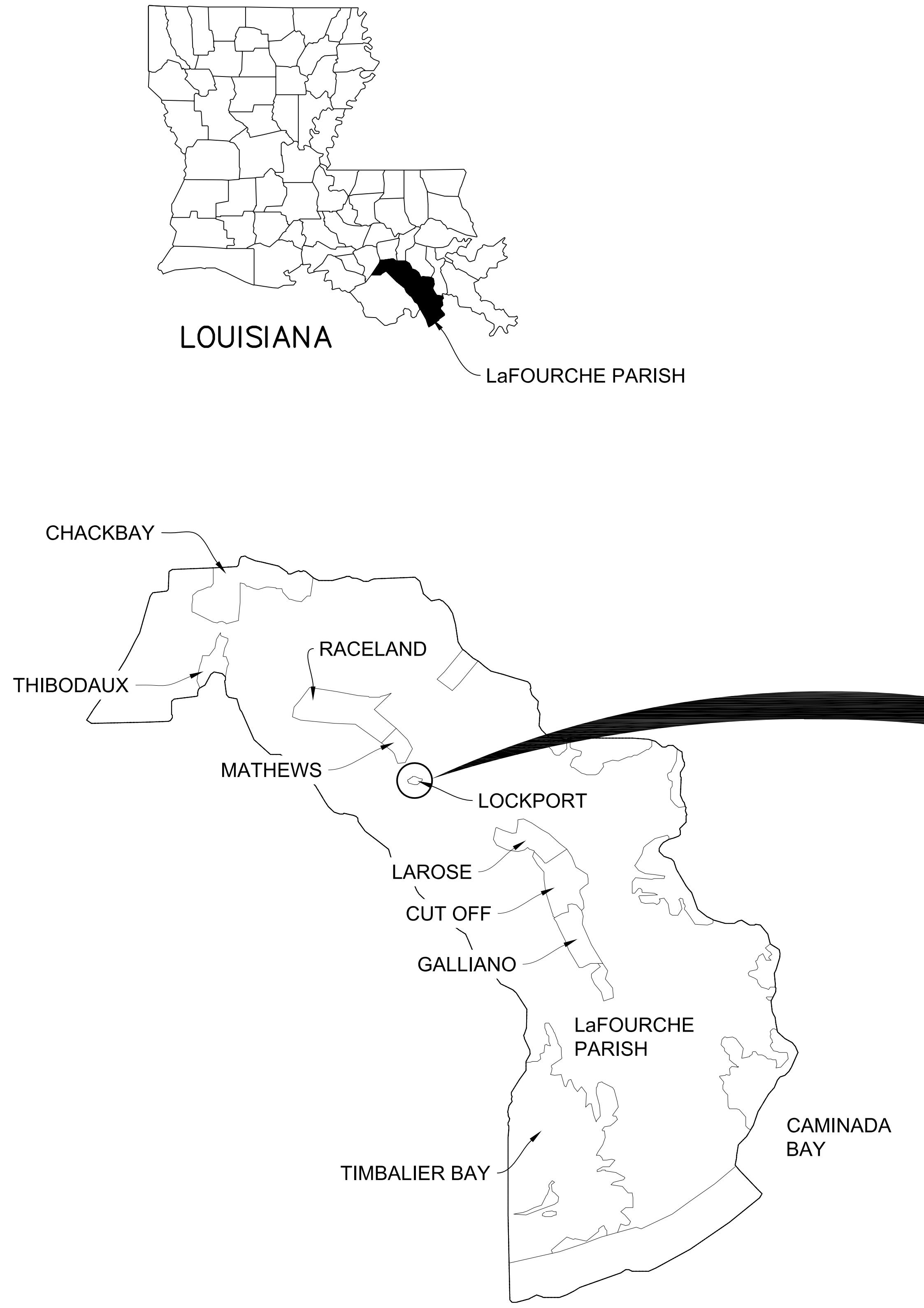
IF REPRODUCED, PLEASE CREDIT THE HISTORIC AMERICAN ENGINEERING RECORD, NATIONAL PARK SERVICE, NAME OF REINFORCER, DATE OF DRAWING
LOCKPORT COMPANY CANAL BRIDGE
CARRIES LOUISIANA HIGHWAY 1 (LA 1) OVER LOCKPORT CANAL
LAFOURCHE PARISH

LIBRARY OF CONGRESS
INDEX NUMBER
HISTORIC AMERICAN
ENGINEERING RECORD
LA-32

The Lockport Company Canal Bridge (Bridge Recall No. 000930), designed by the Louisiana Department of Highways and constructed in 1959, is significant as an intact representative example of a tower-drive vertical lift bridge, a subtype within the vertical lift bridge subtype. The bridge's variation is demonstrated in the location of a separate motor and drive mechanism on each tower. The motor and drive mechanisms power the two sheaves on each tower. The Lockport Company Canal Bridge was determined eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places in 2013 under *Criterion C: Design/Engineering* at the state level of significance.

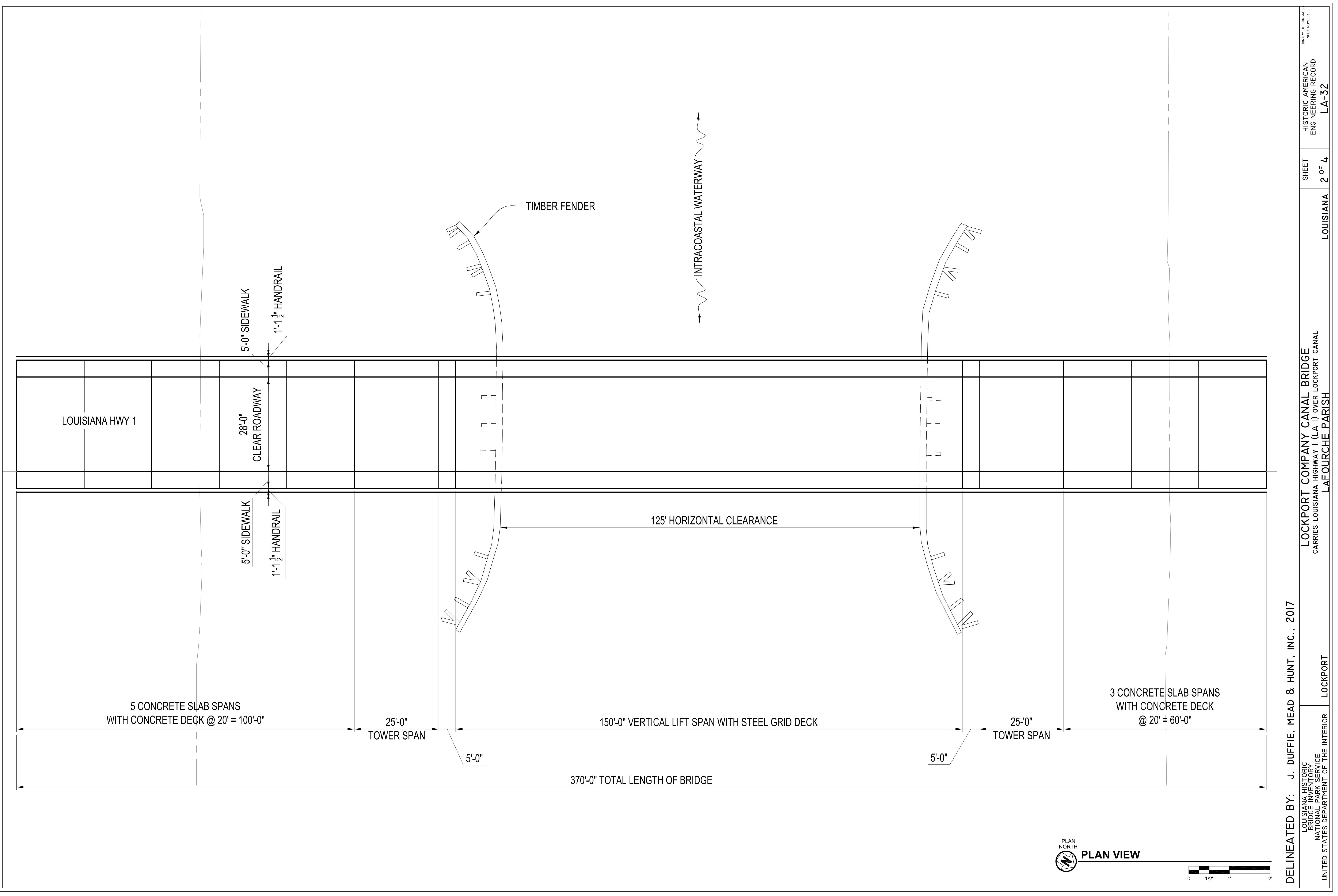
This documentation was prepared to fulfill Stipulation IX.5 of the Programmatic Agreement Among the Federal Highway Administration, the Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development, the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation, and the Louisiana State Historic Preservation Officer Regarding Management of Historic Bridges in Louisiana, dated August 18, 2015 and executed September 21, 2015. The Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development (LADOTD) retained Mead & Hunt to prepare this document. It was prepared by Timothy S. Smith, Cultural Resource Specialist, and Justin Duffie, Design Technician, of Mead & Hunt. Dietrich Floeter completed the photography.

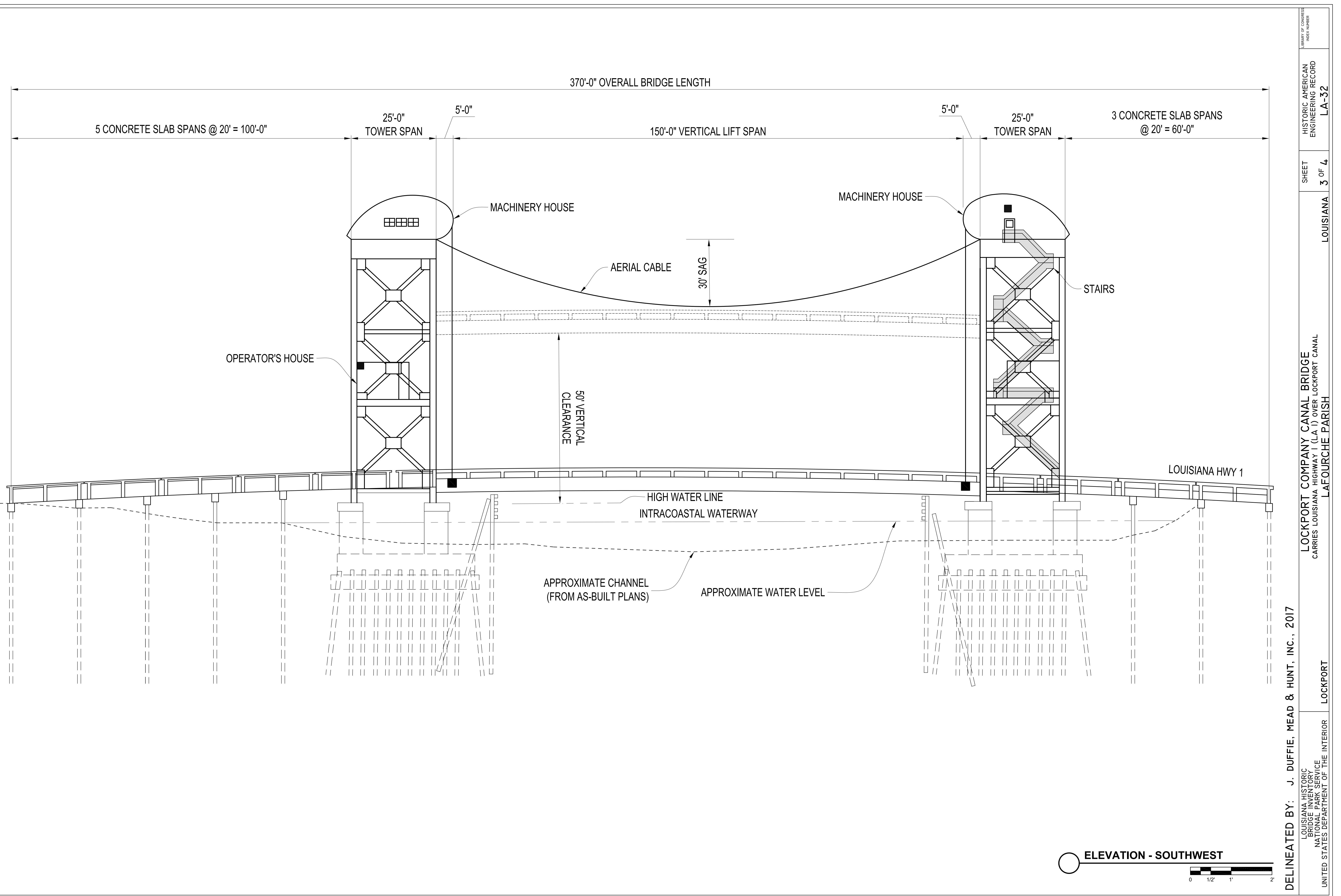
The measured drawings were prepared based on a site visit to the bridge to confirm as-built plans and perform selective hand measuring in the field to verify measurements.

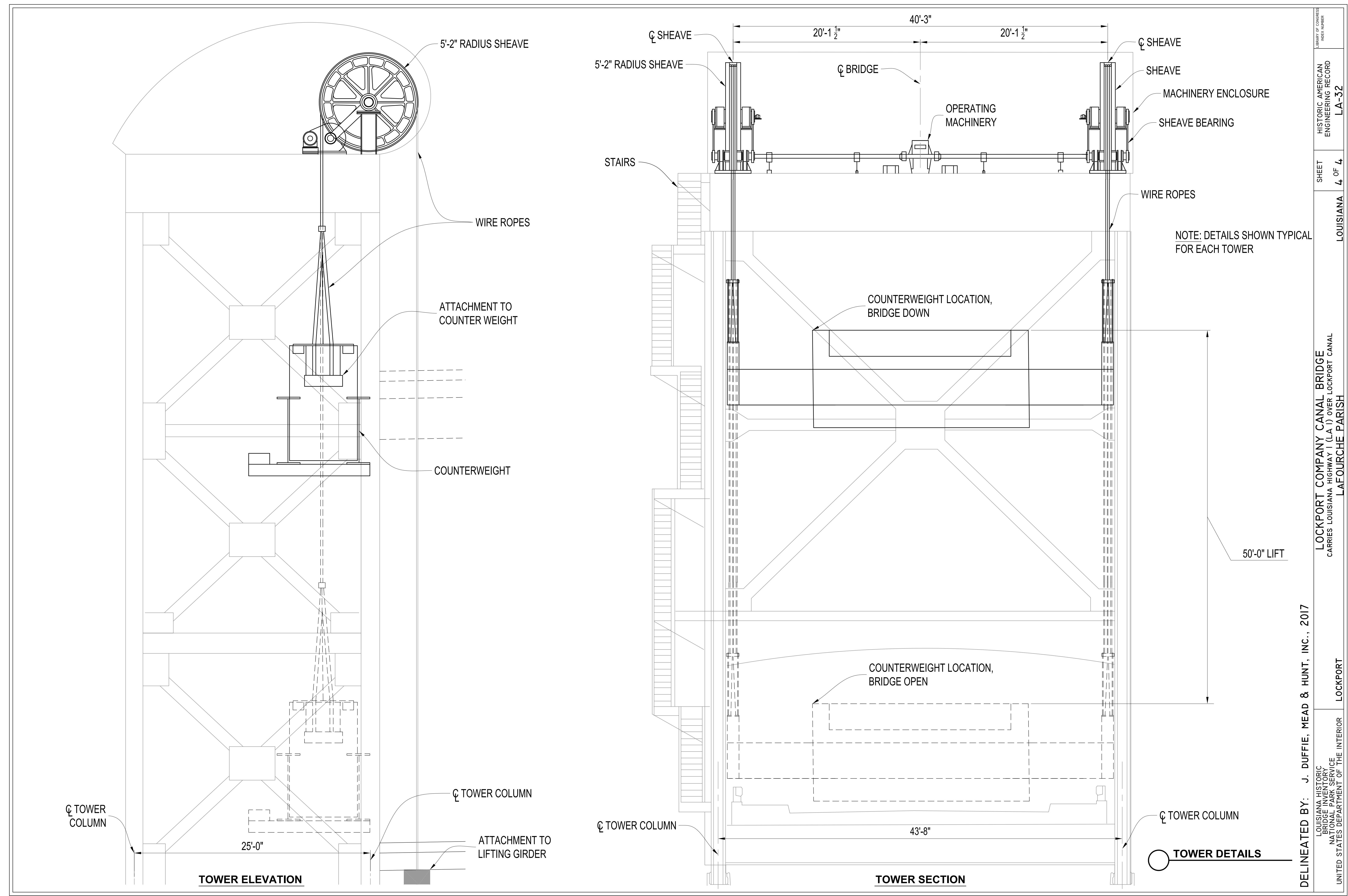


LOCATION MAP

Latitude: 29.644639 North
Longitude: -90.544389 West







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INDEX TO SHEETS

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4 15	Summary Sheets
5 17	Summary of Durapac Structures
6 19	Detail of Culverters & Barrels
7 21	Detail of Sheet Pile Plan
8 23	Detail of Piers
9 25	Detail of Piers
10 27	Detail of Roads
11 29	Detail of Vertical Lift Spans (Std. Draw. SU-HC-150-2A)
12 31	Modified Details for Aluminum Railings
13 32	Circular Approach Slab
14 33	ender System
15 34	Summary of Bridge Quantities and Camber Detail
16 35	Electrical System
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STATE OF LOUISIANA

DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS

PLANS OF PROPOSED
STATE HIGHWAY

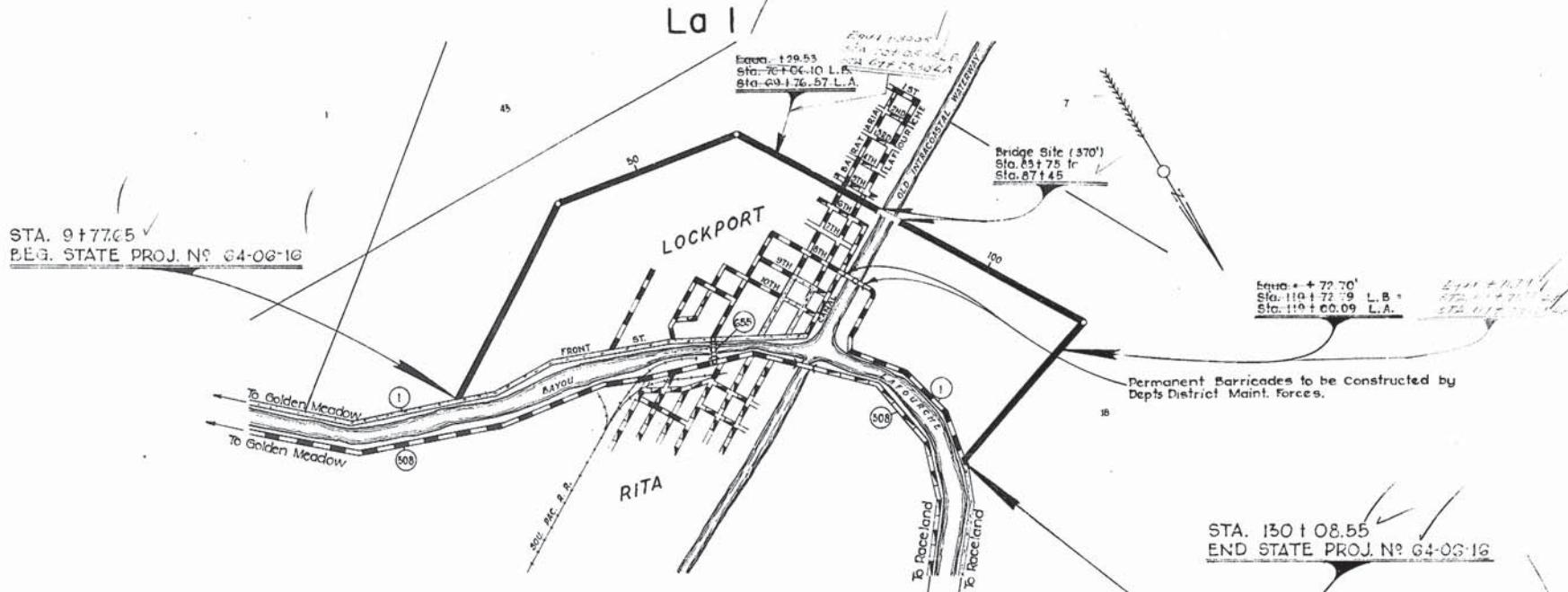
5 STATE PROJECT	PARISH	SHEET NO.
253(3)	64-06-16	Lafourche 1

S- 253(3)

STATE PROJECT NO. 64-06-16

LOCKPORT RELOCATION
LAFOURCHE PARISH

La 1



RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL

TRAFFIC & PLANNING ENGINEER

RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL

A. D. Jackson
ROAD DESIGN ENGINEER 11-T-57

RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL

H. H. Carter
BRIDGE DESIGN ENGINEER 11-T-57

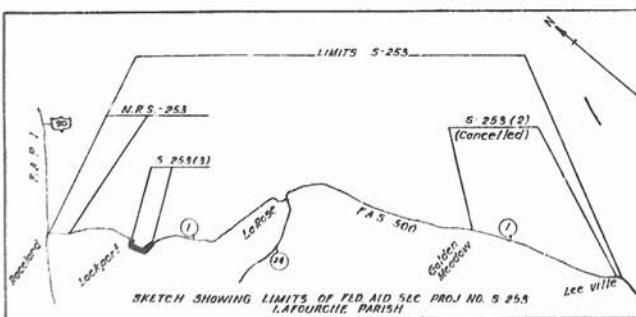
APPROVED

C. R. Williams
CHIEF ENGINEER 11-T-57

RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL DATE

DISTRICT ENGINEER
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
BUREAU OF PUBLIC ROADS

APPROVED
DATE
DIVISION ENGINEER
DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
BUREAU OF PUBLIC ROADS



TYPE OF CONSTRUCTION: Asphalt Cement Concrete Pavement

DELIVERY POINTS: Lockport, La. See D.C. and D.P. drawings.

LAYOUT MAP

SCALE 1 INCH 1000 FEET

LENGTH OF PROJECT

DESCRIPTION	ALGEBRAIC SUM OF ALL EQUATIONS	GROSS LENGTH FEET	EXCEPTION	BRIDGE LENGTH		ROADWAY LENGTH MILES
				FEET	FEET	
STA. TO STA.						
9+77.65 - 130+08.55	+102.23	12,351.15		370	0.070	1176.13 2.227
TOTAL LENGTH OF BRIDGES				370	0.070	
TOTAL LENGTH OF ROADWAY						1176.13 2.227
TOTAL MILES						2.297

AS BUILT PLANS



94

PLAN	SURVEYED PLATEAU ALTIMETRIC NO. 55-277 BY W. C. HARRIS APRIL 2, 1915.	NOTE BOOK ALTIMETRIC NO. 55-277 BY W. C. HARRIS APRIL 2, 1915.	BAL. 7.55 7.55

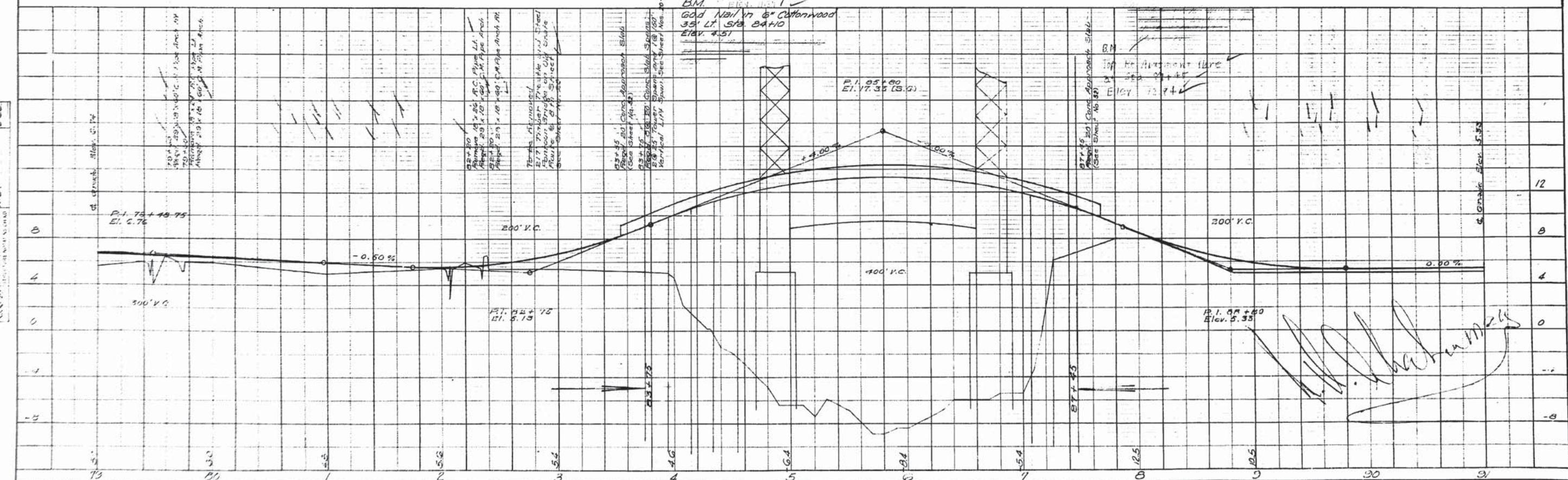


PLATE 1: PLAN PROFILE NO. 1 AND 2

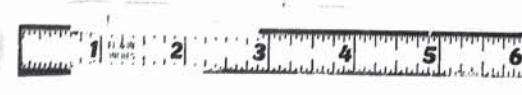
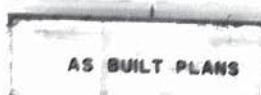
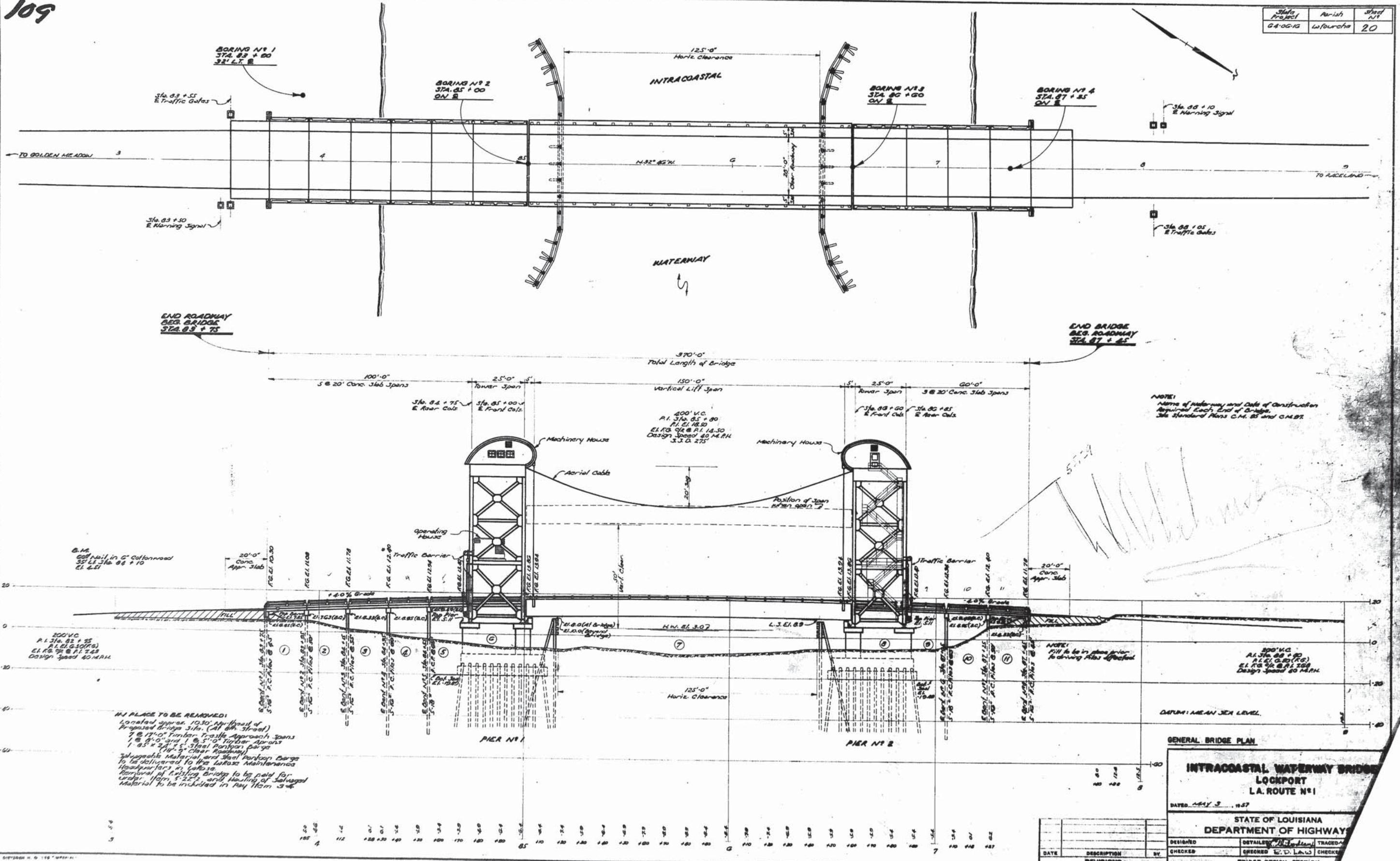


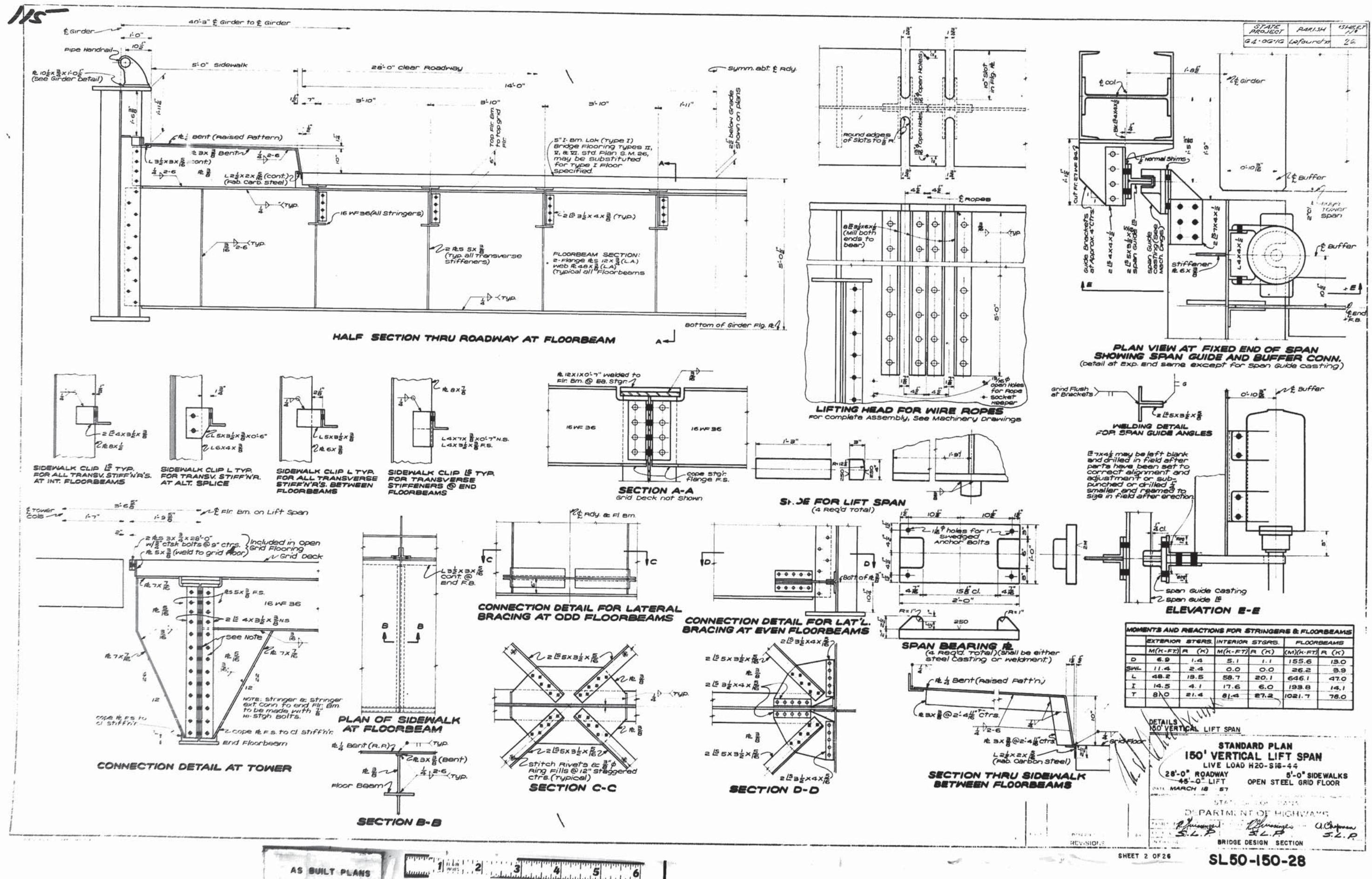
AS BUILT PLAN

NAME PROJECT	PARISH	MEET NO.
4-08-1:	LAFOURCHE	9

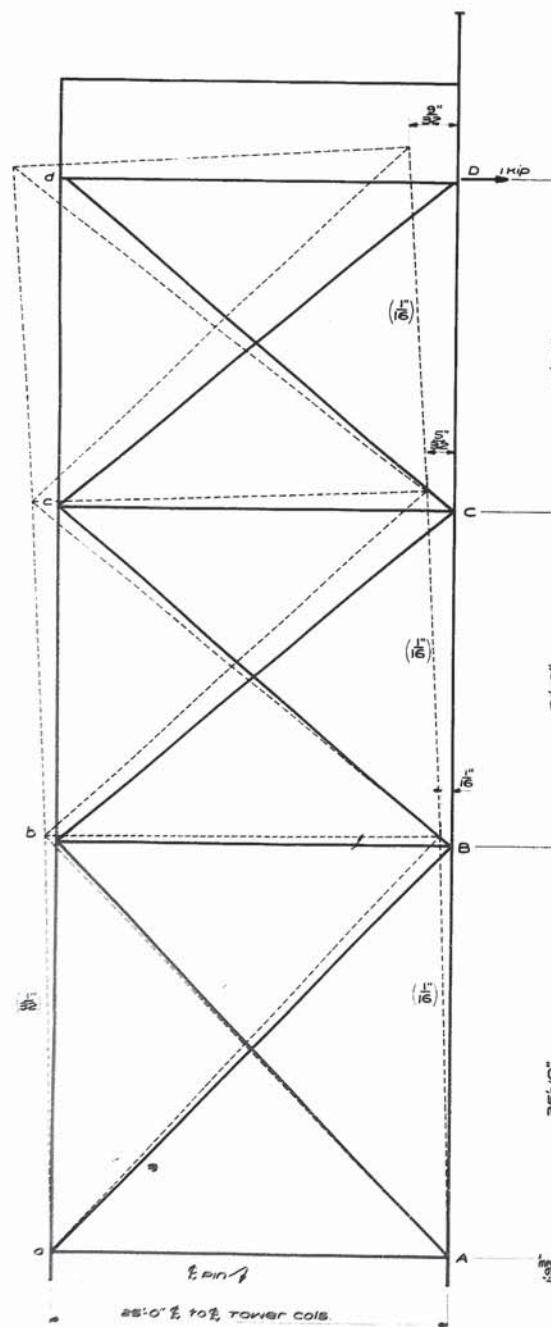
109

State Project	Parish	Street No
24-OG-1G	Wfowacha	20





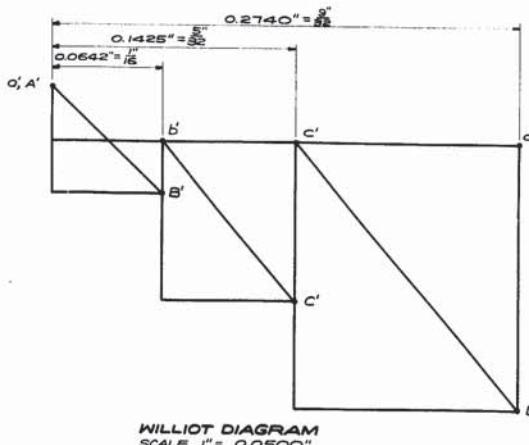
STATE PROJECT	PARISH	SHEET NO.
640GNG	Lafourche	27



TOWER CAMBER DIAGRAM

LEGEND
 — Indicates uncambered position of tower
 - - - - - Indicates cambered position of tower

MEMBER	D.L. STRESS KIPS	LENGTH INS.	AREA SQ. INS.	SL CALCULATED AE INS.	SL ACTUAL AE INS.	U"STRESS IKIP LD @ d	$\Delta H = \frac{S_{UL}}{AE} = \Delta h = +0.2746$	
DC	259.1	252	42.60	0.0516"	-0.0625	-0.8400	+0.0525	
CB	269.1	252	42.60	0.0549"	-0.0625	-1.6800	+0.1050	
BA	307.2	310	42.60	0.0771"	-0.0625	-2.7158	+0.1696	
dc	29.3	252	42.60	0.0060"	0	0.0000	0.0000	
cb	42.7	252	42.60	0.0087"	0	0.0000	+0.8400	0.0000
ba	90.0	310	42.60	0.0226"	$\frac{5}{32}$	-0.0313	+1.6800	-0.0525



GENERAL NOTES:

CONSTRUCTION SPECS: LA. DEPT. OF HIGHWAYS STD. SPECS. FOR ROADS AND BRIDGES, DATED JULY, 1955.
DESIGN SPECS: A.A.S.H.Q. STD. SPECS. FOR HIGHWAY BRIDGES, 1953, AS AMENDED TO DEC., 1955.

WELDING SPECS: STD. SPECS. FOR WELDED HIGHWAY AND RAILWAY BRIDGES, 1956, AND LA. DEPT. OF HNYS. SPECIAL PROVISIONS.

LIVE LOAD: H20-S16-44.

REINFORCING BARS SHALL BE INTERMEDIATE OR HARD GRADE A.S.T.M. A305, OR EQUAL, TENSILE STRENGTH NOT LESS THAN 60,000 LB. PER SQ. IN. ACCORDING TO A.S.T.M. A305.

DIMENSIONS TO REINFORCING STEEL ARE TO BAR CENTER. REINFORCED CONCRETE CORNERS TO BE CHAMFERED $\frac{3}{8}$ " UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED. HANDRAIL AND HANDRAIL POSTS TO BE POURED IN ONE OPERATION. HANDRAIL POSTS TO BE CONSTRUCTED NORMAL TO GRADE. CONCRETE AND REINFORCING STEEL IN H.R. ABOVE TOP OF 4" SIDEWALK CURB TO BE PAID FOR PER LIN. FT. OF CONCRETE H.R., INCLUDING BARS L₁, L₂ AND L₃ THAT PROJECT INTO SAID 4" CURB. PIPE HANDRAIL AND BRACKETS, INCLUDING ANCHOR BOLTS FOR SAME, ON TOWER SPAN, ARE TO BE PAID FOR PER LIN. FT. OF PIPE HANDRAIL. NO REDUCTION IN QUANTITY OF CLASS "A" CONCRETE WILL BE MADE FOR THE 1/8" DOWELING SURFACE FINISHES, WHERE INDICATED, SHALL CONFORM TO THE AMERICAN STANDARD FOR SURFACE ROUGHNESS, WAVINESS AND LAY, PART I.A.S.A. B46.1-1947. SHOP CONNECTIONS, E.G. RIVETS, OPEN HOLES, ETC., UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED. ALL RIVETS SHALL CONFORM TO A.S.T.M. A16. THE CONTRACTOR MAY SUBSTITUTE HIGH STRENGTH BOLTS FOR RIVETS FOR ALL FIELD CONNECTIONS. WELDED PLATE GIRDERS ARE TO BE CAMBERED FOR DEAD LOAD AND VERTICAL CURVATURE AS SHOWN ON PLANS. PLATES, GIRDERS AND STRINGERS NEED NOT BE CAMBERED BUT ARE TO BE FABRICATED WITH COMPLEX FLANGE UP. MATERIAL MARKED "L.A." SHALL BE STRUCTURAL LOW ALLOY STEEL, GRADE M, DESIGNATION A242. THE CONTRACTOR'S ATTENTION IS CALLED TO THE ALTERNATE SPECIFICATIONS, NOTE THEREON, FOR THE WELDED GIRDERS OF THE VERTICAL LIFT SPAN. TOWERS SHALL BE CAMBERED SO THAT FRONT LEGS WILL BE VERTICAL UNDER DEAD LOAD.

TOWER COLUMNS AND LONGITUDINAL BRACING SHALL BE SHOP ASSEMBLED, AND THE HOLES IN THE FIELD CONNECTIONS OF THE LONGITUDINAL BRACING MEMBERS AND COLUMN SPLICES SHALL BE REAMED AT ASSEMBLY. SHOP ASSEMBLY WILL NOT BE REQUIRED FOR THE TRANSVERSE BRACING, AND THE HOLES FOR THE FIELD CONNECTIONS OF THE TRANSVERSE BRACING MAY BE PUNCHED OR DRILLED FULL SIZE.

TOPOGRAPHIC DRAWINGS BY: [Signature]

DESIGNED BY: [Signature]

STRUCTURAL ENGINEER: [Signature]

CONTRACTOR: [Signature]

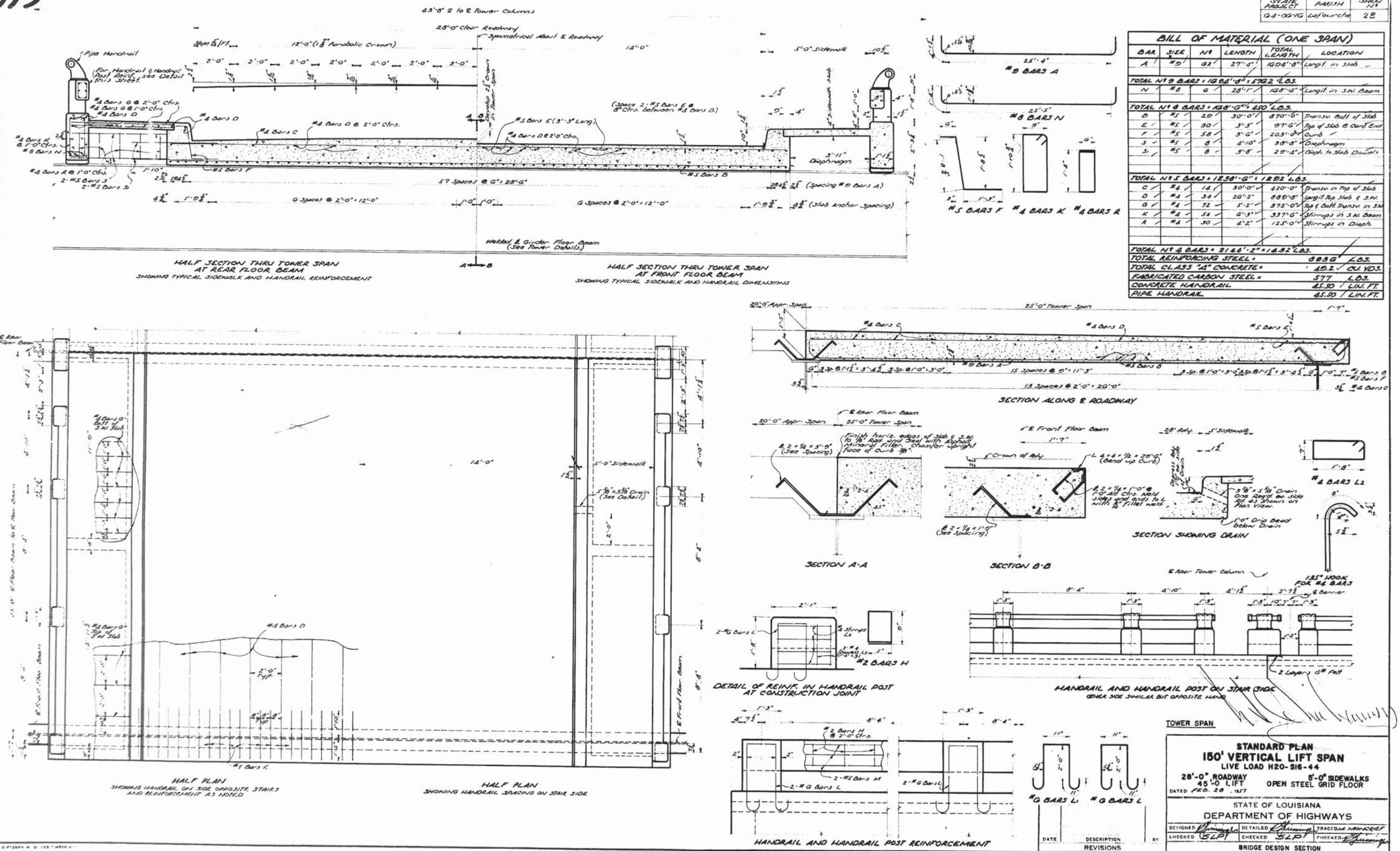
INSPECTOR: [Signature]

DATE: [Signature]

REVISIONS: [Signature]

112

STATE PROJECT PARISH SHEET
GA-051G Lafourche 28



AS BUILT PLANS

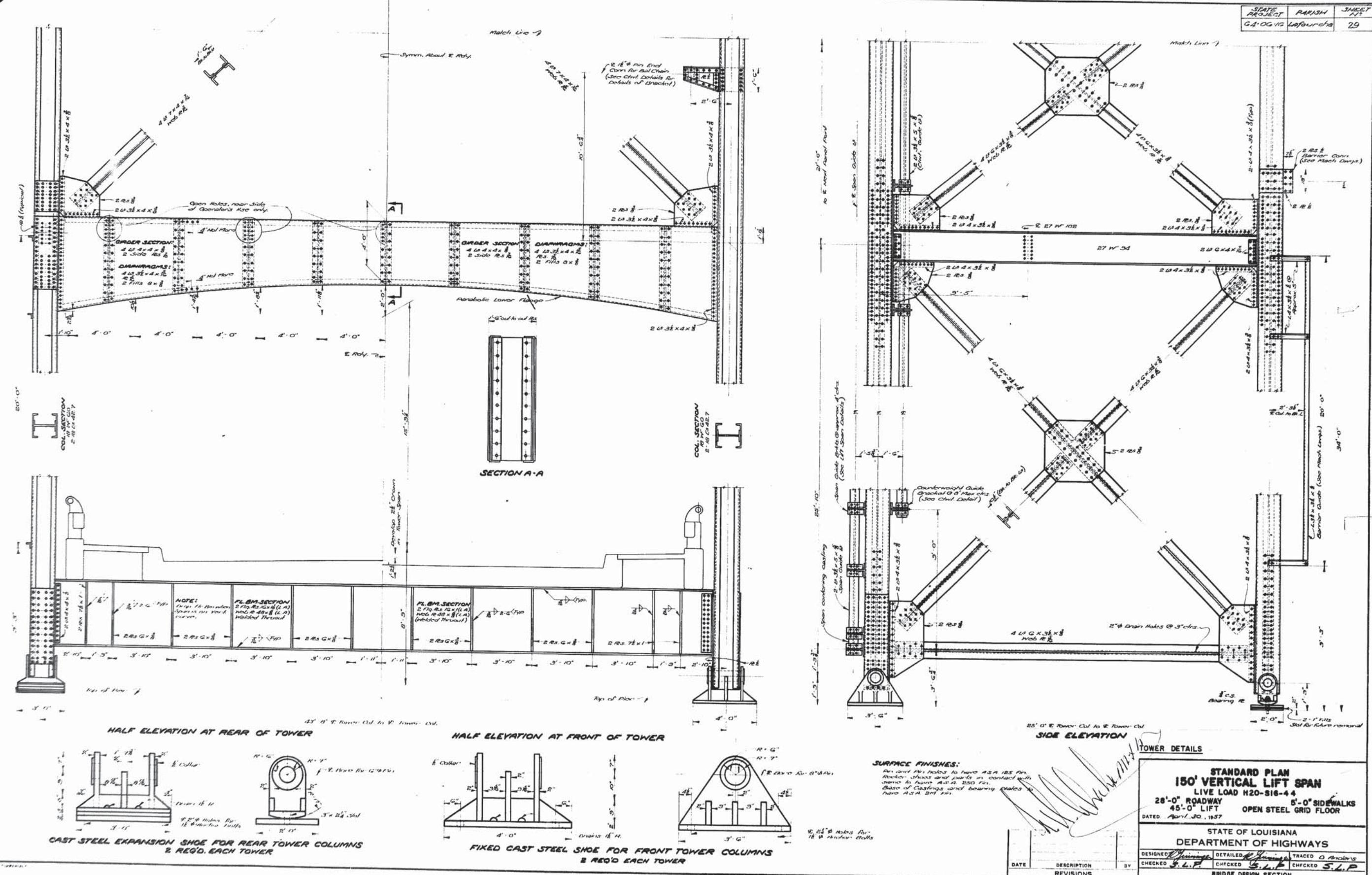
1 2 3 4 5 6

SHEET 4 OF 26

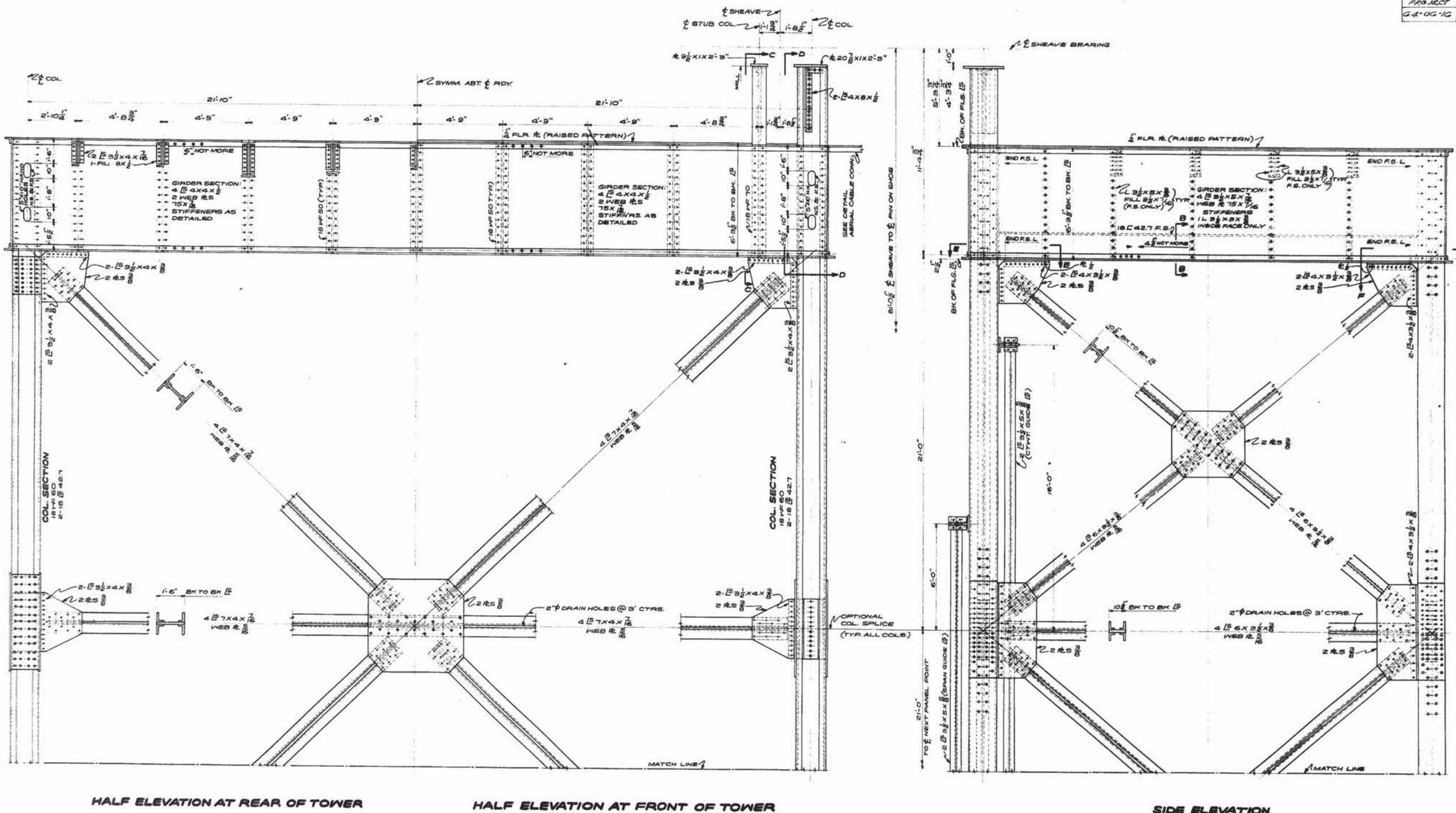
SL50-150-28

118

STATE PROJECT	PARISH	SHEET NO.
GA-OG-1G	LaFourche	29



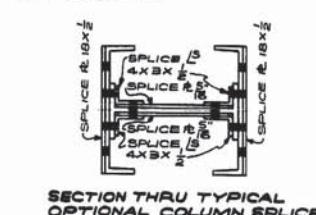
STATE PROJECT PARISH SHEET
GA-OG-IG Lafourche 30



HALF ELEVATION AT REAR OF TOWER

HALF ELEVATION AT FRONT OF TOWER

SIDE ELEVATION



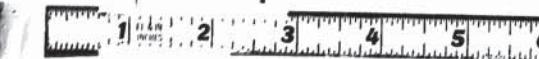
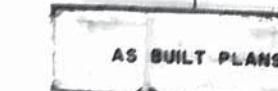
NOTE: SEE SHEET N° 7 OF 26
FOR SECTION B-B, C-C, D-D, E-E AND F-F

TOWER DETAILS

STANDARD PLAN 150' VERTICAL LIFT SPAN	
LIVE LOAD H20-S16-44	
28'-0" ROADWAY	5'-0" SIDEWALKS
45'-0" LIFT	OPEN STEEL GRID FLOOR
APRIL 23 1957	
STATE OF LOUISIANA	
DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS	
<i>[Signatures]</i>	
BRIDGE DESIGN SECTION	

SHEET 6 OF 26

SL50-150-28

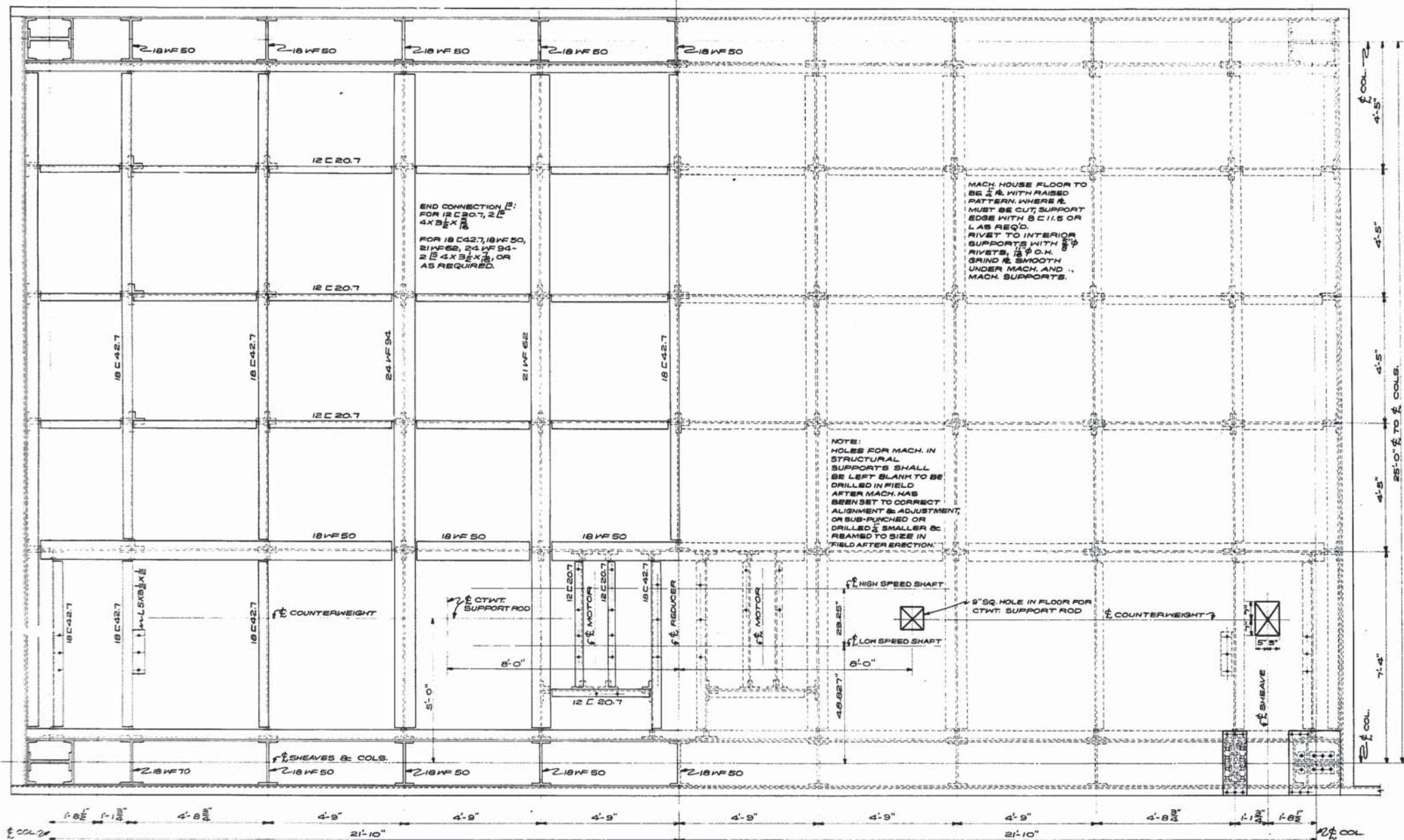


120

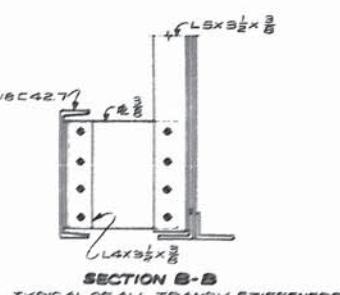
COL. —

STRUCTURAL FRAMING
SYMMETRICAL ABT. & RD

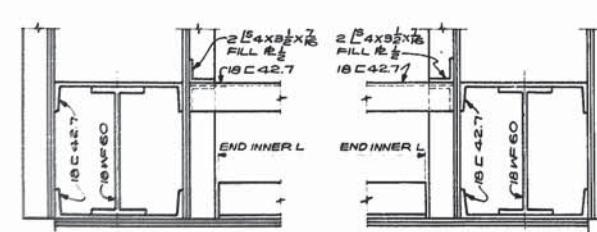
STATE PROJECT	PARISH	SHEET N°
G 1 - OG 1G	Lafourche	31



**HALF PLAN OF TOWER AT FLOOR LEVEL
(FLOOR IS REMOVED)**

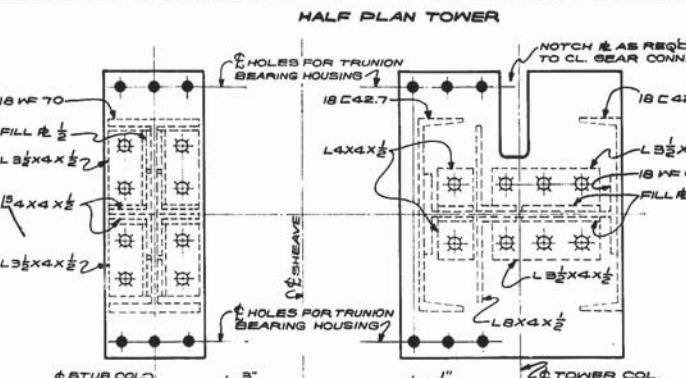


SECTION B-B
TYPICAL OF ALL TRANSV STIFFENERS

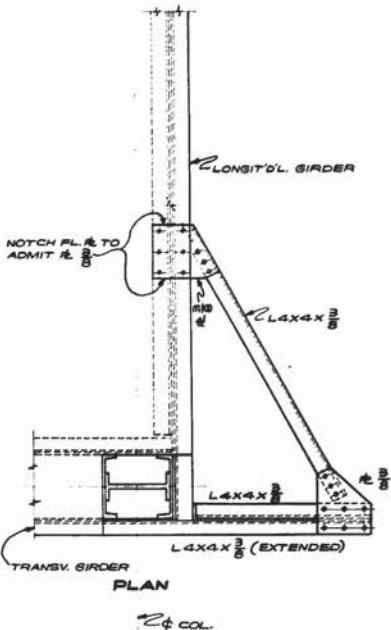


SECTION E

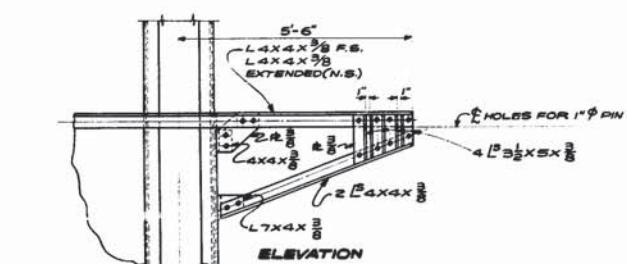
SECTION F



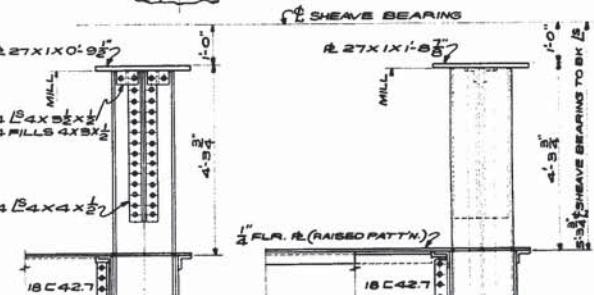
PLAN VIEW AT TOP OF STUB AND TOWER COLUMNS



**DETAILS AERIAL
CABLE BRACKET
(4 REQ'D.)**



**DETAILS AERIAL
CABLE BRACKET
(4 REQ'D.)**



The figure contains two technical drawings of bridge sections. The left drawing, labeled 'SECTION C-C', shows a vertical column with a horizontal top flange. A dimension line indicates a height of 18' 0" from the base to the top of the flange. The right drawing, labeled 'SECTION D-D', shows a similar vertical column with a horizontal top flange. A dimension line indicates a height of 18' 4.27" from the base to the top of the flange. Both drawings include labels for 'LONG T'D'L. GIRDER' pointing to the top flange.

TOWER DETAILS

**STANDARD PLAN
150' VERTICAL LIFT SPAN
LIVE LOAD H20-SIG-44**

**28'-0" ROADWAY 5'-0" SIDEWALKS
45'-0" LIFT OPEN STEEL GRID FLOOR**

DATED APRIL 29, 1957

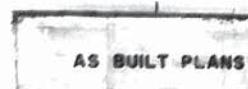
**STATE OF LOUISIANA
DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS**

[Handwritten signatures and initials over stamp]

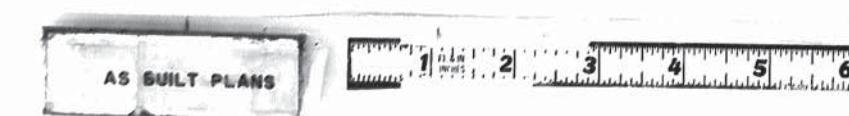
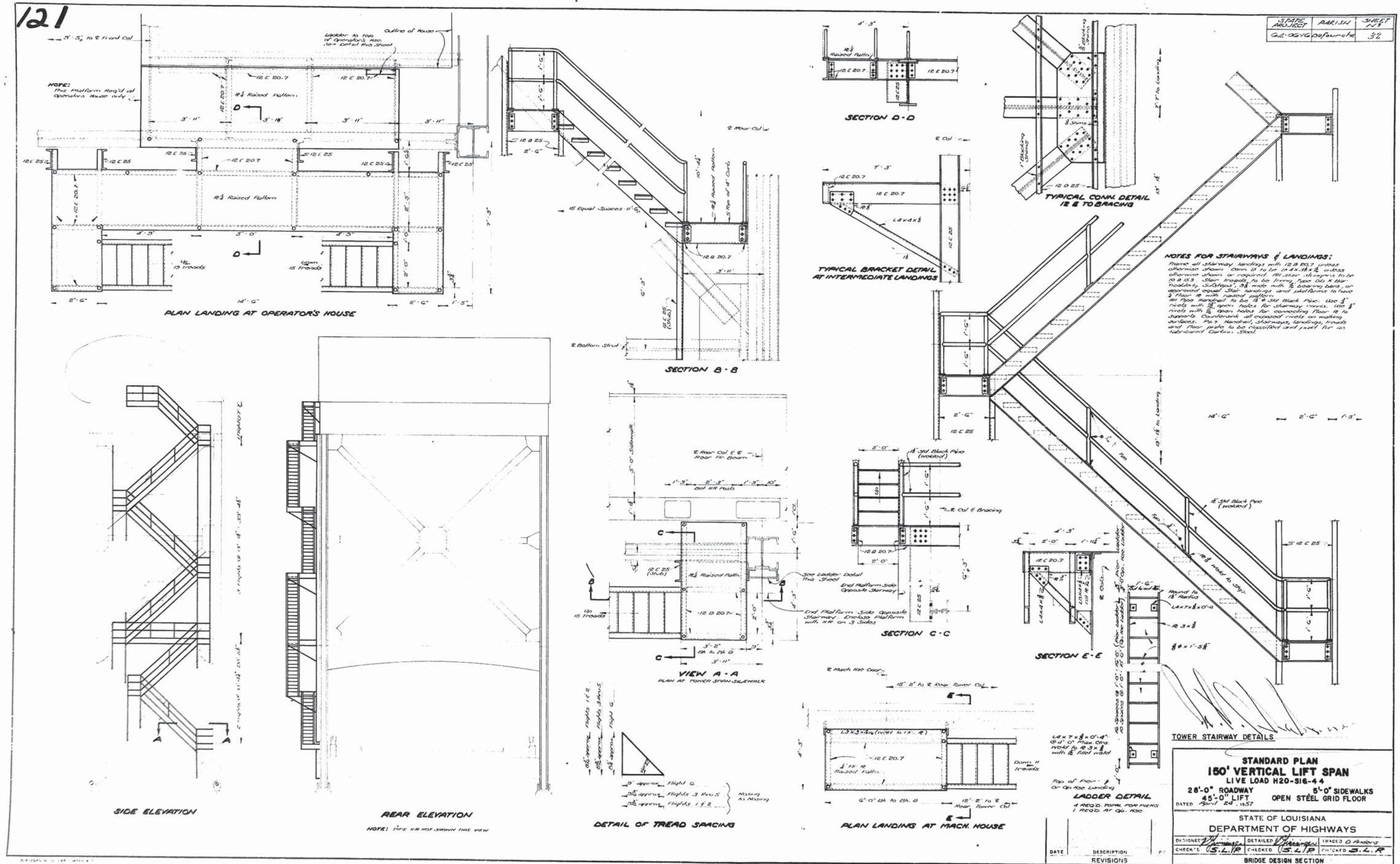
BRIDGE DESIGN SECTION

SHEET 7 OF 26

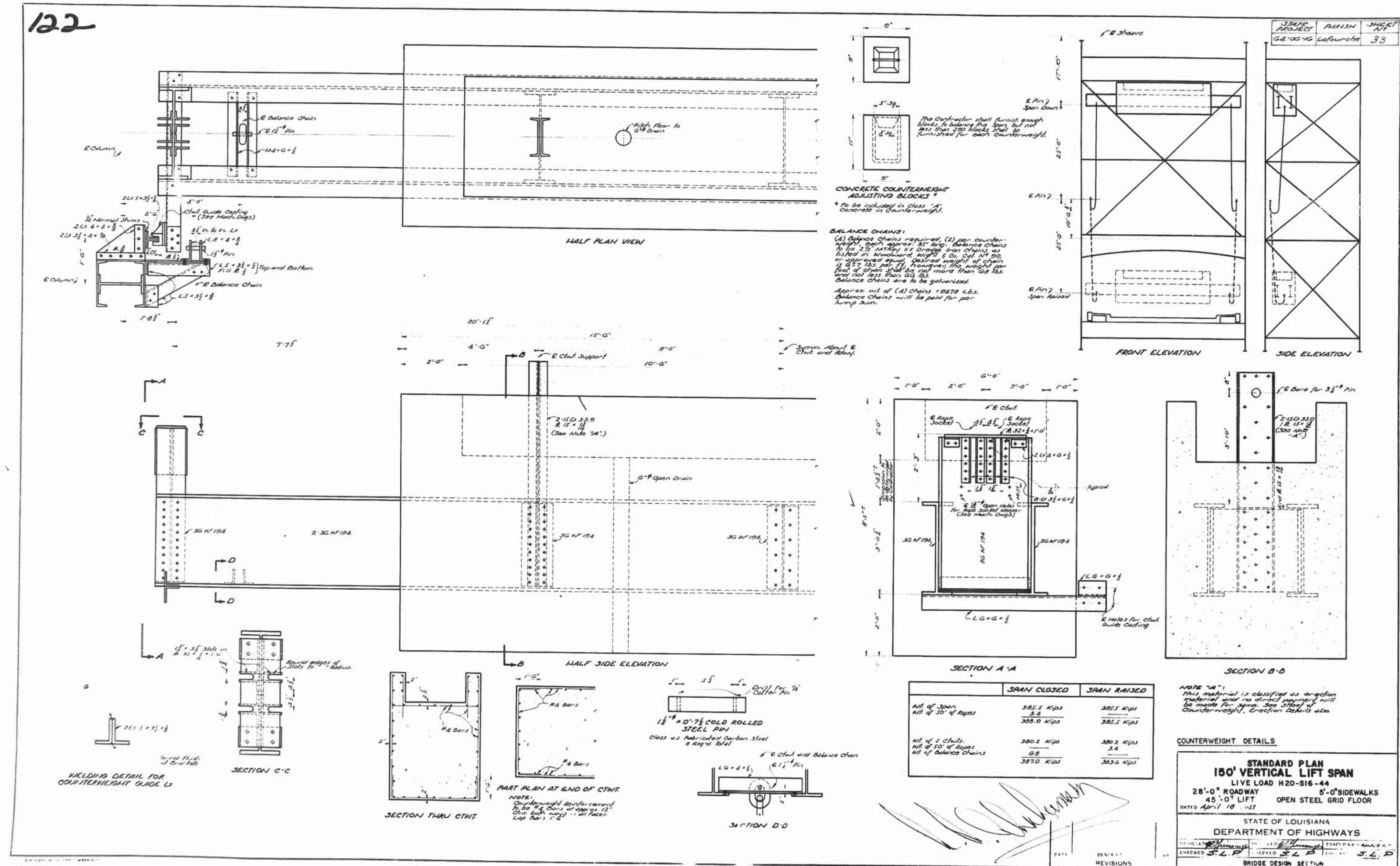
SL50-150-28



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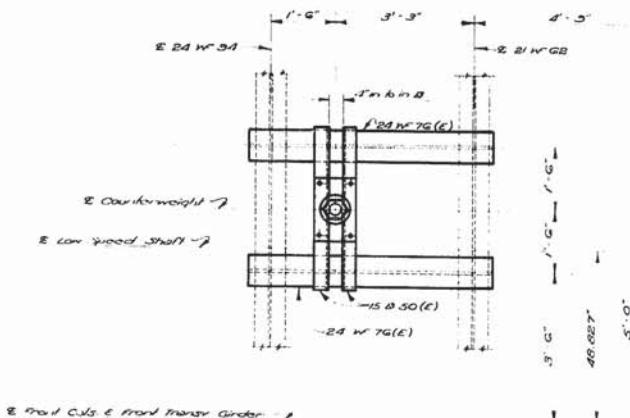


122

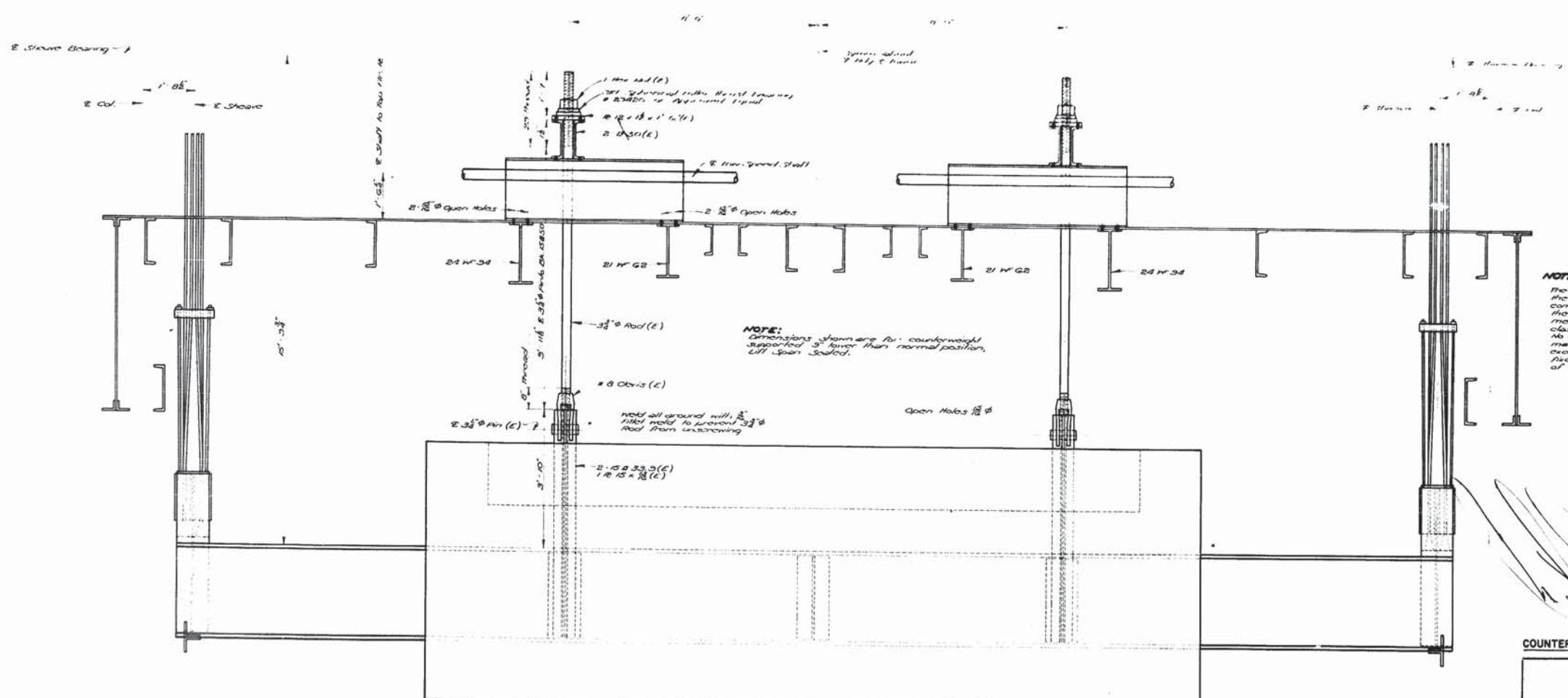


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STATE PROJECT	PARISH	SHEET N°
GA-03-10	Lafourche	34



**PLAN VIEW AT
SUPPORTING DEVICE**



SUGGESTED METHOD OF SUPPORTING
COUNTERWEIGHT DURING ERECTION

		STATE OF LOUISIANA DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS		
DATE	DESCRIPTION	DESIGNED <i>Yessinage</i>	DETAILED <i>Yessinage</i>	TRACED <i>D. Anderson</i>
	REVISIONS	BY <i>S. L. P.</i>	CHECKED <i>S. L. P.</i>	CHECATED <i>Yessinage</i>
BRIDGE DESIGN SECTION				

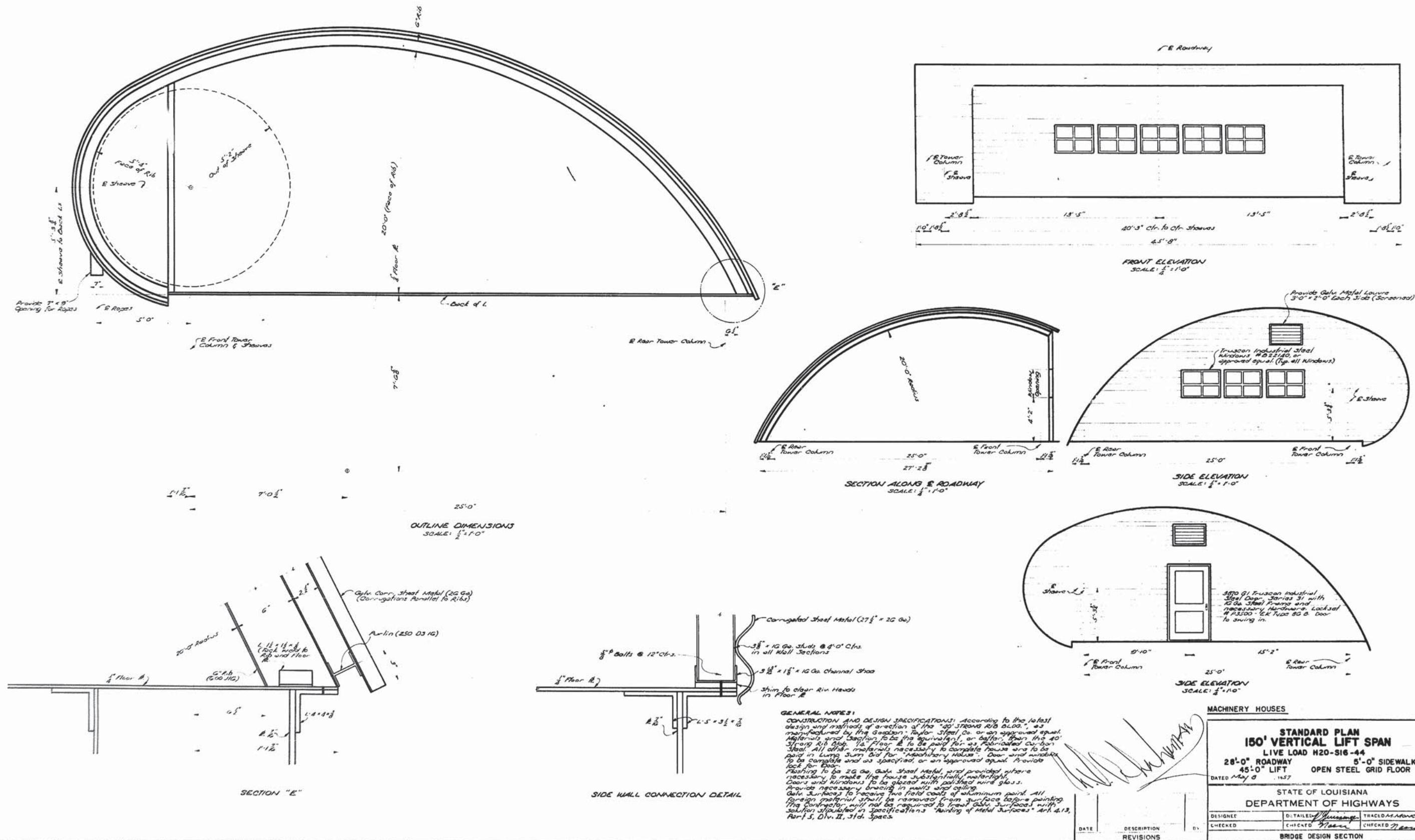
SHEET 10 OF 26

SL50-150-28



124

STATE PROJECT	PARISH	SHEET NO.
GA-OG-1G	Lafourche	35

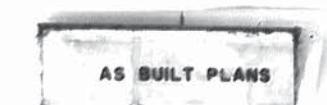
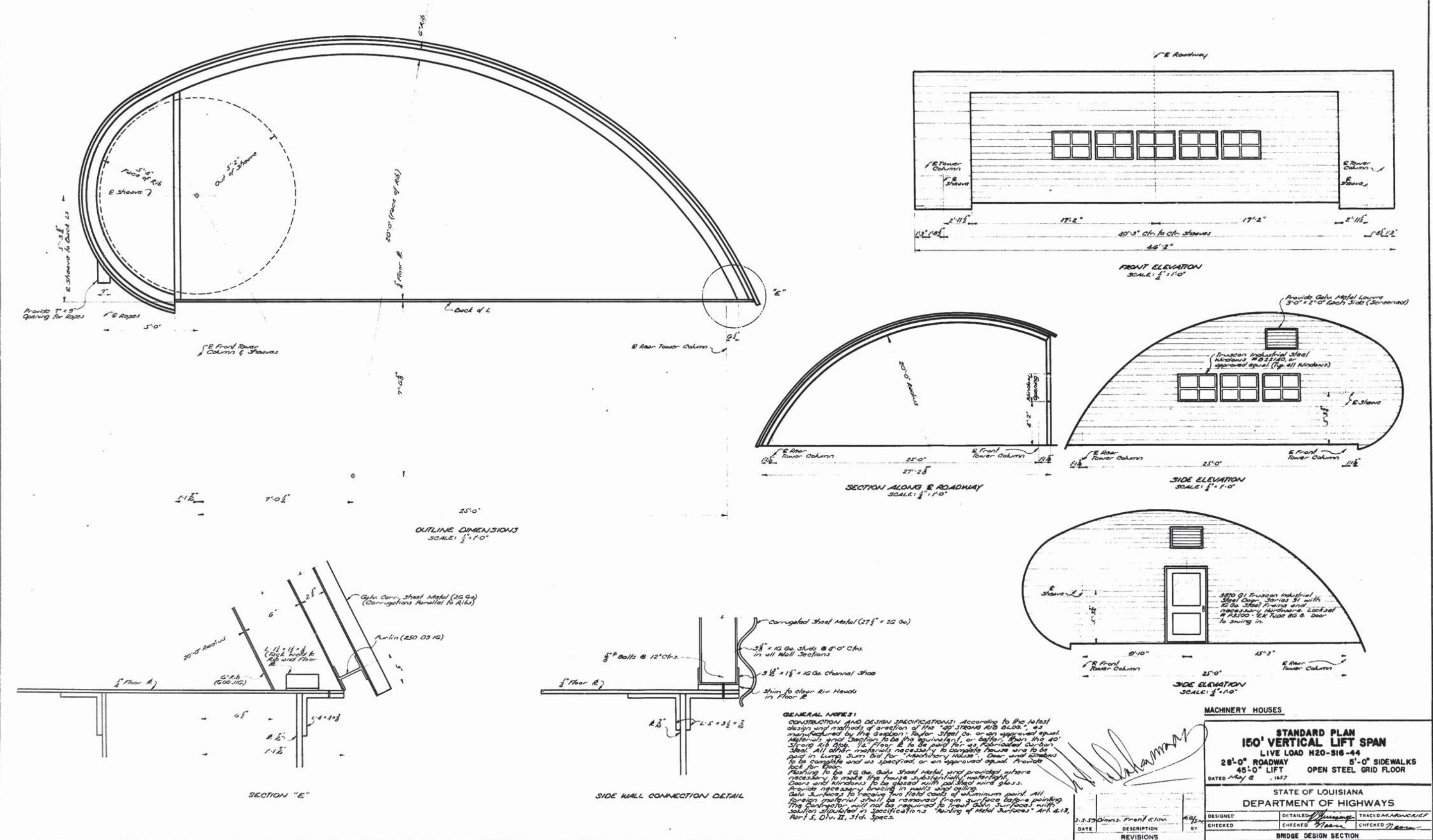


SHEET 11 OF 26

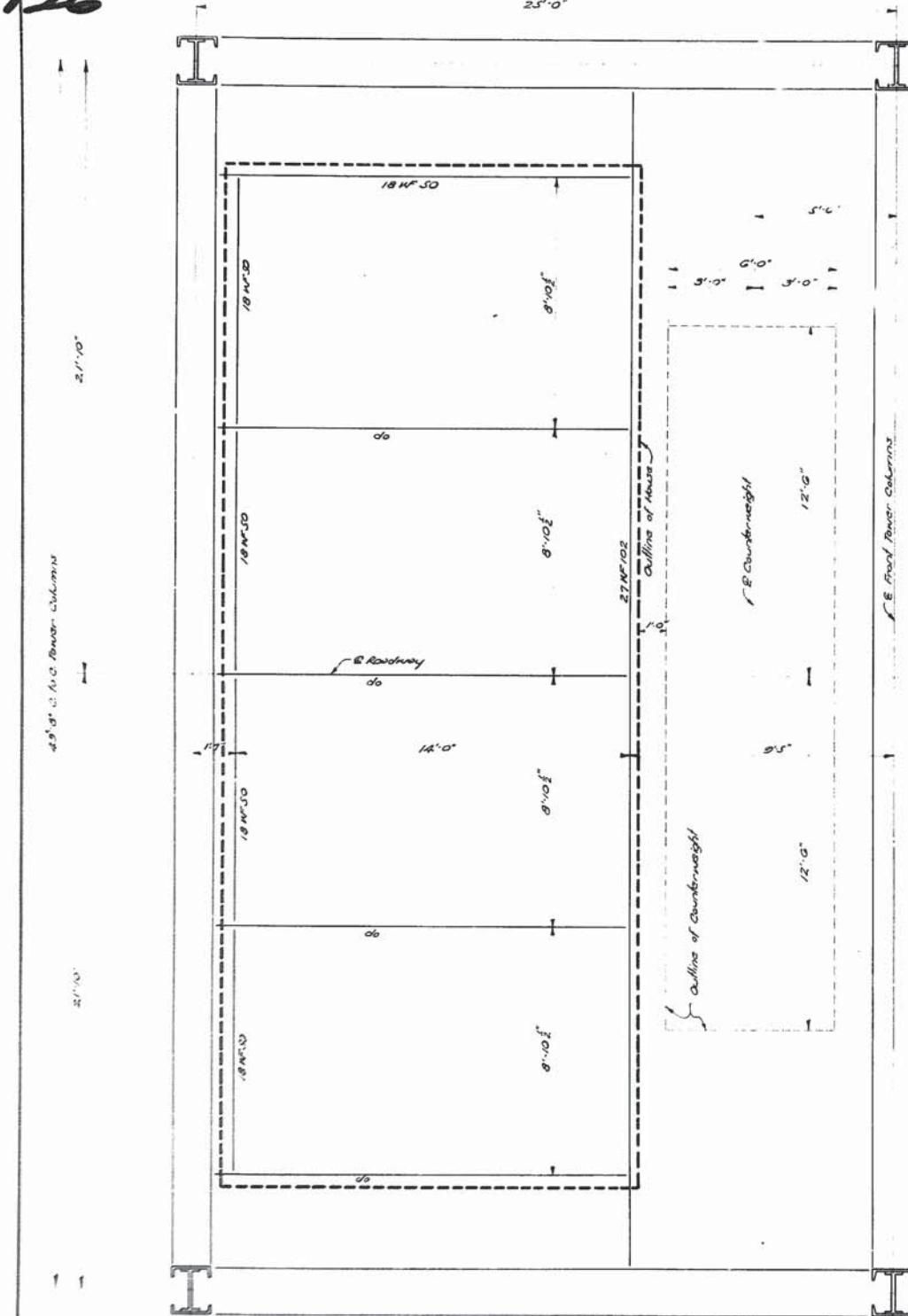
SL50-150-28

125

STATE PROJECT	PARISH	SHOOT
GA-OG-1G	Lafourche	35



STATE PROJECT	PARISH	SECTION
GA-OG-1G	Lafourche	3G

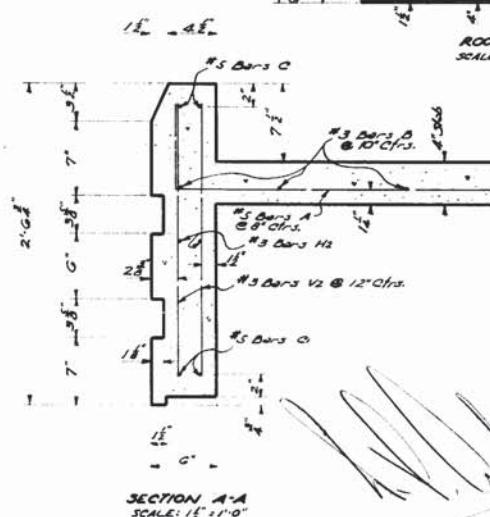
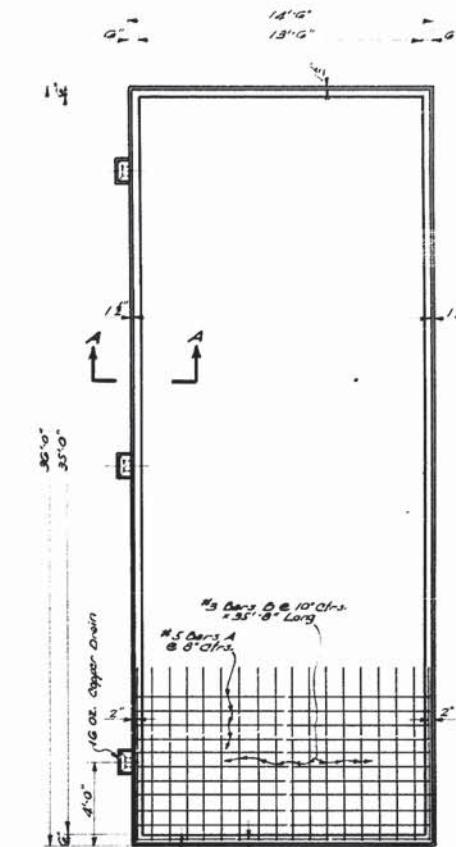
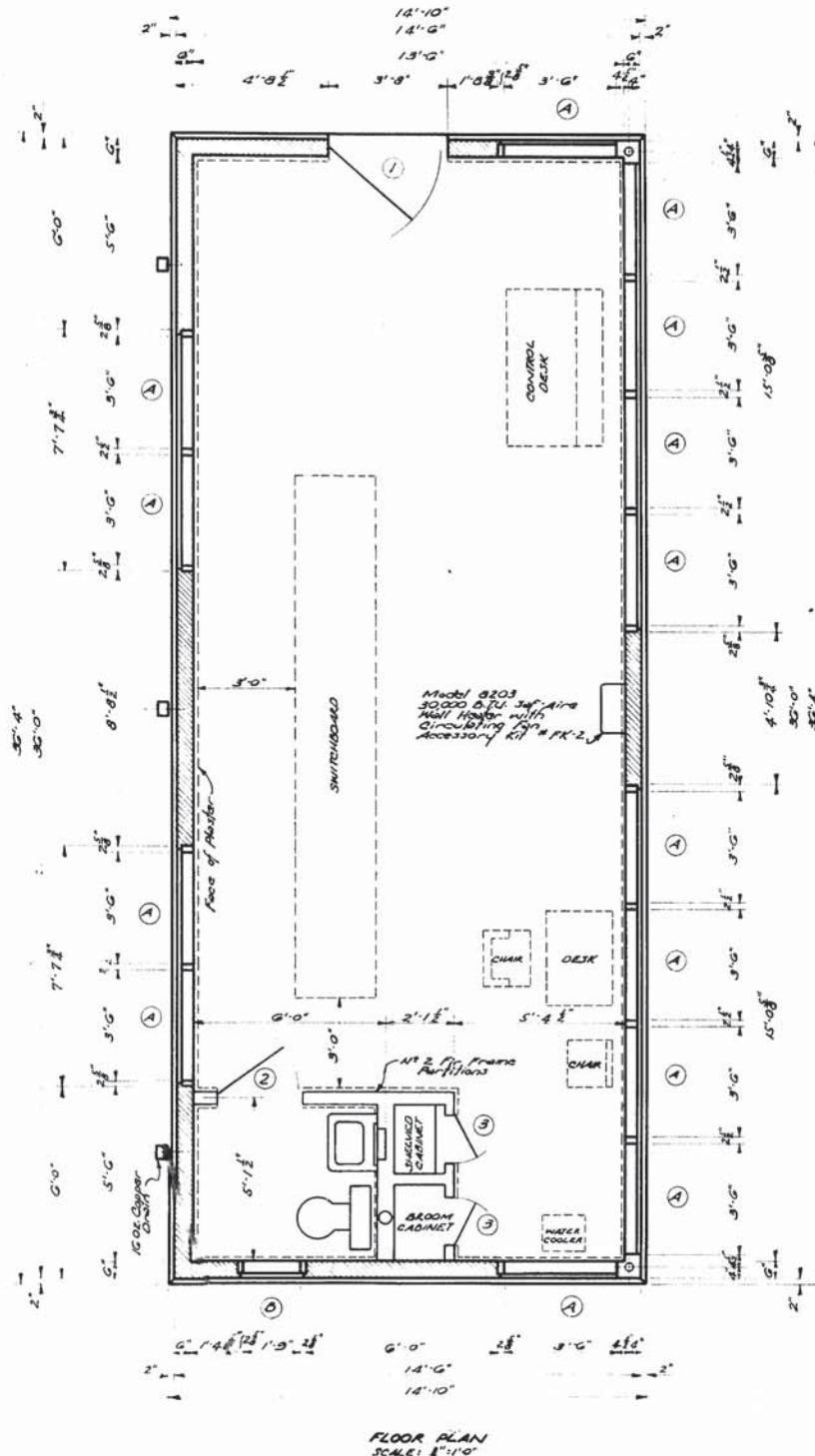


DOOR AND WINDOW SCHEDULE				
MARK	SIZE	TYPE	STYLE	REMARKS
1	3'4" x 7'0" x 18"	Sidelight	18" Glass	Aluminum Frame
2	2'6" x 6'8" x 18"	Flush	Steel	Steel Metal Frame
3	1'6" x 6'8" x 18"	Flush	Steel	Steel Metal Frame
4	3'6" x 6'8"	Sidelight	18" Glass	Aluminum Frame G85-T5
5	1'9" x 2'2"	Sliding	18" Glass	Aluminum Frame G85-T5

ITEM	WALLS		CEILING	FLOOR	BASE	TRIM	ROOF	MAINSCOT
	OUTSIDE	INSIDE						
House	Rubbed	Tiles & Plaster	Plaster	Tiles	Tiles	Metal	For garage. 18" above floor	
Toilet	-	Tiles & Plaster	Plaster	Tiles	Tiles	Metal	-	No Mainscot
Cabinets	Plaster	8" Plywood	Plaster	Tiles	-	Metal	-	

FINISH SCHEDULE

NOTE:
All aluminum surfaces to be placed in contact with, or adjacent to, steel surfaces shall be thoroughly coated with approved aluminum primer and dried before contact. All aluminum surfaces to be placed in contact with concrete shall be given a heavy coat of an approved alkali-resistant bituminous paint, or a coat of zinc chromate paint and allowed to dry before placing on the concrete.



OPERATING HOUSE

STANDARD PLAN 150' VERTICAL LIFT SPAN		
LIVE LOAD H20-316-44	28'-0" ROADWAY	5'-0" SIDEWALKS
45'-0" LIFT		OPEN STEEL GRID FLOOR
LATED May 13 1957		
STATE OF LOUISIANA		
DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS		
1. DRAWN BY	DETILED BY	TRACED BY CONCRETE
2. CHECKED BY	2. CHECKED BY	3. CHECKED BY
3. APPROVED BY		

BRIDGE DESIGN SECTION

SHEET 12 OF 26

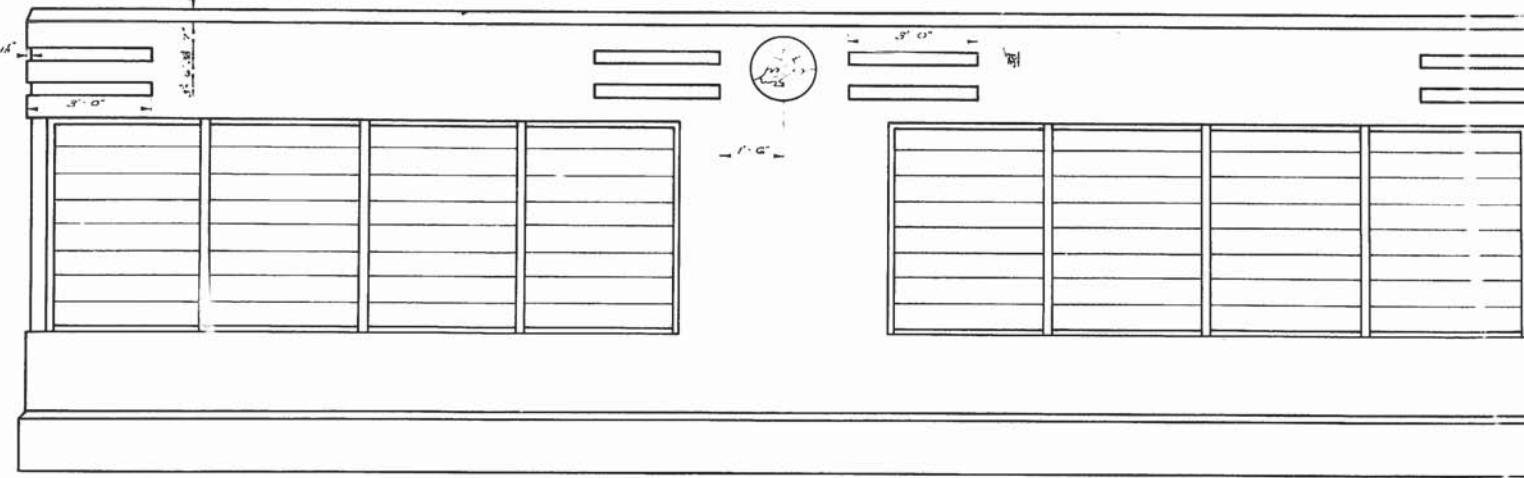
SL50-150-28

AS BUILT PLANS

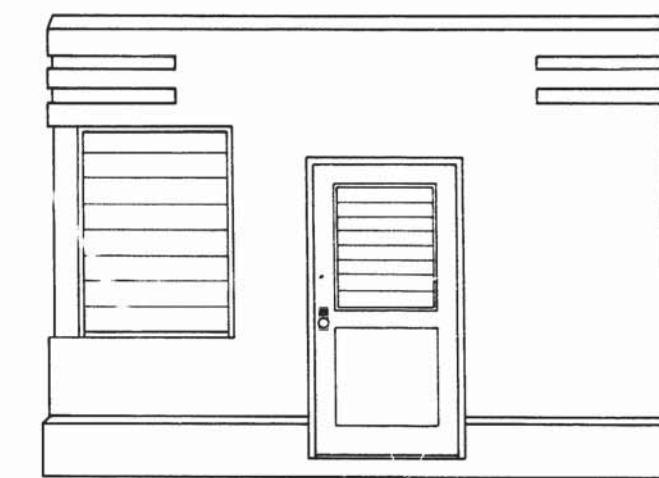
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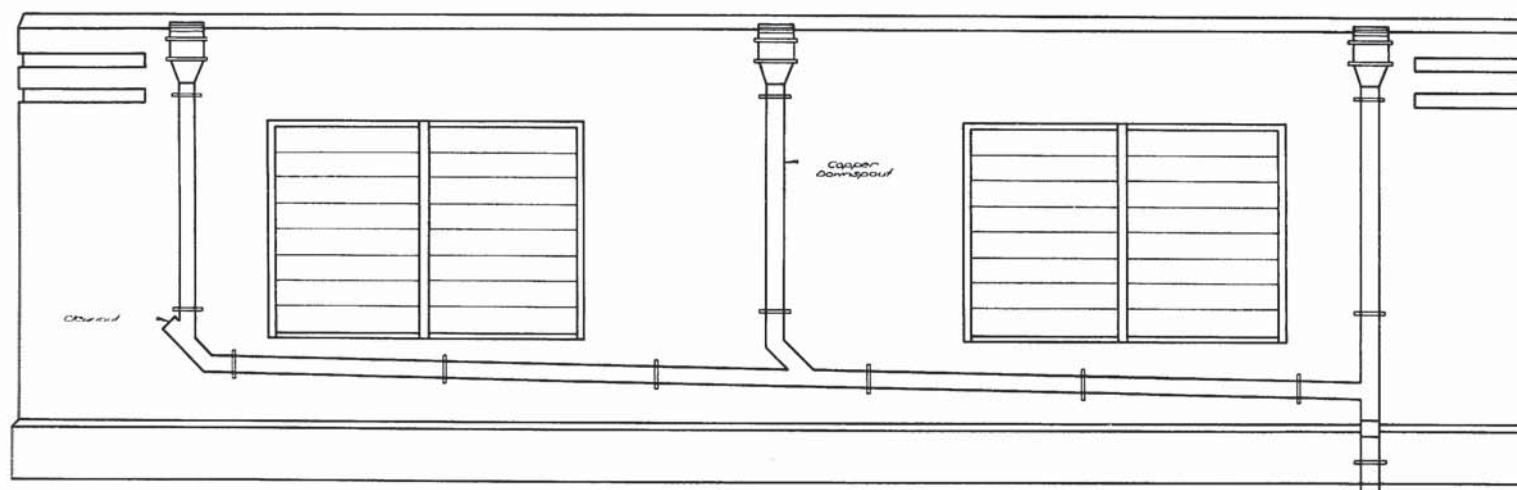
STATIC PROJECT PARISH SHEET
SL-50-150 Lufkin 37



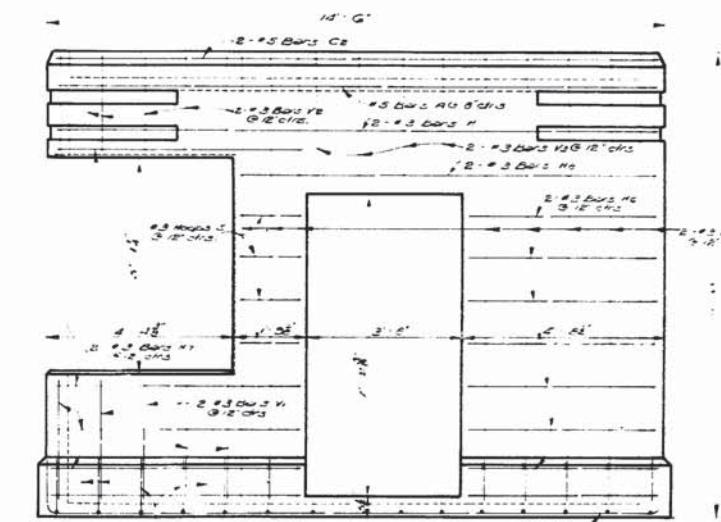
FRONT ELEVATION
SCALE: 1/8" = 1'-0"



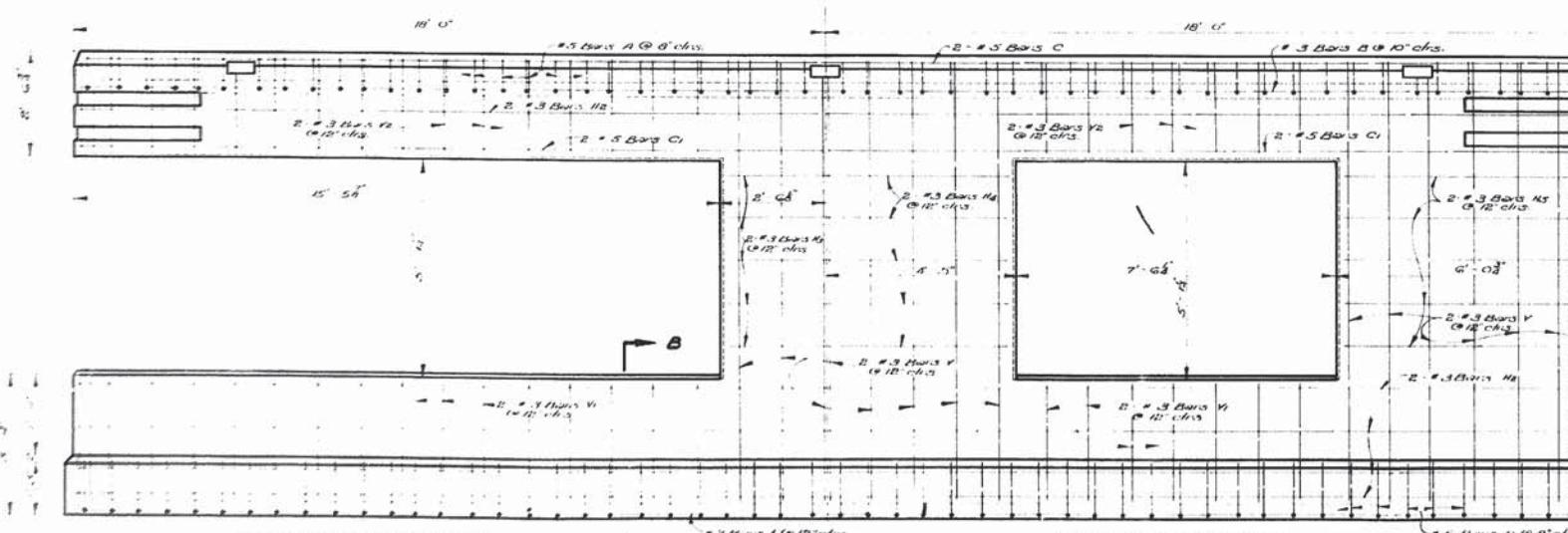
SIDE ELEVATION
SCALE: 1/8" = 1'-0"



REAR ELEVATION
SCALE: 1/8" = 1'-0"

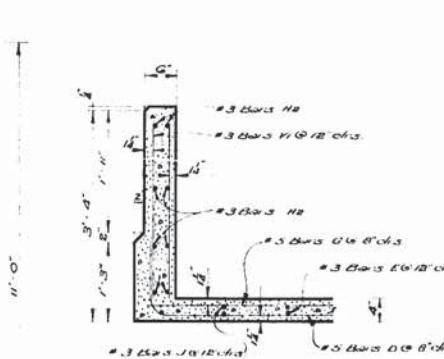


SIDE ELEVATION
SCALE: 1/8" = 1'-0"

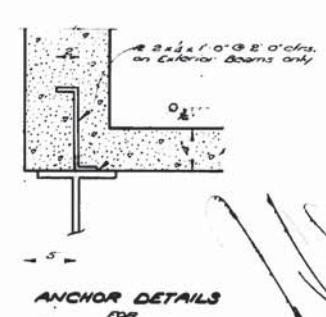


HALF FRONT ELEVATION
SHEET NO. 1 OF 2
SCALE: 1/8" = 1'-0"

HALF REAR ELEVATION
SHOWING REINFORCING
SCALE: 1/8" = 1'-0"



SECTION B-B
SCALE: 1/8" = 1'-0"



ANCHOR DETAILS
FOR EXTERIOR BEAMS

OPERATING HOUSE

STANDARD PLAN
150' VERTICAL LIFT SPAN
LIVE LOAD H20-316-44
28'-0" ROADWAY 5'-0" SIDEWALKS
45'-0" LIFT OPEN STEEL GRID FLOOR
DATED May 13, 1957

STATE OF LOUISIANA

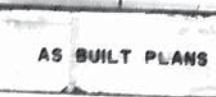
DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS

DESIGNED	DETAILED	TRACED
M. G.	M. G.	D. M. R.
DATE	DESCRIPTION	REVISED
CHECKED	R. D. L.	K. L. L.

BRIDGE DESIGN SECTION

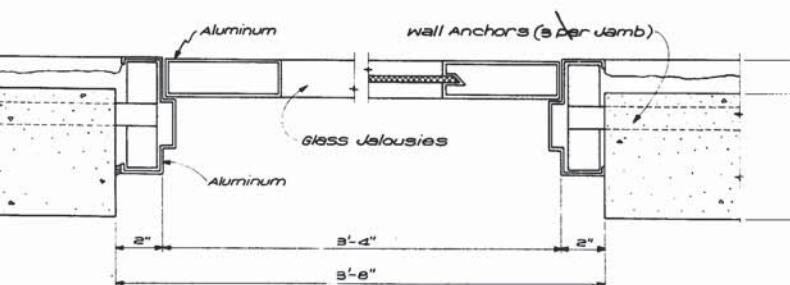
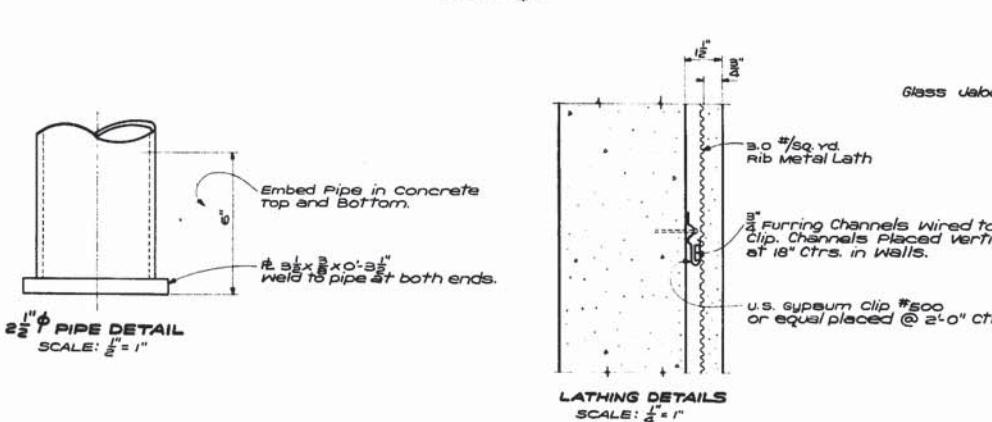
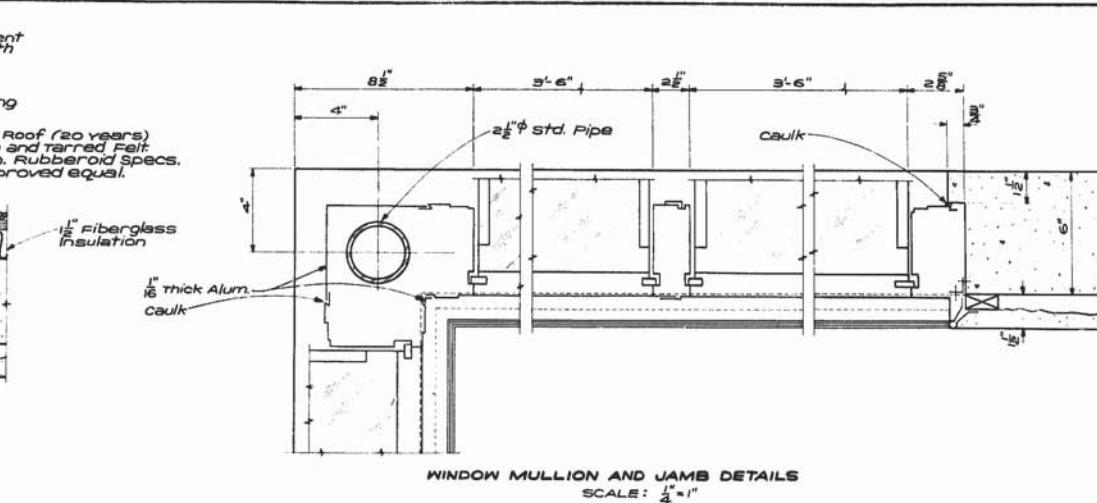
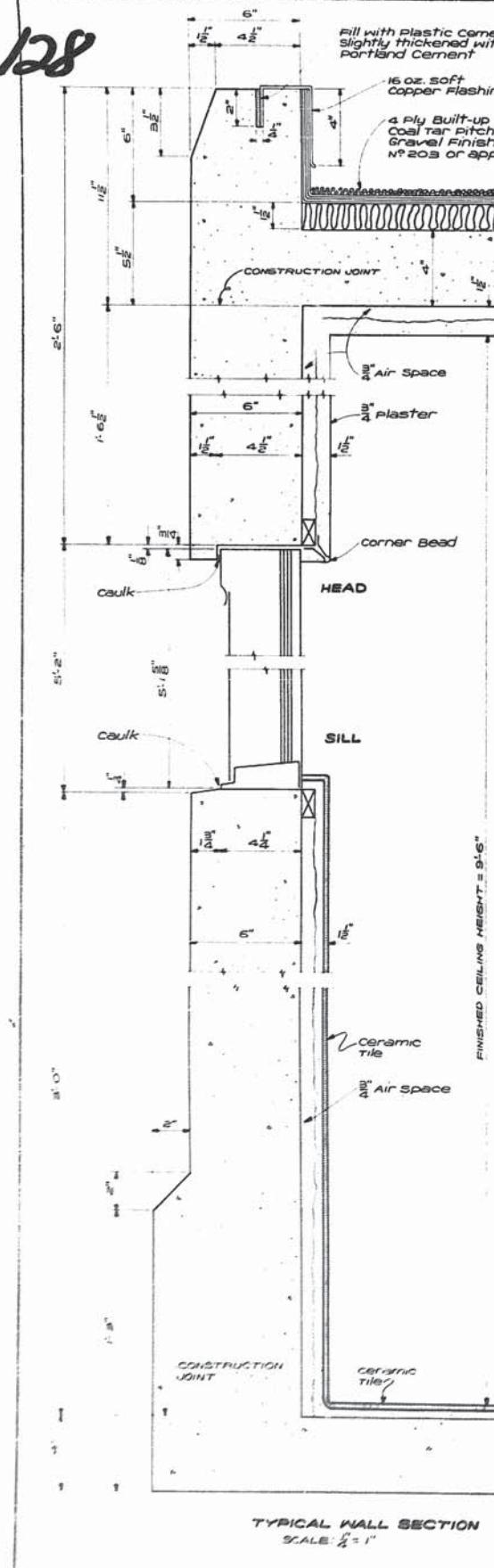
SHEET 13 OF 26

SL50-150-28

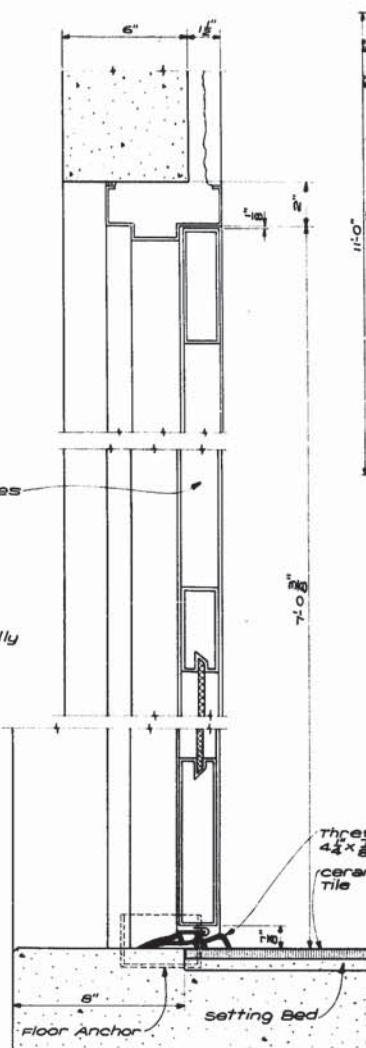


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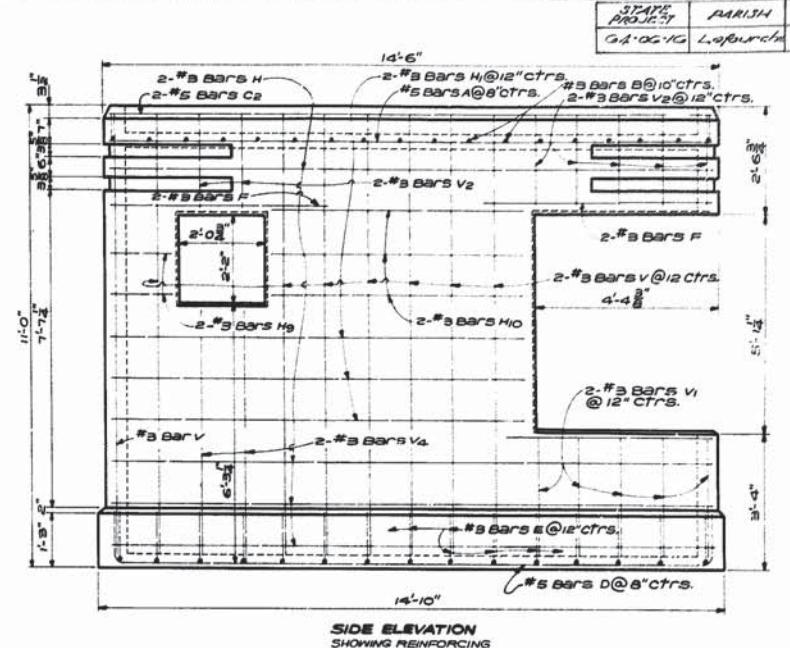
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EXTERIOR DOOR JAMB DETAILS
SCALE: 1" = 1"



DOOR DETAILS
SCALE: 1" = 1"



BILL OF REINFORCING STEEL					
BAR	SIZE	NO	UNIT LENGTH	TOTAL LENGTH	LOCATION
A	5	54	15'-6"	482'-0"	Short Span in Roof Slab
C	5	4	35'-8"	142'-8"	Horiz. in Front and Rear Walls (top)
C1	5	4	35'-8"	142'-8"	Horiz. in Front & Rear Walls over Windows
C2	5	4	14'-2"	56'-8"	Horiz. in Side Walls (top)
D	5	54	16'-8"	904'-8"	Short Span in Floor Slab (bottom)
E	5	54	14'-6"	783'-0"	Short Span in Floor Slab (top)
Total #5 Bars = 2862'-0" = 2985 LBS.					
B	3	18	35'-8"	642'-0"	Long Span in Roof Slab
E	3	15	88'-4"	5751'-0"	Long Span in Floor Slab (bottom)
F	3	2	5'-8"	10'-6"	Horiz. in Side Wall over Toilet Window
H	3	10	14'-2"	141'-8"	Horiz. in Side Walls
H1	3	6	9'-10"	59'-0"	Horiz. in Side Wall below Toilet Window
H2	3	20	85'-8"	718'-4"	Horiz. in Front and Rear Walls
H3	3	10	4'-8"	46'-8"	Horiz. in Front Wall between Windows
H4	3	10	8'-6"	85'-0"	Horiz. in Rear Wall between Windows
H5	3	20	5'-8"	115'-4"	Horiz. in Rear Wall at Ends
H6	3	14	4'-4"	60'-8"	Horiz. in Wall near door
H7	3	8	5'-9"	46'-0"	Horiz. in Wall near door
H8	3	2	9'-9"	19'-6"	Horiz. in Wall over door
H9	3	4	1'-6"	6'-0"	Horiz. in Side Wall near Toilet Window
H10	3	6	5'-9"	34'-6"	Horiz. in Side Wall near Toilet Window
J	3	15	86'-0"	468'-0"	Long Span in Floor Slab (top)
S	3	4	3'-8"	14'-8"	Hoops in Wall near door
V	3	84	10'-6"	882'-0"	Vertical in Walls
V1	3	108	2'-10"	306'-0"	Vertical in Walls below Windows
V2	3	112	2'-2"	242'-0"	Vertical in Walls above Windows
V3	3	8	2'-0"	24'-0"	Vertical in Walls above door
V4	3	4	5'-9"	23'-0"	Vert. in Side Wall below Toilet Window
Total #3 Bars = 4513'-6" = 1697 LBS.					



OPERATING HOUSE

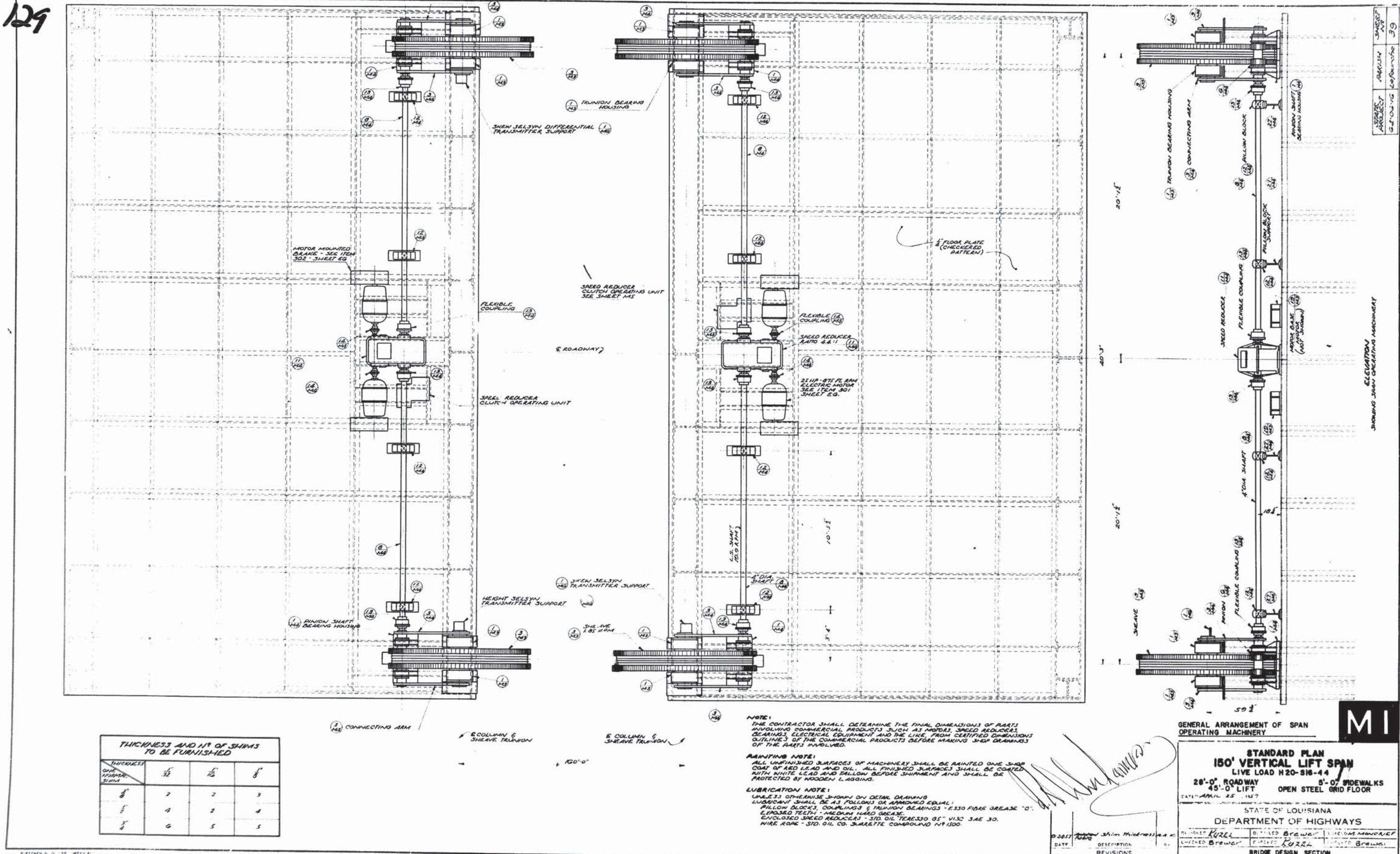
STANDARD PLAN 150' VERTICAL LIFT SPAN LIVE LOAD H20-S16-44 28'-0" ROADWAY 45'-0" LIFT 5'-0" SIDEWALKS OPEN STEEL GRID FLOOR					
STATE OF LOUISIANA DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS					
DESIGNED BY:	7/2000	DETALLED BY:	7/2000	TRADED BY:	7/2000
CHECKED BY:	7/2000	CHECKED BY:	7/2000	REVIEWED BY:	7/2000
APPROVED BY:	7/2000	APPROVED BY:	7/2000	DATE:	7/2000
BRIDGE DESIGN SECTION					

SHEET 4 OF 26

SL50-150-28

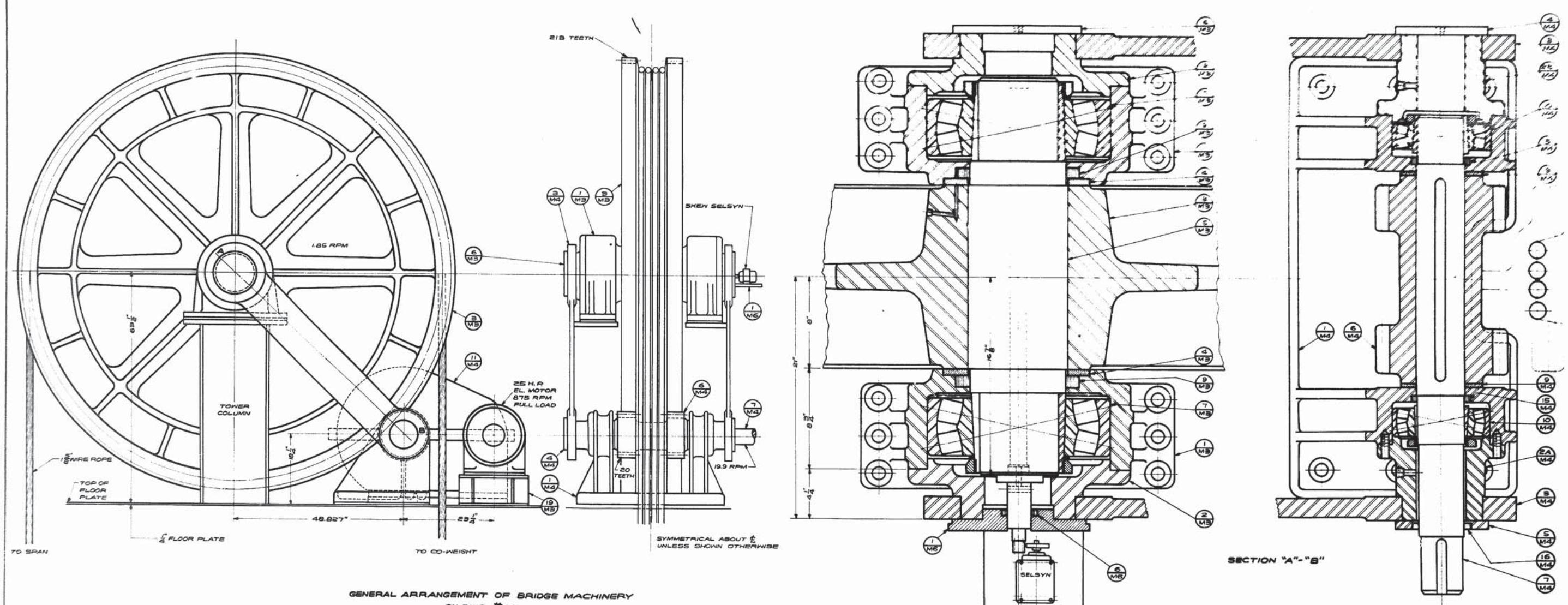


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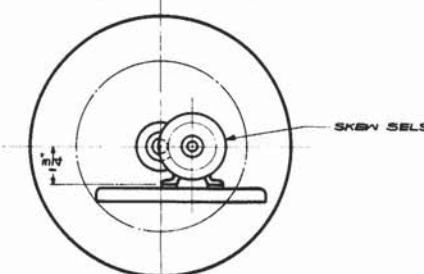
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STATE PROJECT PARISH SHEET
GOCKE'S Lafourche 41



NOTE:
FOR REMOVING PINION SHAFT $\frac{7}{16}$ "
REMOVE CARB, BEARINGS AND
GREASE SEALS FROM BOTH ENDS
OF THE ASSEMBLY.
ROTATE THE PINION SPACER $\frac{1}{2}$ "
NEAREST THE COUPLING END OF THE
SHAFT UNTIL ITS KEY SLOT IS IN
LINE WITH THE KEY SLOT IN
THE BORE OF THE HOUSING $\frac{1}{2}$ "
ROTATE THE SHAFT UNTIL THE KEYS
ARE STRAIGHT DOWN, LIFT IT UPWARD
AGAINST THE TOP OF THE BORE AND
PRESS IT OUT IN THE DIRECTION OF
THE COUPLING END.

NOTE:
THE CONTRACTOR SHALL DETERMINE THE FINAL DIMENSIONS
OF PARTS INVOLVING COMMERCIAL PRODUCTS SUCH AS
MOTORS, SPEED REDUCERS, BEARINGS, ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT
AND THE LIKE, FROM CERTIFIED DIMENSIONS OUTLINES OF THE
COMMERCIAL PRODUCTS BEFORE MAKING SHOP DRAWINGS
OF THE PARTS INVOLVED.
UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN ON DETAIL DRAWING LUBRICANT
SHALL BE AS FOLLOWS OR APPROVED EQUAL:
PILLOW BLOCK COUPLING & UNION BEARINGS - ESSO FIBRE GREASE "C"
EXPOSED TEETH - MEDIUM HARD GREASE
ENCLOSED SPEED REDUCERS - STD. OIL "TERESSO GS" VISC SAE 30.
WIRE ROPE - STD. OIL CO. SURRETTE COMPOUND N° 1600.
ALL UNFINISHED SURFACES OF MACHINERY SHALL BE
PAINTED ONE SHOT COAT OF RED LEAD AND OIL.
ALL FINISHED SURFACES SHALL BE COATED WITH
WHITE LEAD AND TALLOW BEFORE SHIPMENT AND
SHALL BE PROTECTED BY WOODEN LAGGING.



SELEYN MOUNTING AND
GEARS ON DWS. M6

ASSEMBLY OF GEAR TRAIN FOR SHEAVE DRIVE		M2
150' STANDARD PLAN VERTICAL LIFT SPAN		
LIVE LOAD H20-S16-44		
28'-0" ROADWAY 45'-0" LIFT 5'-0" SIDEWALKS OPEN STEEL GRID FLOOR		
DATED FEB. 22 1957		
STATE OF LOUISIANA		
DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS		
DESIGNED KUZEL	DETAILED KUZEL	TRACED Q. Chapman
CHECKED BREWER	CHECKED BREWER	CHECKED BREWER
BRIDGE DESIGN SECTION		

SHEET 16 OF 26

SL50-150-28

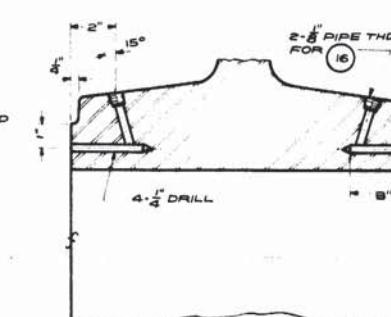
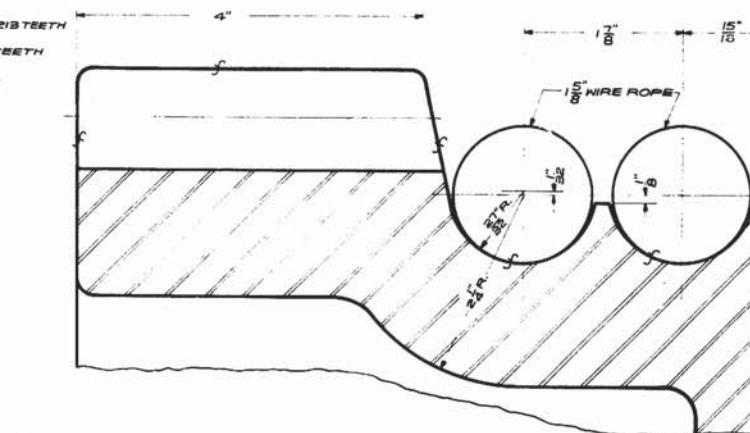
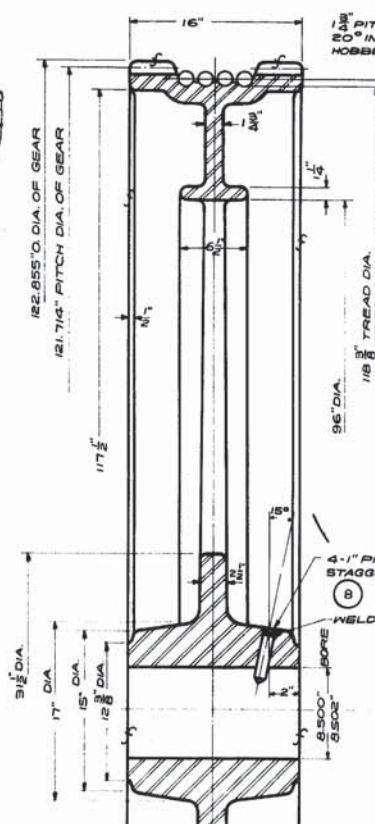
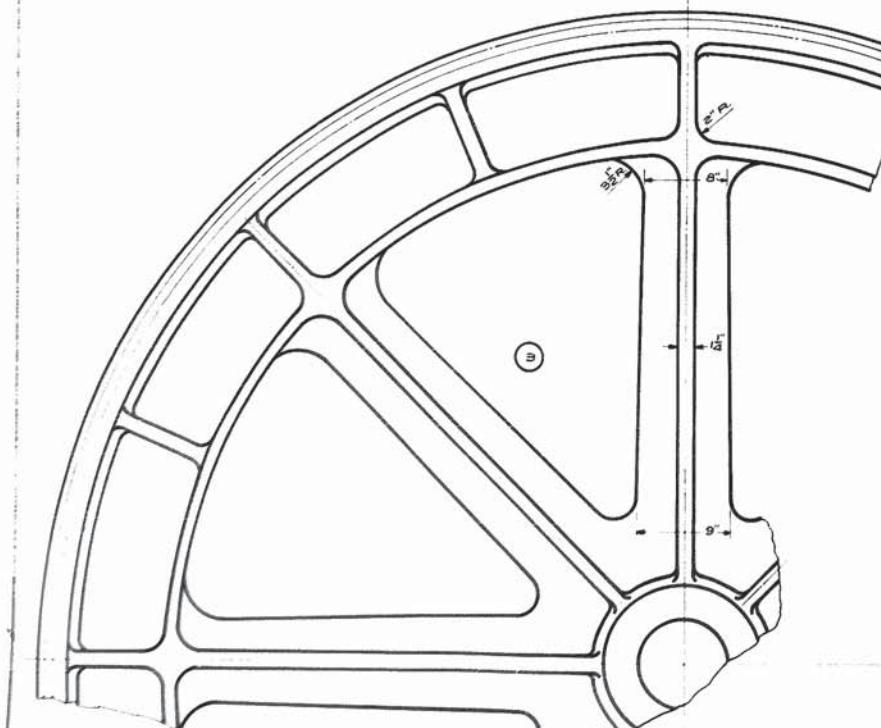
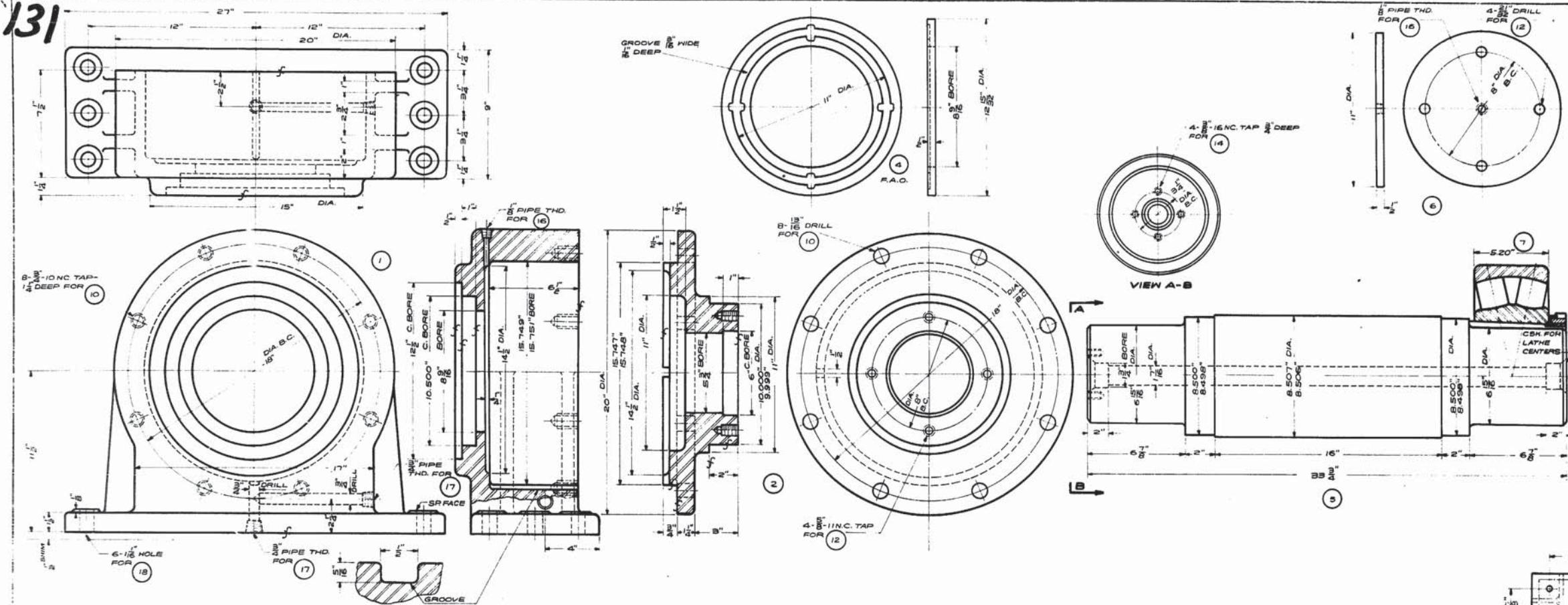


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STATE PROJECT	PARISH	SHEET N ^o
LA-OG-1G	Lafourche	41

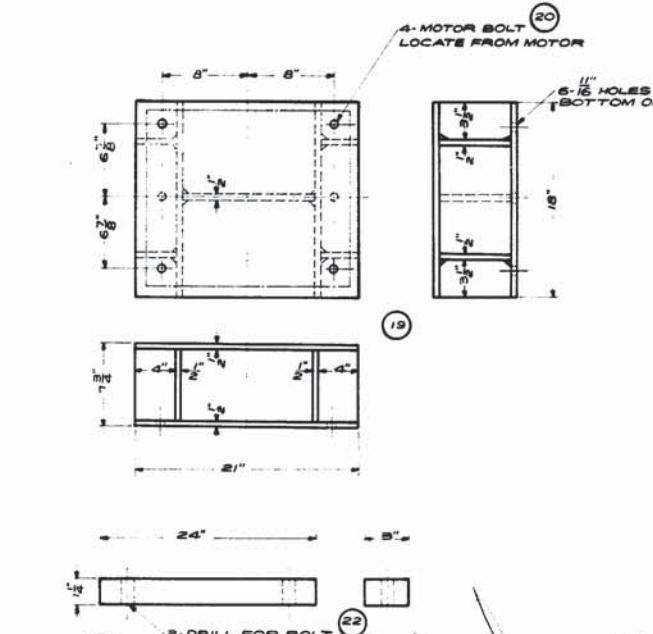
BILL OF MATERIAL FOR ONE SPAN

#	PART QUAN.	DESCRIPTION	
1	8	TRUNION BEARING HOUSING	ST CAST ASTM-A27-GR65-BS
2	8	HOUSING COVER	ST CAST ASTM-A27-GR65-BS
3	4	SHEAVE	ST CAST ASTM-A27-GR65-HS
4	8	SHEAVE THRUSTWASHER	BRONZE
5	4	TRUNION	ST FORG. ASTM-A285-CL G
6	5	CONN. ARM RETAINER	STEEL
7	8	TRUNION BEARING SKE # 22B395 CX+SNN OR TORN #905D2BA	COMM.
8	16	F'DIA PIN - 4" LONG	STEEL
9	8	GARLOCK SEAL #SI-3610	*
10	64	1/4" INC CAPSCREW - 24 ¹ / ₂ " LG.	STEEL
11	64	1/4" SHAKERPROOF LOCKWASHER	COMM.
12	32	1/4" INC CAPSCREW 1/2" LG.	STEEL
13	32	1/4" SHAKERPROOF LOCKWASHER	COMM.
14	12	1/4" INC CAPSCREW - 1" LONG	STEEL
15	12	1/4" SHAKERPROOF LOCKWASHER	COMM.
16	21	SALMILEX HYDRAULIC FITTING	COMM.
17	16	4" COUNTERBUCK PLUG	BRASS
18	48	TURNED BOLT COMPL.	STEEL
19	4	MOTOR BASE	STEEL WELDN.
20	16	MOTOR BOLT COMPL.	STEEL
21	6	BASE FOR REDUCER	STEEL C.R. 1/2" X 3"
22	12	BOLT FOR REDUCER COMPL.	STEEL



GENE

GENERAL NOTES:
ALL PARTS LISTED AS REQUIRED BY THE CONTRACTOR
SHALL BE AS SHOWN OR APPROVED EQUAL.
ALL PARTS LISTED ON THIS SHEET TO BE
INCLUDED IN ITEM 5-8-1 MOBILE BRIDGE
MACHINERY, INCLUDING ALL NECESSARY SHIMS.
ALL BOLTS TO HAVE ONE NUT AND ONE HEAVY
SAE LOCKWASHER, UNLESS NOTED, OR OTHER
MEANS OF LOCKING NUT ARE SHOWN ON DETAILS.
THE CONTRACTOR SHALL DETERMINE THE FINAL
DIMENSIONS OF PARTS INVOLVING COMMERCIAL
PRODUCTS SUCH AS MOTORS, SPEED REDUCERS,
BEARINGS, ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT AND THE LIKE.
FROM APPROVED DIMENSIONS OUTLINES OF THE
COMMERCIAL PRODUCTS BEFORE MAKING SHOP
DRAWINGS OF THE PARTS INVOLVED.



DETAILS OF SHEAVE & SHEAVE DRIVE

**STANDARD PLAN
150' VERTICAL LIFT SPAN**
LIVE LOAD H20-S:6-44
28'-0" ROADWAY 5'-0" SIDEWALK
45'-0" LIFT OPEN STEEL GRID FLOOR

9-24-57 TRUNION BEARING HOUSING
P-A-1 EDITION

SHEET 17 OF 26

SL50-150-28

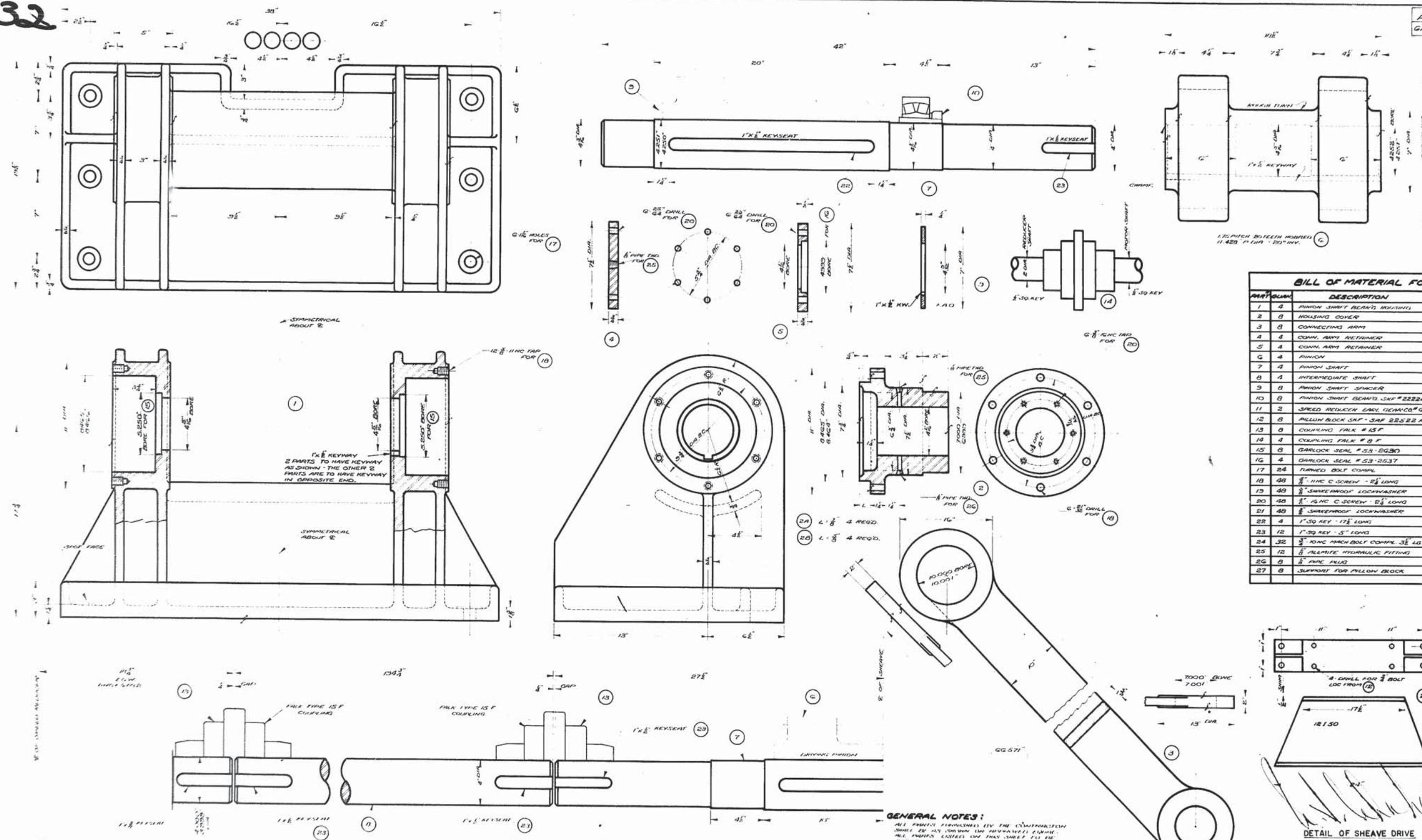
STATE OF LOUISIANA
DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS

AS BUILT PLAN

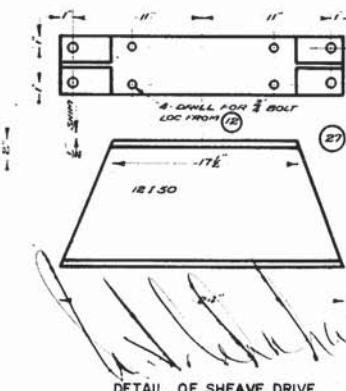


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STATE
PROJECT
GR-OG-1G
PARISH
Lafourche
SHEET
NO.
42



BILL OF MATERIAL FOR ONE SPAN		
PART/QUANTITY	DESCRIPTION	MATERIAL
1 4	PINION SHAFT BEARING HOUSING	SECASTO ASTM A317 GRGS-35
2 8	HOUSING COVER	SECASTO ASTM A317 GRGS-35
3 8	CONNECTING ARM	SECASTO ASTM A317 GRGS-35
4 4	COUPLING ARM RETAINER	STEEL
5 4	COUPLING ARM RETAINER	STEEL
6 4	PINION	SEFORGGI ASTM A235 CLG
7 4	PINION SHAFT	STEEL ASTM A317 GRGS-35
8 4	INTERMEDIATE SHAFT	STEEL ASTM A108
9 8	PINION SHAFT SPACER	BRAZ
10 8	PINION SHAFT BEARING SKF #22224 CRISWING ON TOP #303122 ACOM	
11 2	SPEED REDUCER EACH, NEAMCO #G8 DD SPECIAL UG QMB E2 COMM	
12 8	PILLOW BLOCK SAF #22522 A FOR 4" SHAFT	COMM
13 8	COUPLING PLATE #137	COMM
14 4	COUPLING PLATE #8 F	COMM
15 8	GARLOCK SEAL #53-EG30	COMM
16 4	GARLOCK SEAL #53-2537	COMM
17 24	FORMED BOLT CUPAL	STEEL
18 48	8" HHC C SCREW - 12" LONG	STEEL
19 48	8" SHOCKPROOF LOCKWASHER	COMM
20 48	8" HHC C SCREW - 12" LONG	STEEL
21 48	8" SHOCKPROOF LOCKWASHER	COMM
22 4	1" SQ KEY - 17" LONG	STEEL - KEYSTOCK
23 12	1" SQ KEY - 5" LONG	STEEL - KEYSTOCK
24 32	8" TONG MARCH BOLT COMPL. 3E LG	STEEL
25 12	8" ALUMITE HYDRAULIC FITTING	COMM
26 8	8" PIPE PLUG	BRAZ
27 8	SUPPORT FOR PILLOW BLOCK	STEEL



M4

GENERAL NOTES:
 ALL PARTS FURNISHED BY THE CONTRACTOR
 SHEET OF AN ASSEMBLY OR SUB-ASSEMBLY.
 ALL PARTS LISTED ON THIS SHEET FURNISHED
 INDIVIDUALLY IN ITEM 5-A-1. PROVABLE BRIDGE
 EQUIPMENT, SUCH AS PIPES, CONCRETE, ETC.,
 ALL PARTS TO HAVE SAME SIZE AND WEIGHT AS
 SHEE COUCHASHER, UNLESS NOTED, OR OTHER
 APPROVED EQUIPMENT. SHEE COUCHASHER,
 THE CONTRACTOR SHALL FURNISH EQUIPMENT
 FINAL DIMENSIONS OF PARTS INVOLVING
 CONTRACTOR EQUIPMENT, SUCH AS PIPES,
 CONCRETE, ETC., ARE DETERMINED BY THE
 EQUIPMENT AND THE CONTRACTOR. CONTRACTOR
 DIMENSIONS OUTLINES OF THE CONTRACTOR
 EQUIPMENT BEFORE APPROVING SHEE DIMENSIONS
 OF THE PARTS INVOLVED.

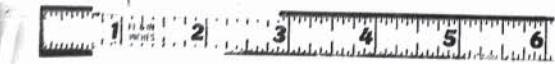
STANDARD PLAN
150' VERTICAL LIFT SPAN
 LIVE LOAD H20-S16-44
 28'-0" ROADWAY 5'-0" SIDEWALKS
 45'-0" LIFT OPEN STEEL GRID FLOOR
 May 1, 1957

STATE OF LOUISIANA
 DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS
 KUZEL DETAILED KUZEL T. J. Anderson
 Brewer D. C. Brewer KUZEL
 BRIDGE DESIGN SECTION

SHEET 18 OF 26

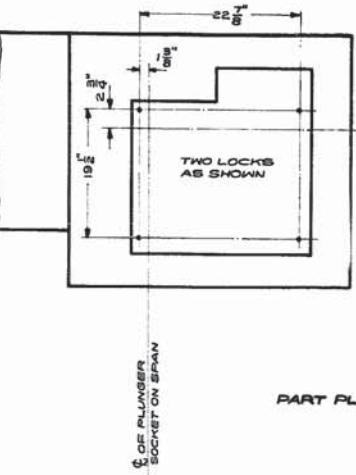
SL50-150-28

AS BUILT PLANS

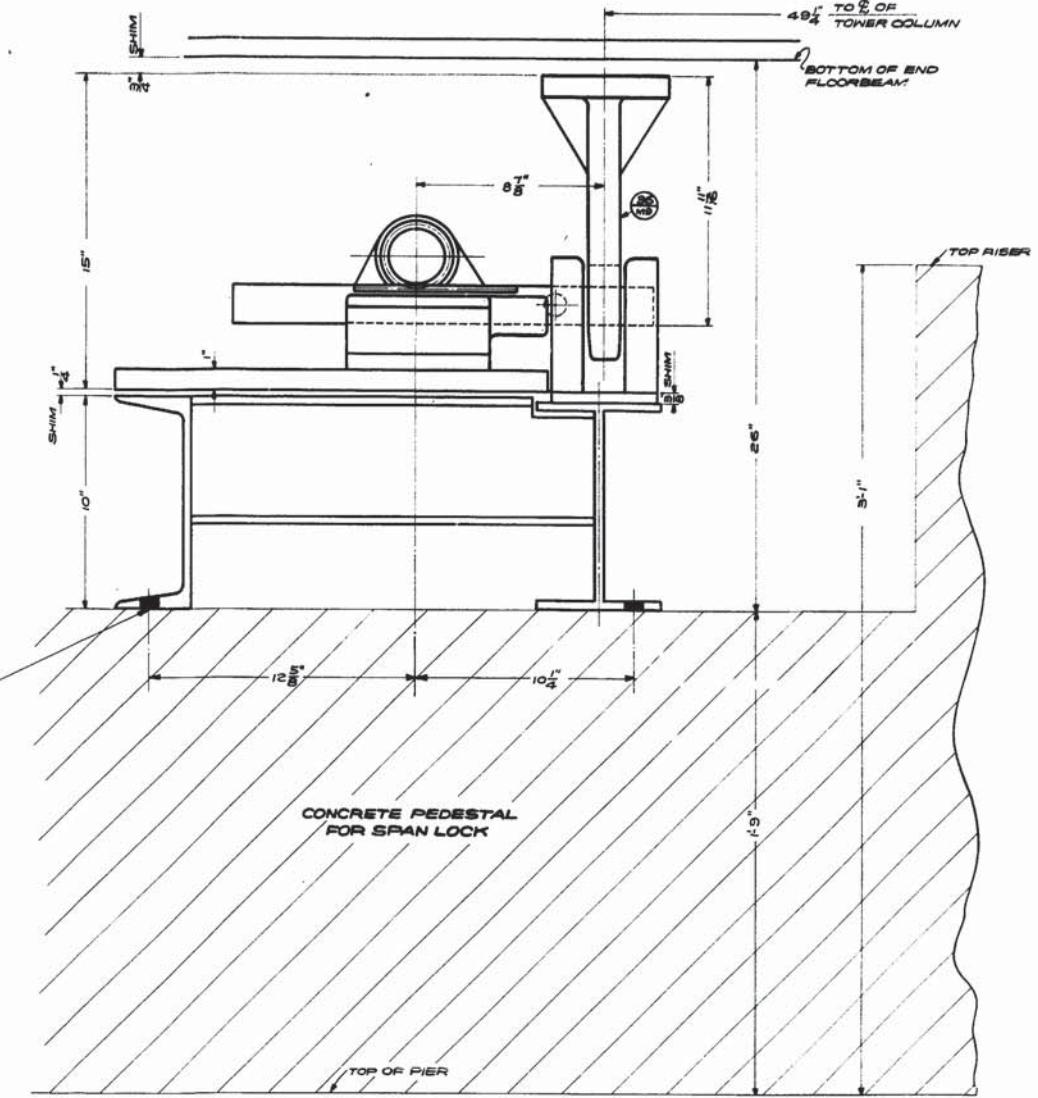
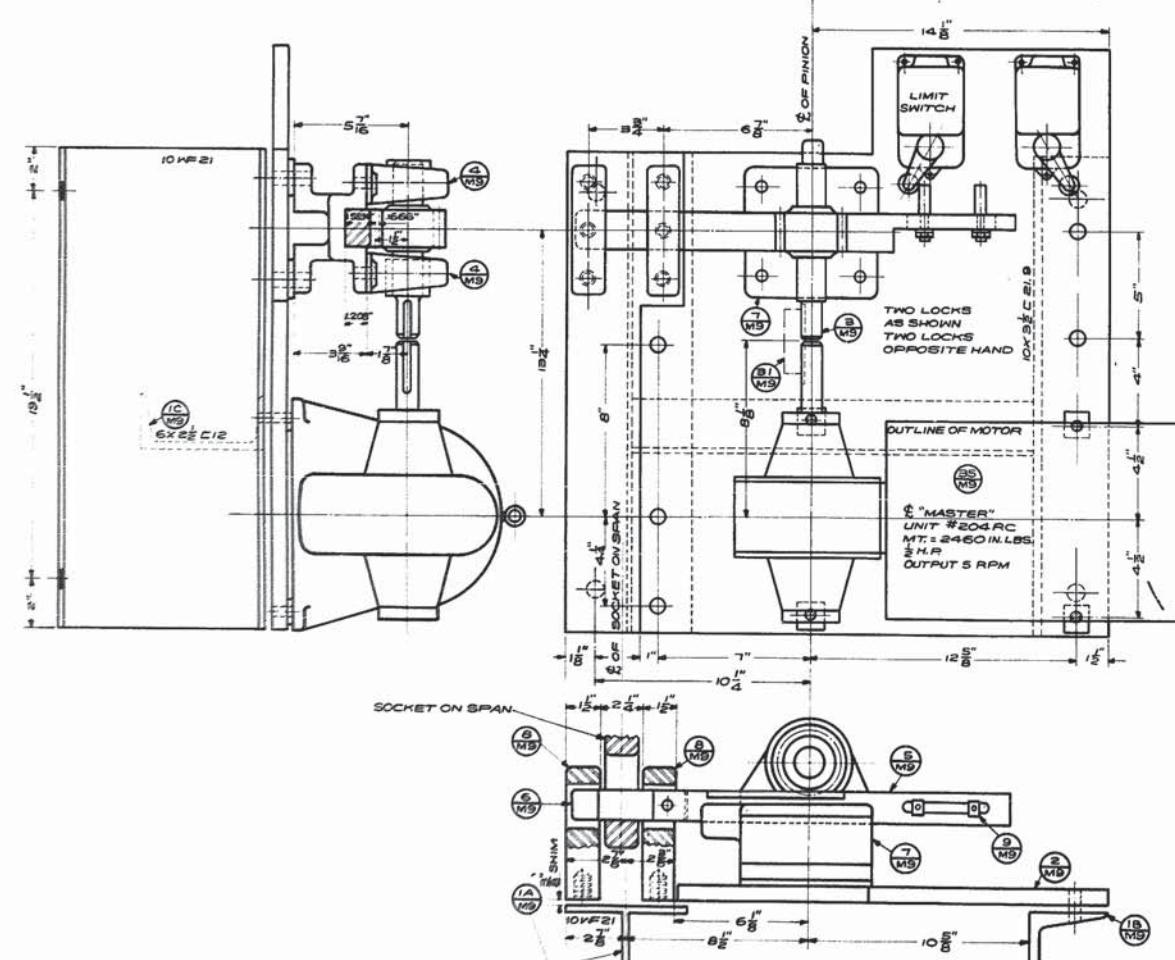
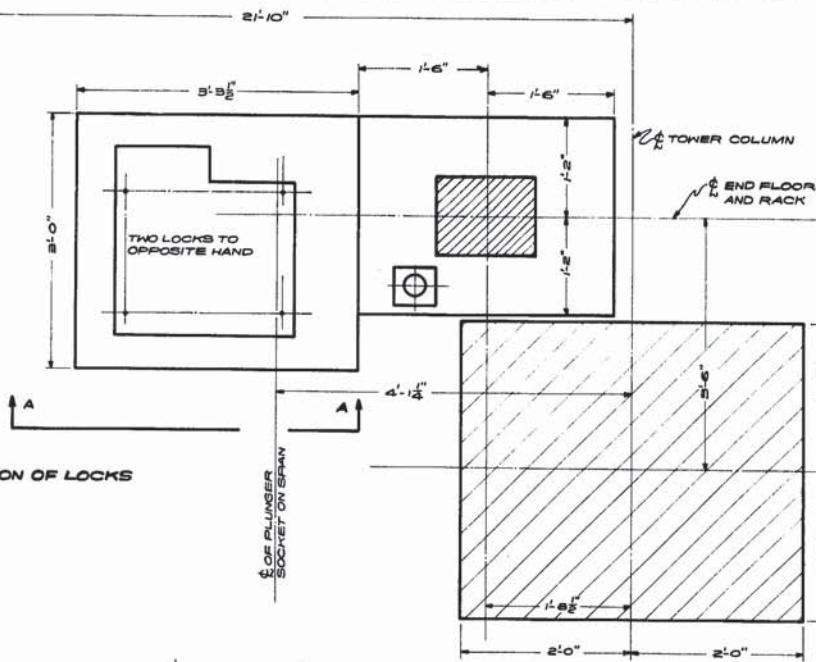


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STATE PROJECT PARISH SHEET
LA-06-VG Lafourche 46



PART PLAN OF PIER SHOWING LOCATION OF LOCKS



VIEW A-A

NOTE:
 THE CONTRACTOR SHALL DETERMINE THE FINAL DIMENSIONS OF PARTS INVOLVING COMMERCIAL PRODUCTS SUCH AS MOTORS, SPEED REDUCERS, BEARINGS, ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT AND THE LIKE, FROM CERTIFIED DIMENSIONS OUTLINES OF THE COMMERCIAL PRODUCTS BEFORE MAKING SHOP DRAWINGS ON THE PARTS INVOLVING.
 ALL UNFINISHED SURFACES OF MACHINERY SHALL BE PAINTED ONE SHOP COAT OF RED LEAD AND OIL.
 ALL FINISHED SURFACES SHALL BE COATED WITH WHITE LEAD AND TALLOW BEFORE SHIPMENT AND SHALL BE PROTECTED BY WOODEN LAGGING.
 UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN ON THIS DRAWING, LUBRICANT SHALL BE AS SPECIFIED OR APPROVED EQUAL:
 PILLOW BLOCKS, COUPLINGS & TRUNION BEARINGS - ESSO FIBRE GREASE "C."
 EXPOSED TEETH - MEDIUM HARD GREASE.
 ENCLOSED SPEED REDUCERS - STD. OIL "TERESSO G5" VISC SAE 30.
 WIRE ROPE - STD. OIL CO. SURRETTE COMPOUND N° 500.

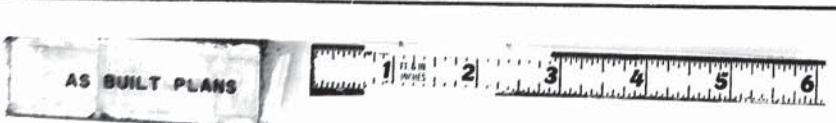


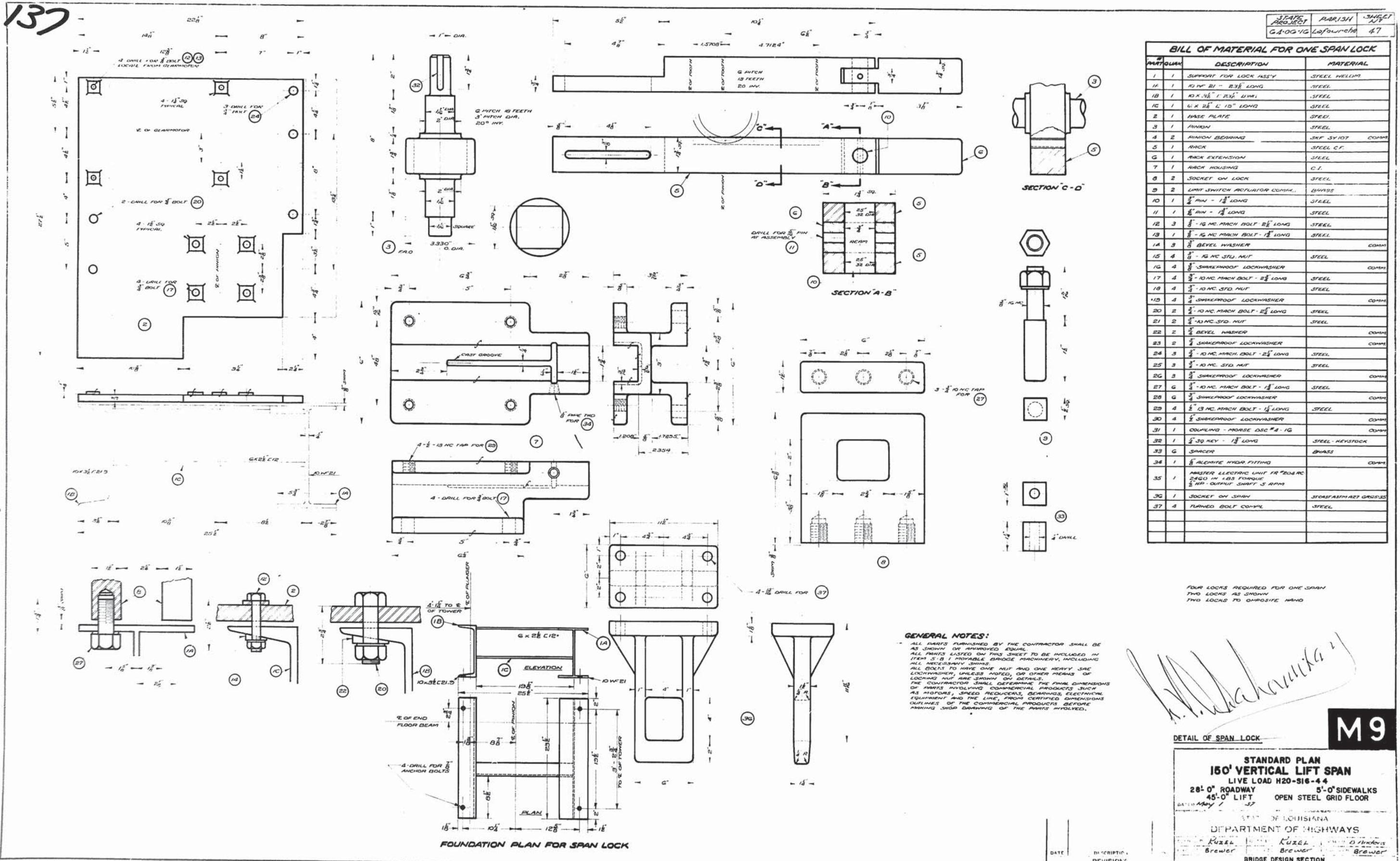
M8

STANDARD PLAN 150' VERTICAL LIFT SPAN		
LIVE LOAD H20-S16-44	28'-6" ROADWAY	5'-0" SIDEWALKS
45'-0" LIFT OPEN STEEL GRID FLOOR		
DATED MAY 1, 1957		
STATE OF LOUISIANA	DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS	
DESIGNED KUZEL	DETAILED KUZEL	checked O. Chapman
CHECKED BREWER	CHECKED BREWER	CHECKED BREWER
BRIDGE DESIGN SECTION		

SHEET 22 OF 26

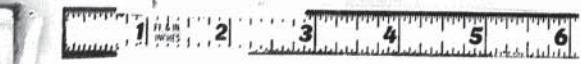
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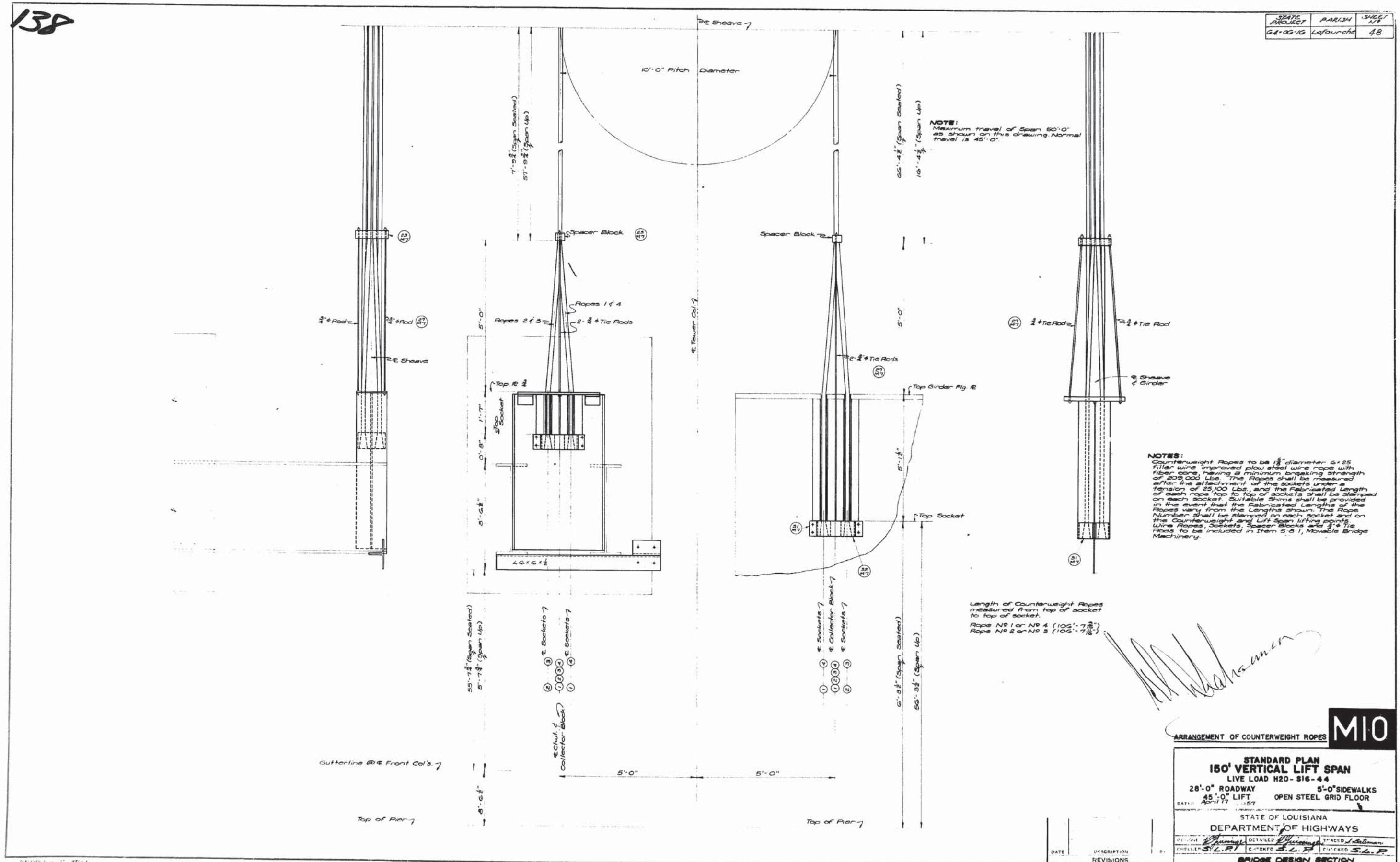


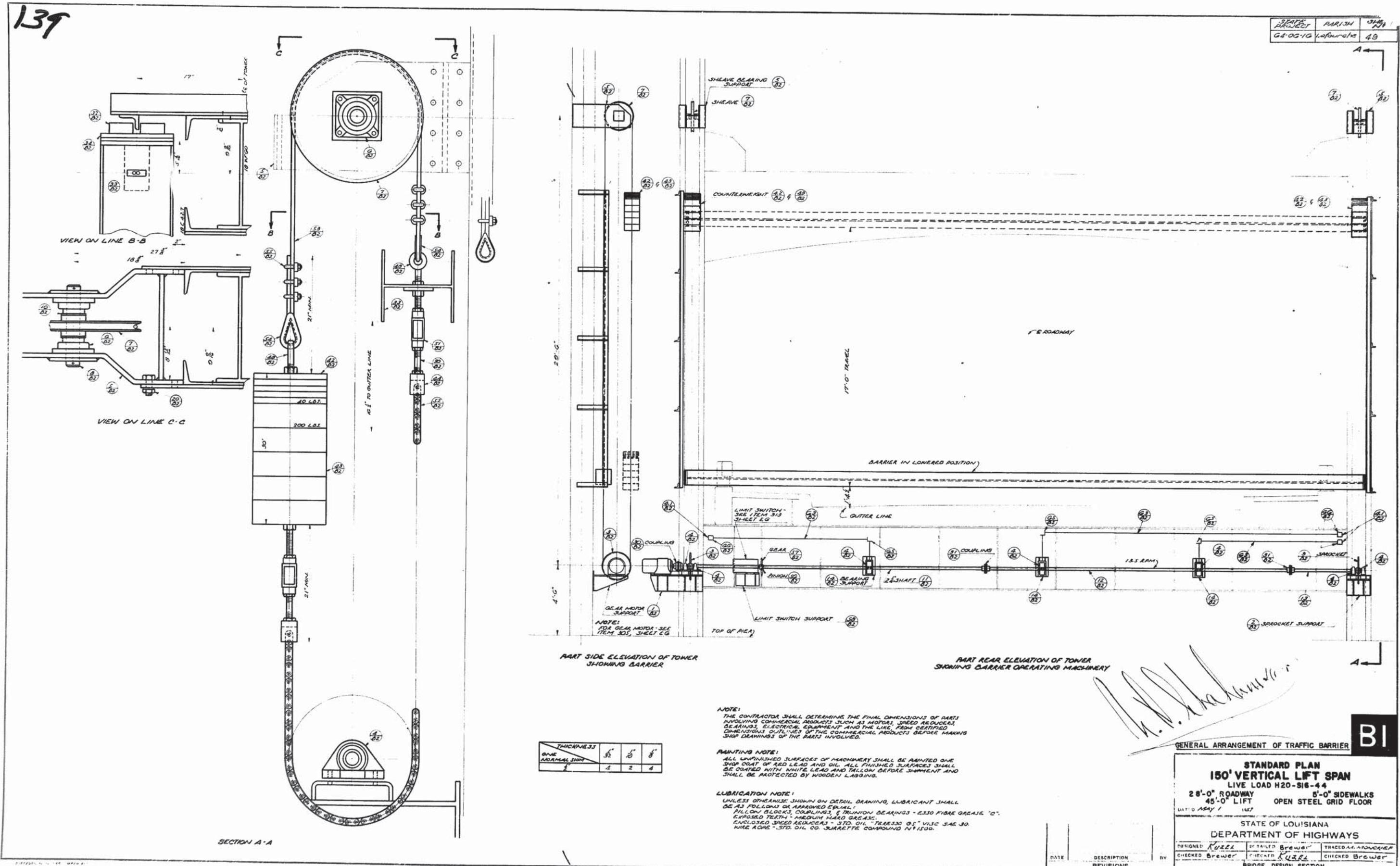
SHEET 23 OF 26

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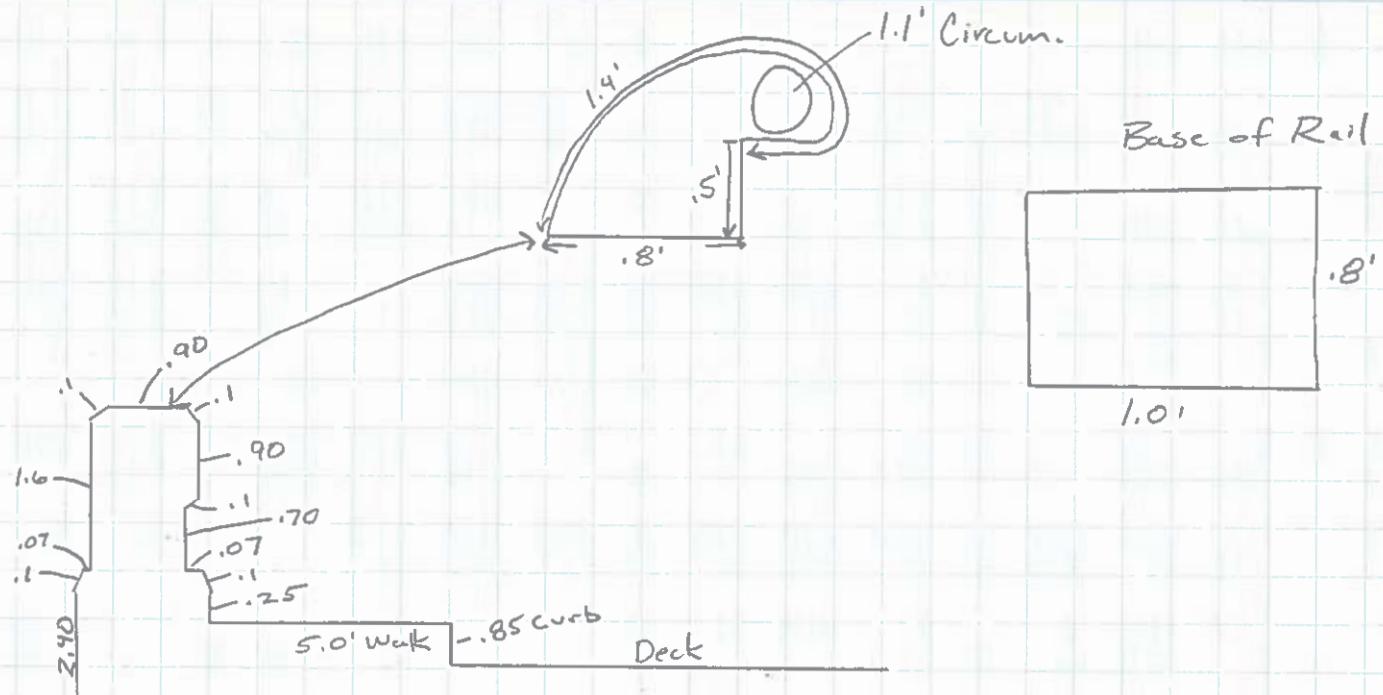


SHEET 25 OF 26

SL50-150-28

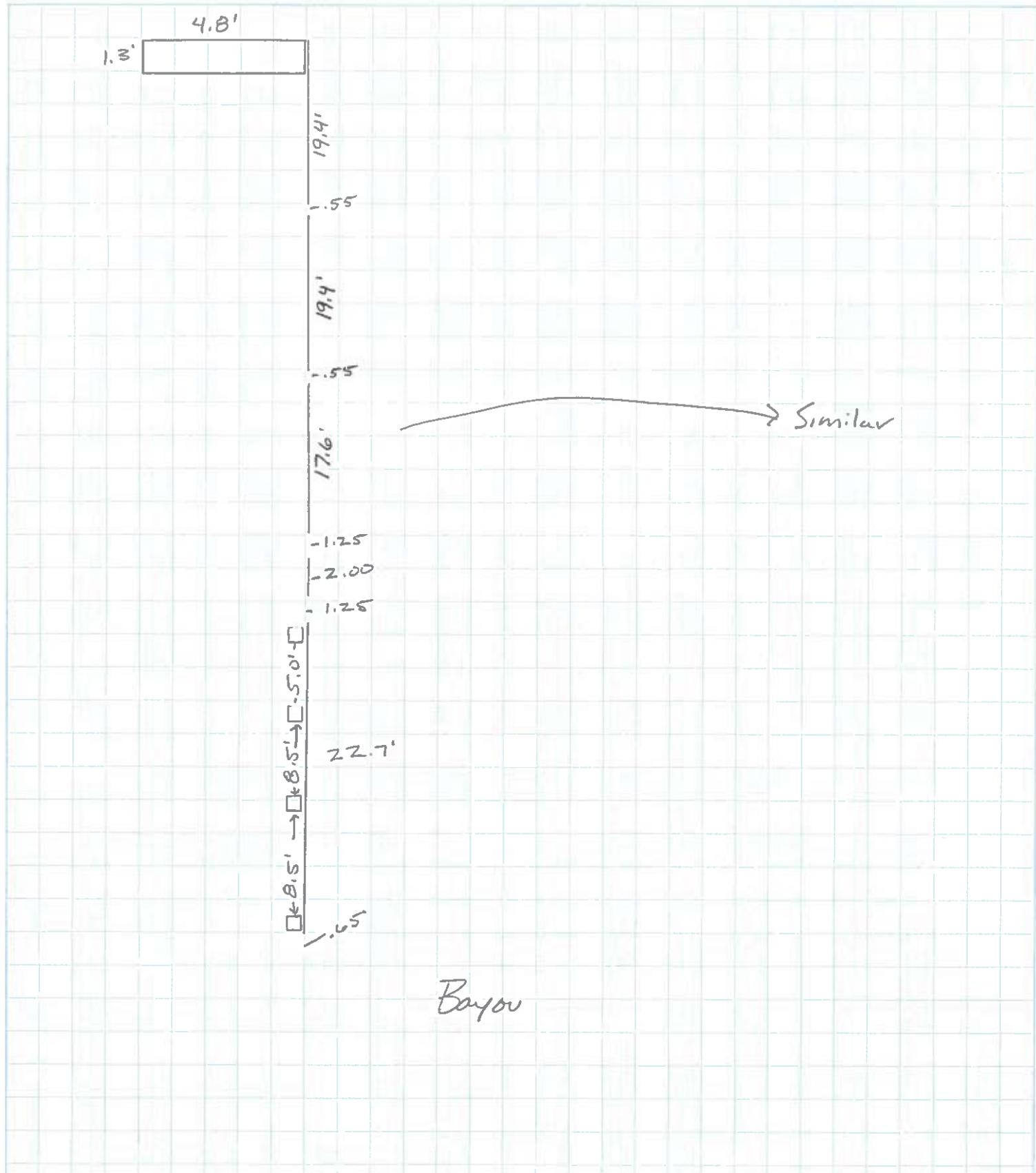


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Job Name 000930
Task Rail Details
Calculated by _____ Date _____
Checked by _____ Date _____





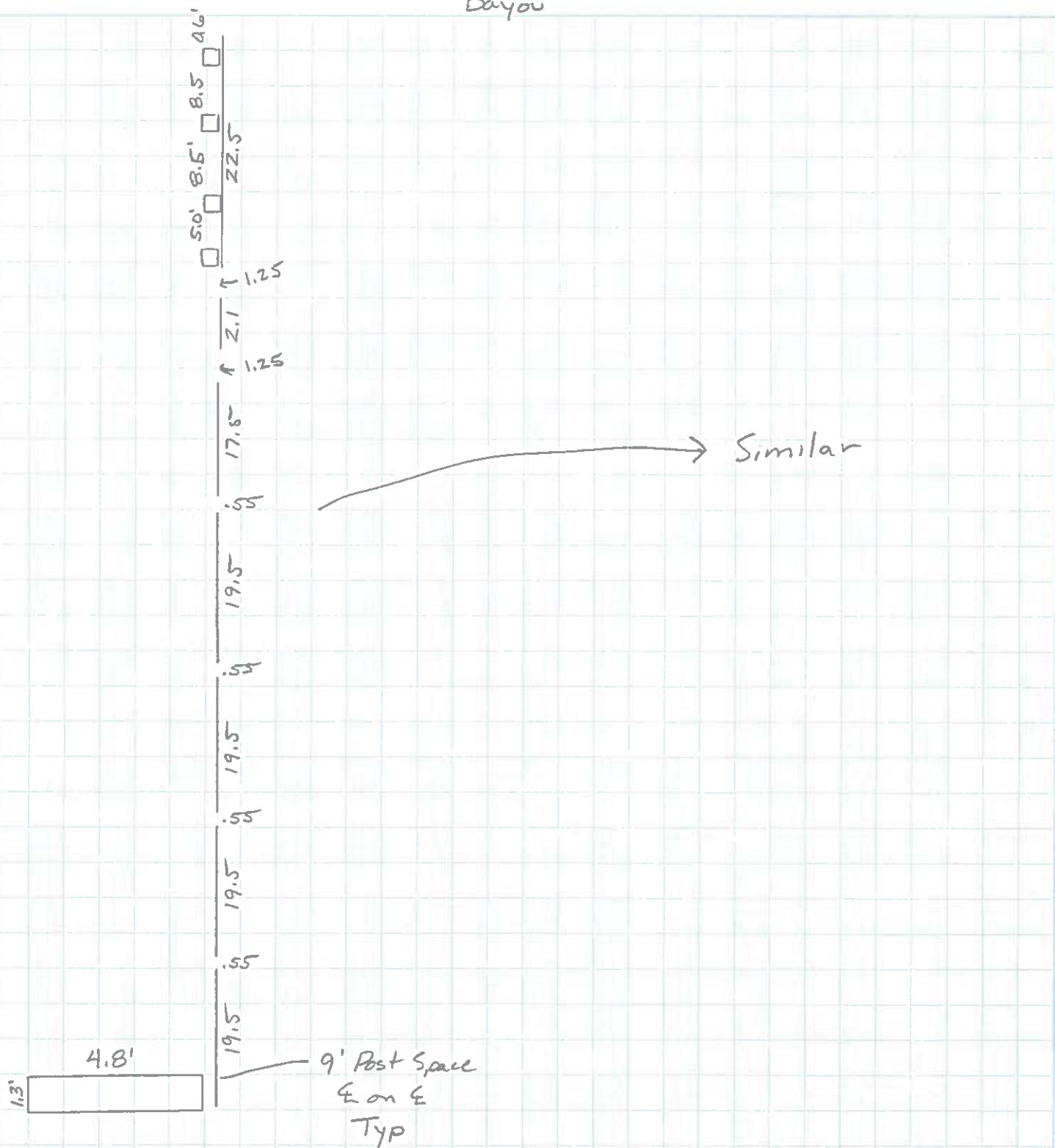
Job No. _____ Sheet _____ of _____
Job Name 000930
Task Rail Details
Calculated by _____ Date _____
Checked by _____ Date _____





Job No. _____ Sheet _____ of _____
Job Name 000930
Task Rail Details
Calculated by _____ Date _____
Checked by _____ Date _____

Bayou

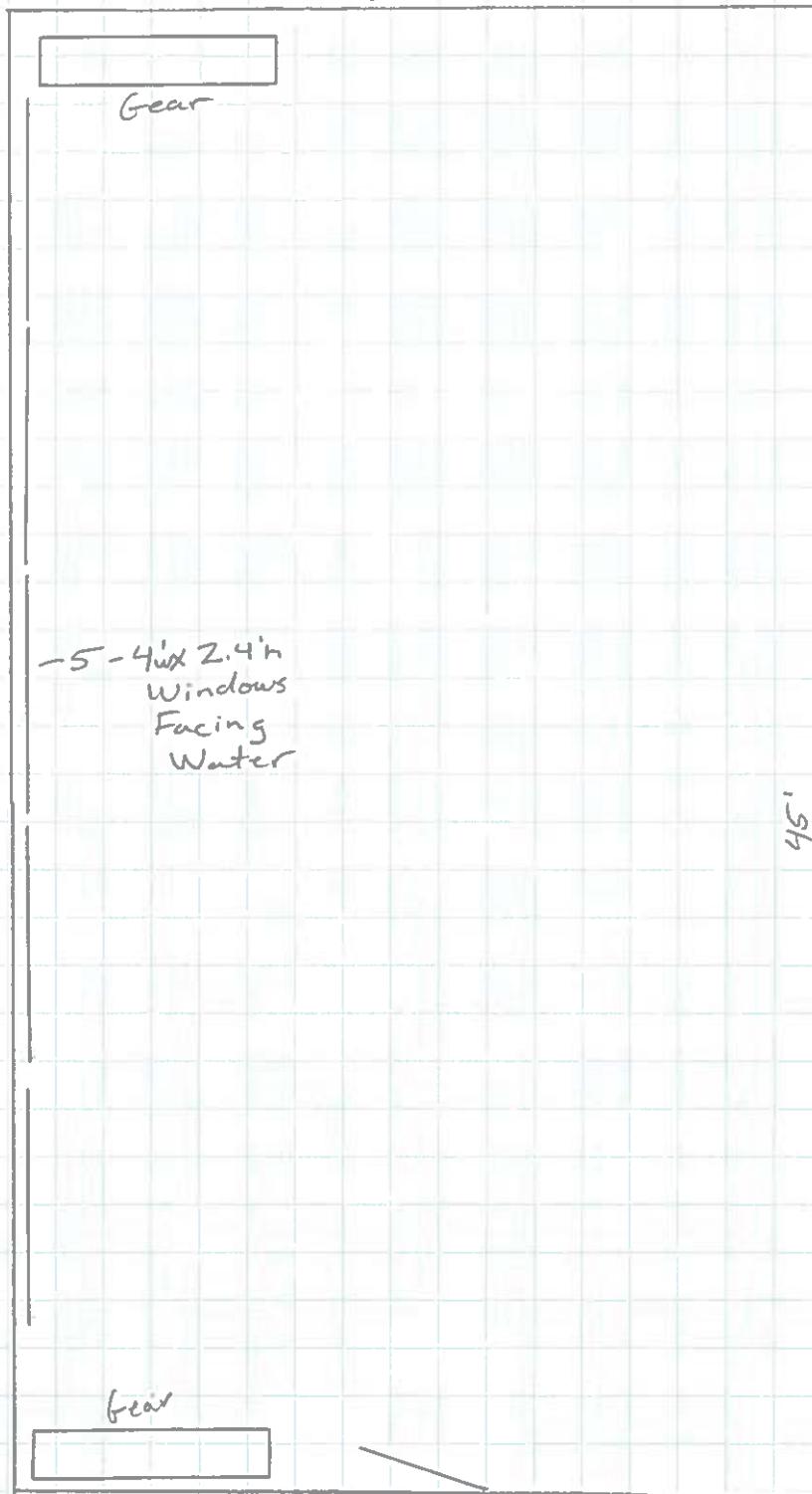




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Job Name 000930
Task Equipment Room
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Checked by _____ Date _____

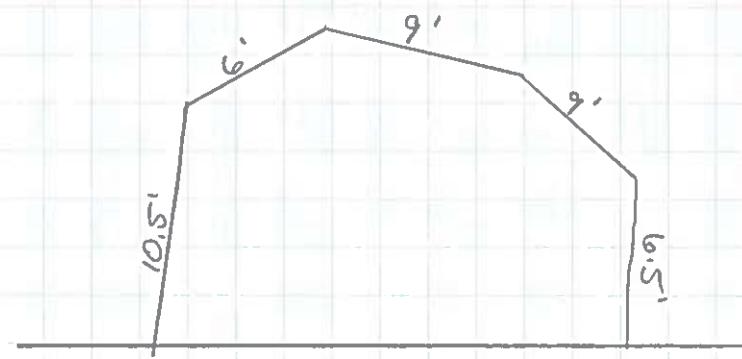
Both
Sides
Similar

* New Siding
After Katrina





Job No. _____ Sheet _____ of _____
Job Name 000930
Task Equipment Room Roof Beams
Calculated by _____ Date _____
Checked by _____ Date _____



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INDEX TO SHEETS

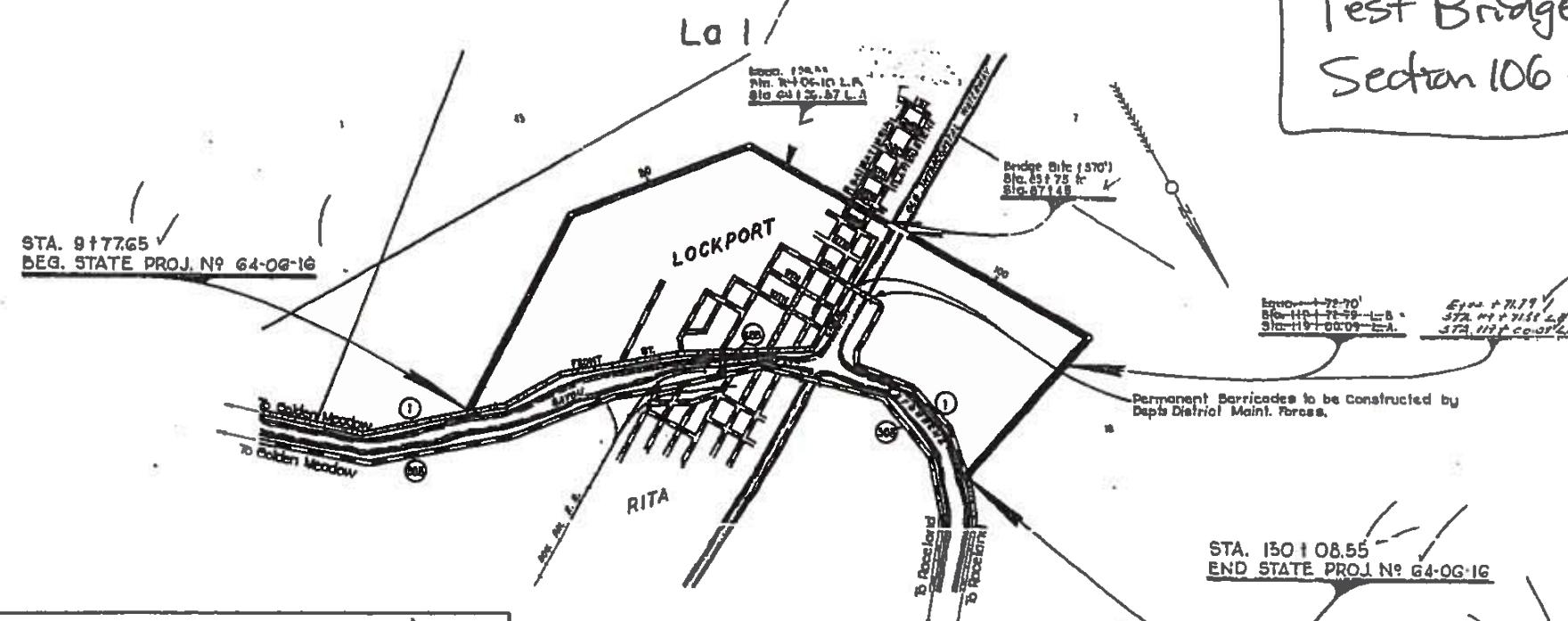
SHEET NO.	DESCRIPTION
1-30 2b-2c	Title Page and Layout Ahr
1-15	Typical Section & Details
1C-15	Plan & Profile
1C-17	Summary Sheets
1C-19	Summary of Existing Structures
1C-20	Detail of Intersections & Tunnels
1C-21	General Bridge Plan
1C-22	Detail of Beams
1C-23	Detail of Piers
1C-24	Detail of Deck
1C-25	Detail of Vertical Lift Span (Ref. Plan 8L-HC-150-2A)
1C-26	Medium Detail for Aluminum Railings
1C-27	Vehicle Approach Club
1C-28	Pender System
1C-29	Summary of Bridge Qualities and Camber Detail
1C-30	Electrical System
1C-31	Bridge Ratings

Standard Plans	Rev Date
C-16-95	11-17-54
C-17-95	1-11-57
C-18-95	1-11-57
C-19-95	1-11-57
C-20-95	1-11-57
C-21-95	1-11-57
C-22-95	1-11-57
C-23-95	1-11-57
C-24-95	1-11-57
C-25-95	1-11-57
C-26-95	1-11-57
C-27-95	1-11-57
C-28-95	1-11-57
C-29-95	1-11-57
C-30-95	1-11-57
C-31-95	1-11-57

4-1410 Cross Section
Total Sheets without Sections: 89
Total Sheets with X-sections: 134

STATE OF LOUISIANA
DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS
PLANS OF PROPOSED
STATE HIGHWAY

S-253(3)
STATE PROJECT NO. 64-06-16
LOCKPORT RELOCATION
LAFOURCHE PARISH



8	STATE PROJECT	PARISH	SECTION NO.
288(3)	64-06-16	Lafourche	1

RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL

TRAFFIC & PLANNING ENGINEER

RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL

DESIGN ENGINEER 11-7-57

RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL

BRIDGE DESIGN ENGINEER 11-7-57

APPROVED

CHIEF ENGINEER 11-7-57

RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL

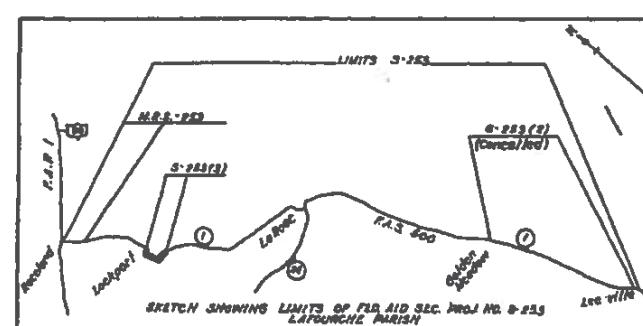
DISTRICT ENGINEER DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF PUBLIC ROADS

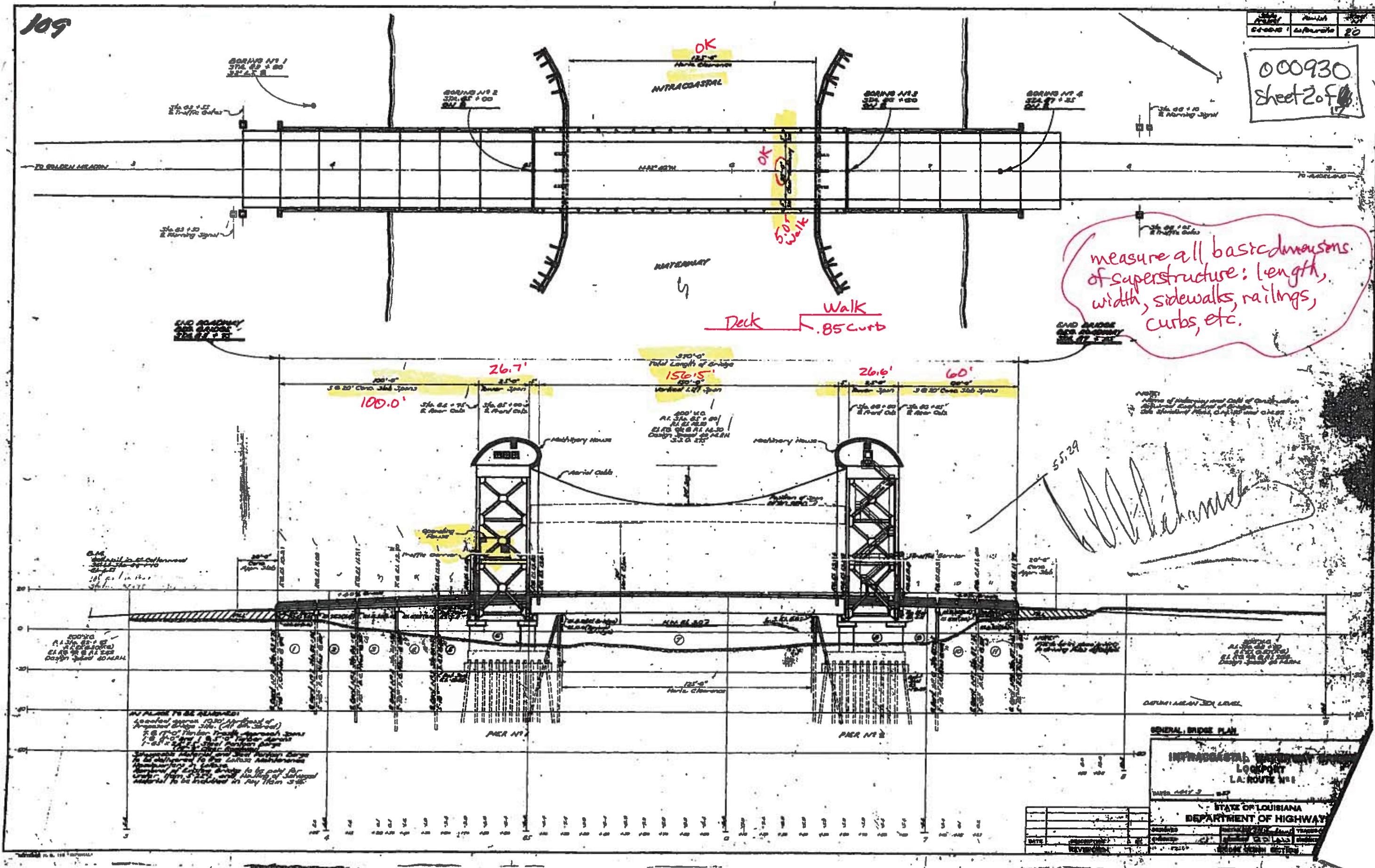
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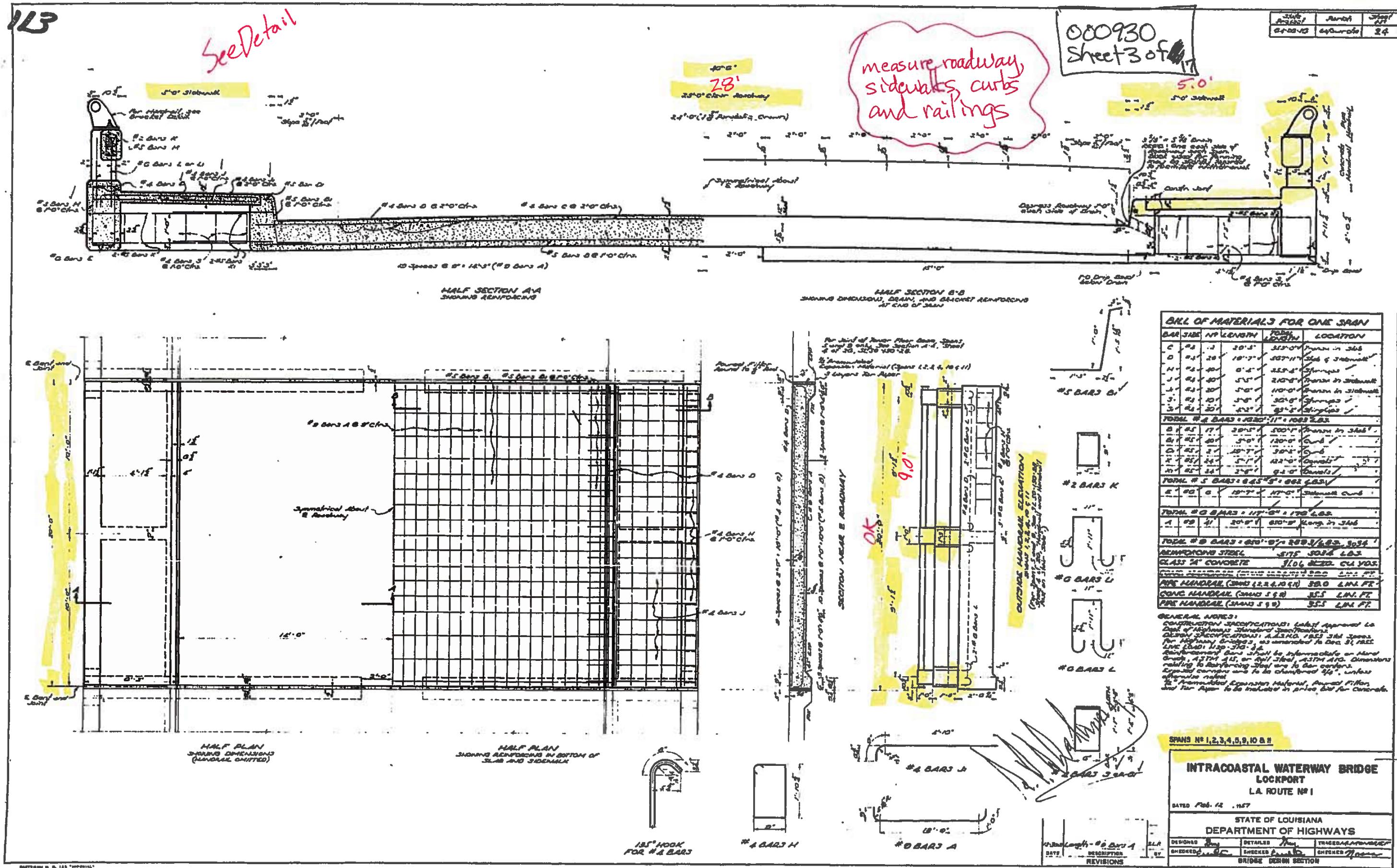
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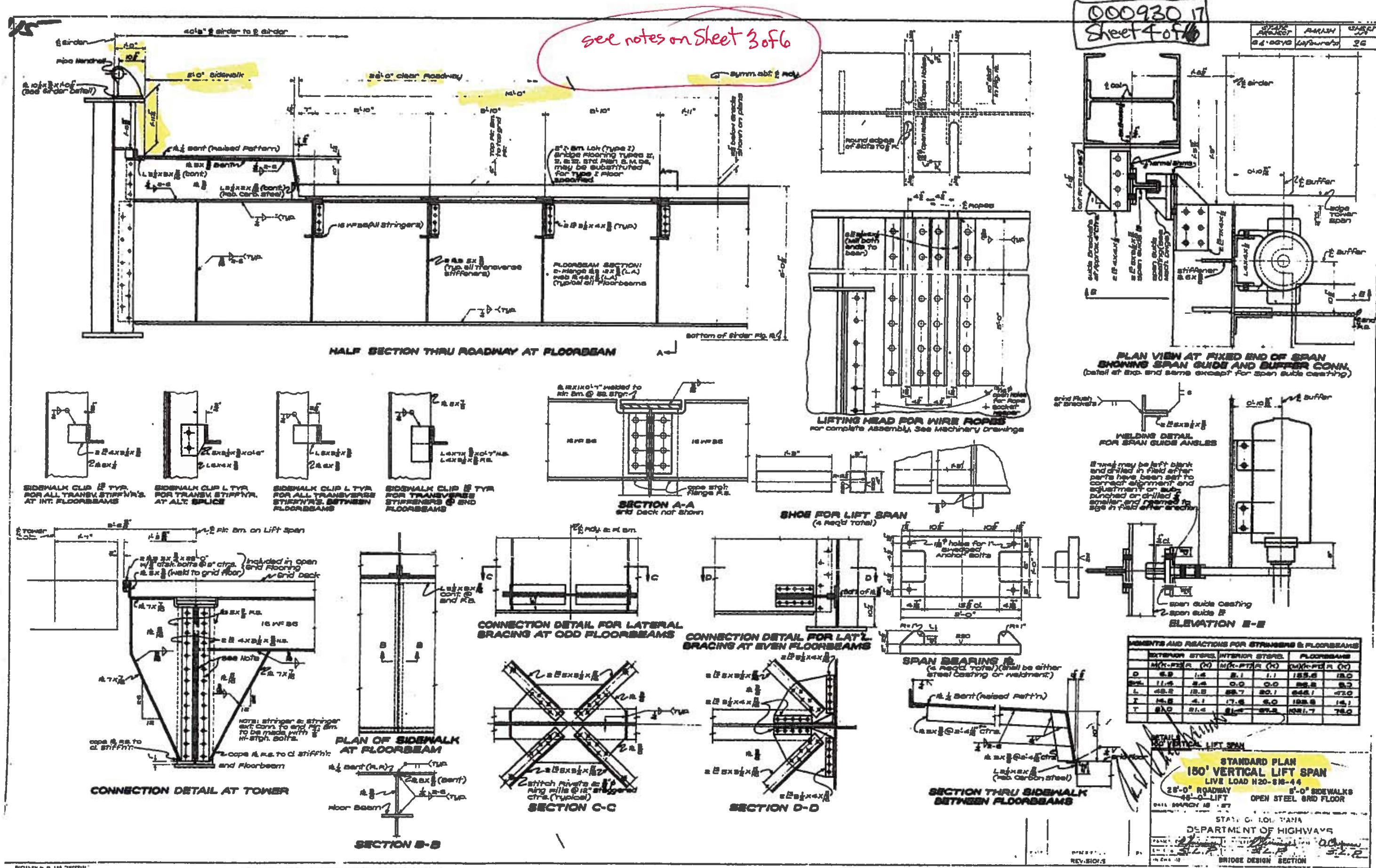
DIVISION ENGINEER DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF PUBLIC ROADS

SCHEDULE OF REVISIONS				
DATE	REVISION	DATE	RECOMMENDED	APPROVED





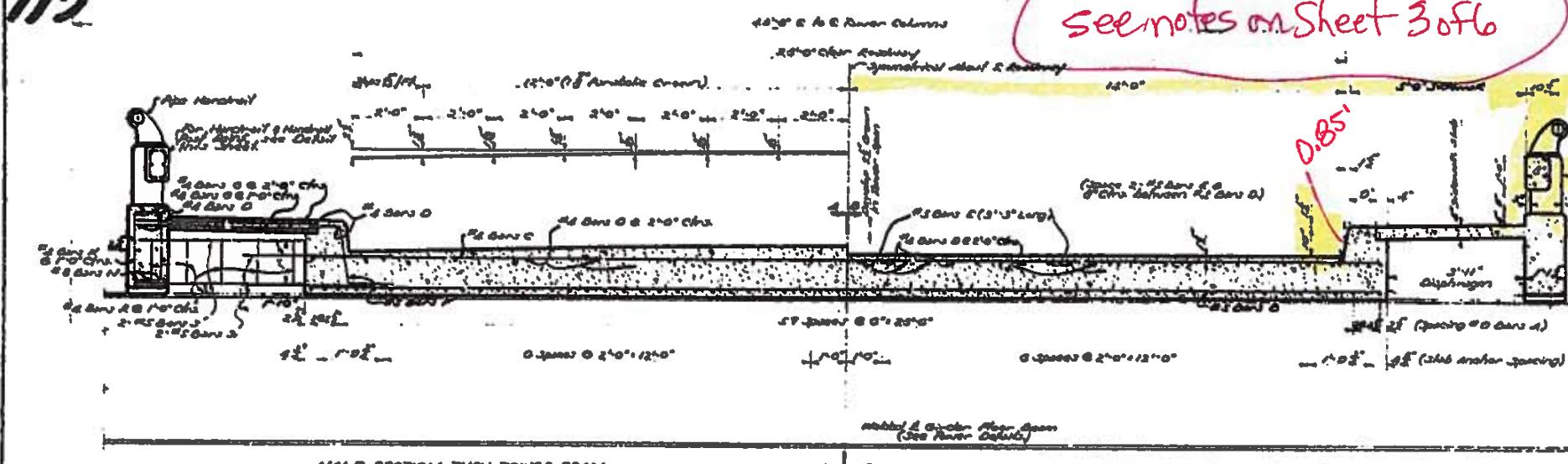




112

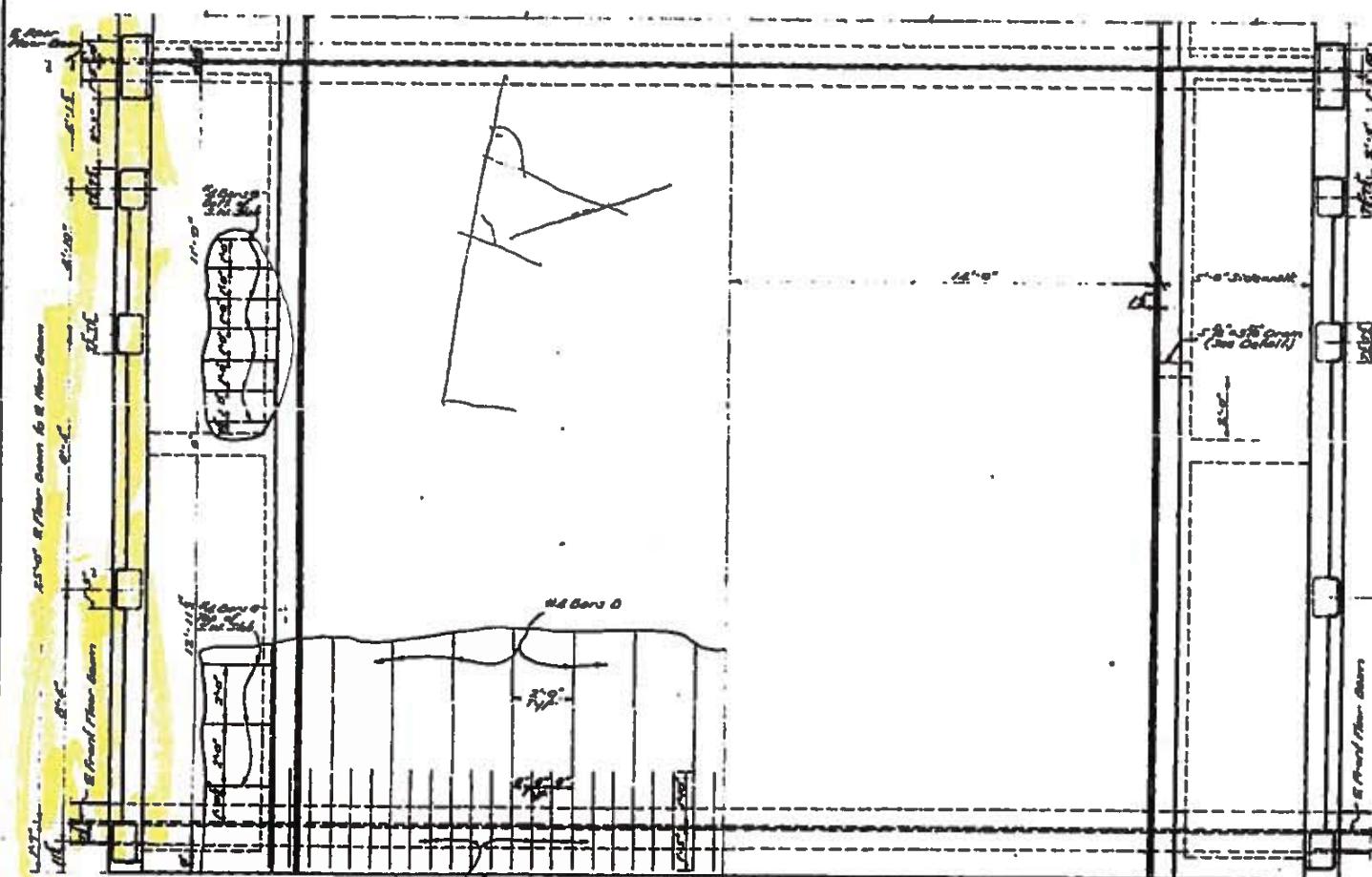
see notes on Sheet 3 of 6

000930
Sheet 5 of



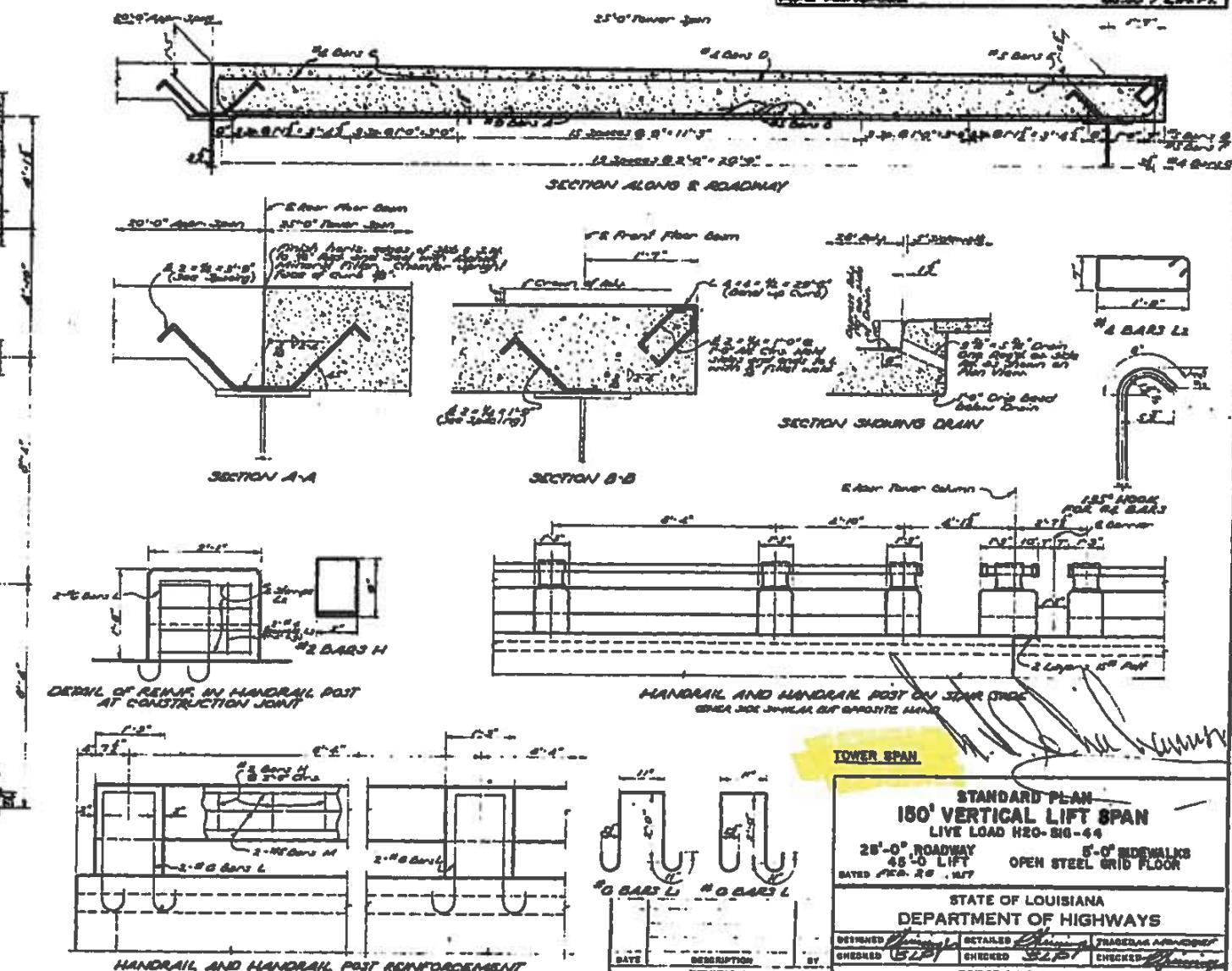
HALF SECTION THRU PONER SPAN
AT REAR FLOOR BEAM
SHOWING TYPICAL JOOMALK AND HANDRAIL ACCOMMODATION

HALF SECTION THRU FOWER SPAN
AT FRONT FLOOR BEAM
SHOWING TYPICAL JOISTING AND HANGING CONNECTION



HALF PLAN
SHOWING HORIZONTAL, ONE SIDE CARBONITE
AND REINFORCEMENT AS NOTED

HALF PLAN
SHOWING HORIZONTAL SECTIONS ON SIDE.



STANDARD PLAN
150' VERTICAL LIFT SPAN
LIVE LOAD H20-30-44
25'-0" ROADWAY
45'-0" LIFT
ENTER 450-25-15
5'-0" SIDEWALKS
OPEN STEEL GRID FLOOR

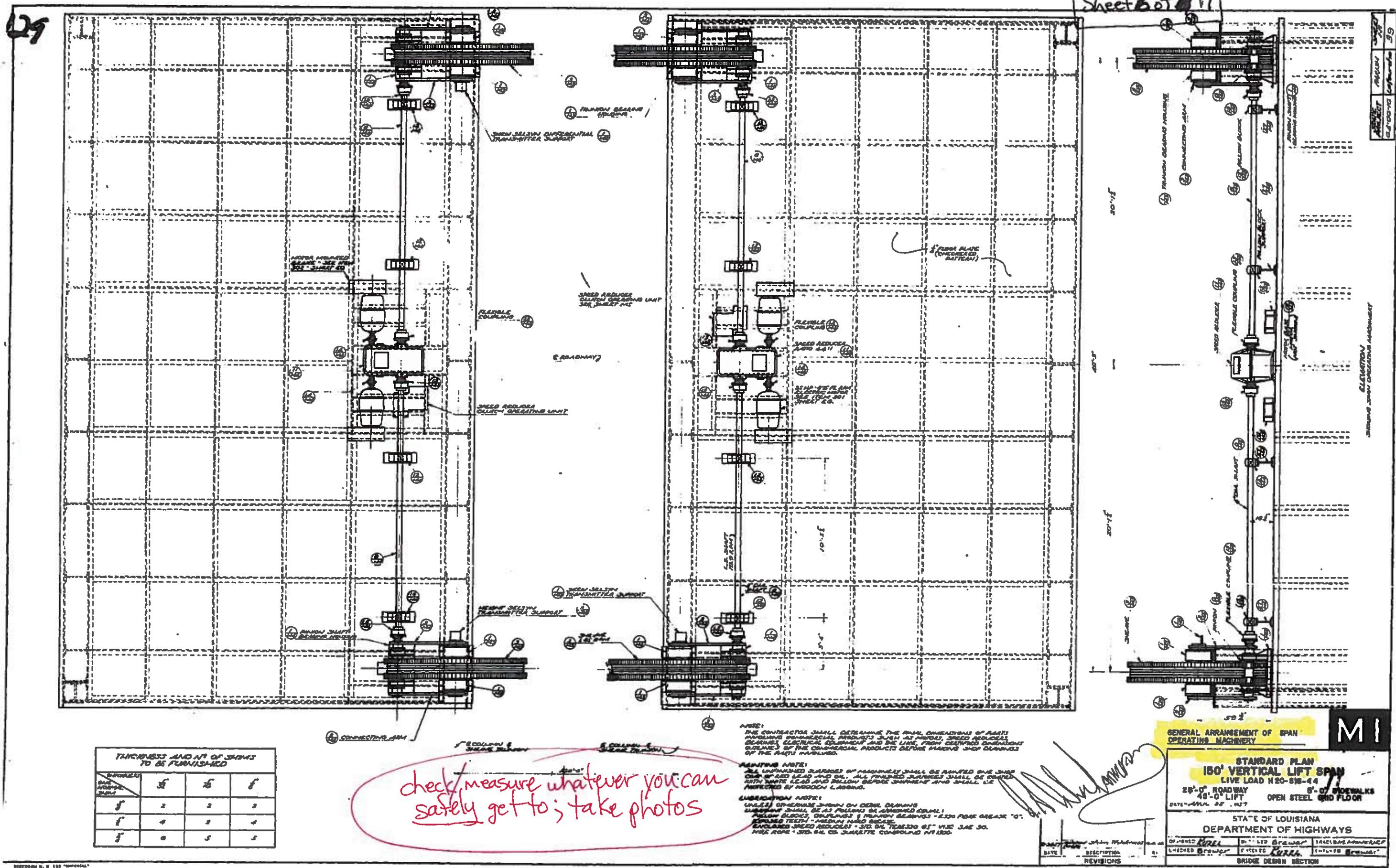
STATE OF LOUISIANA
DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS

DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS
DETAILED *Planning* TRADES AND METHODS

SEARCHED **INDEXED** **SERIALIZED** **FILED**

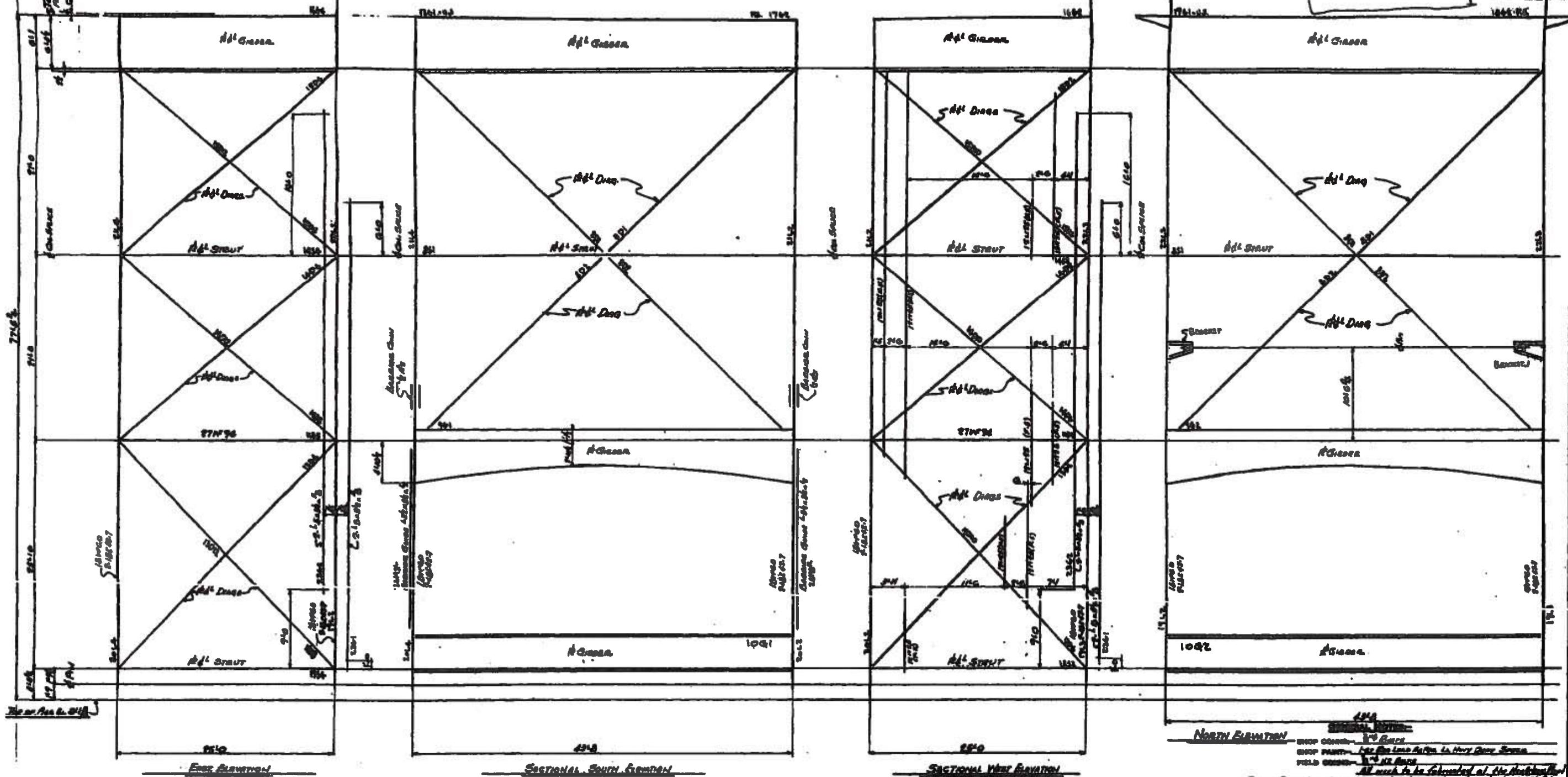
BRIDGE DESIGN SECTION

000930
Sheet 5 of 17



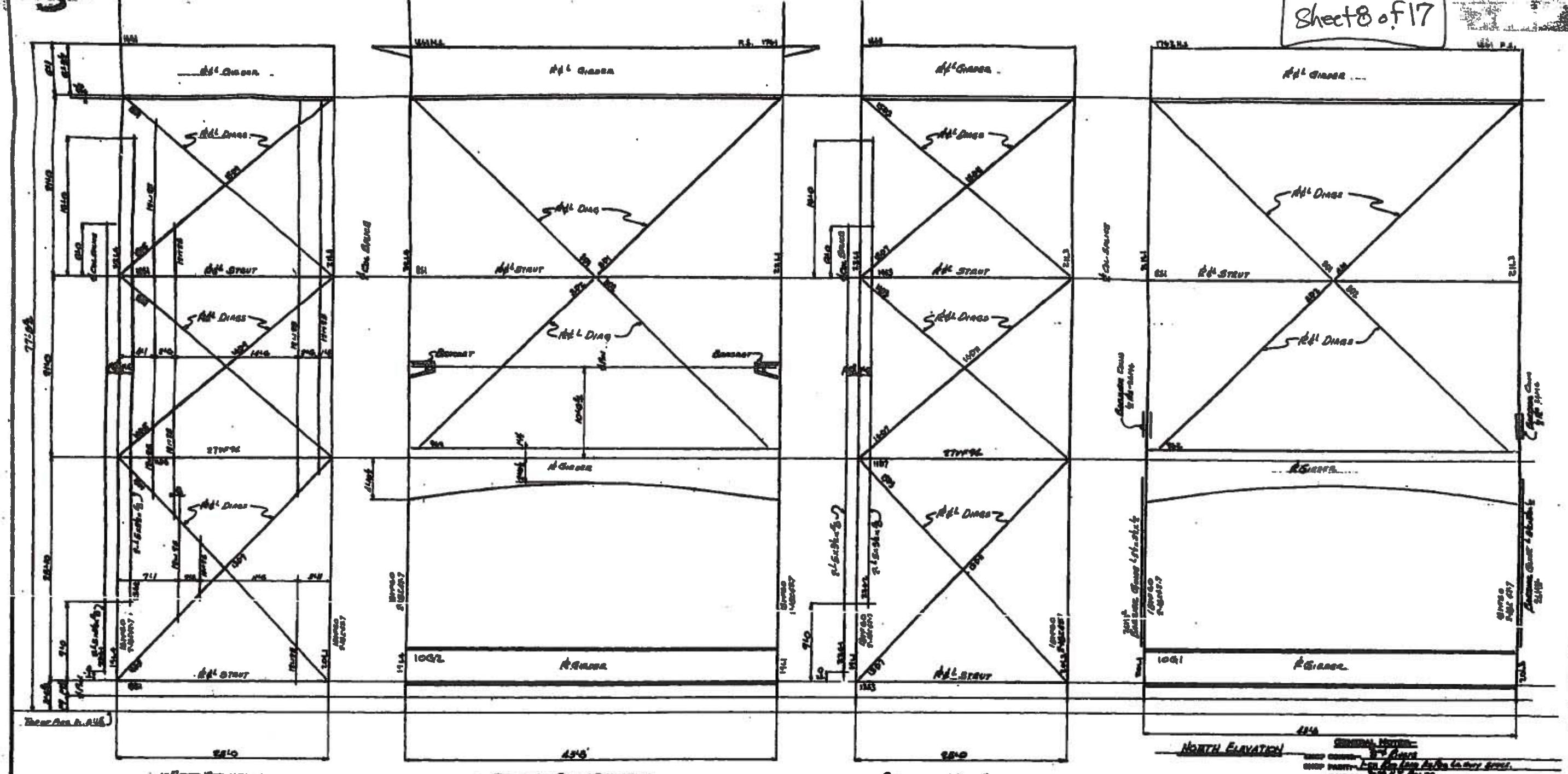
check/measure whatever you can
safely get to; take photos

000930
Sheet 7 of 17



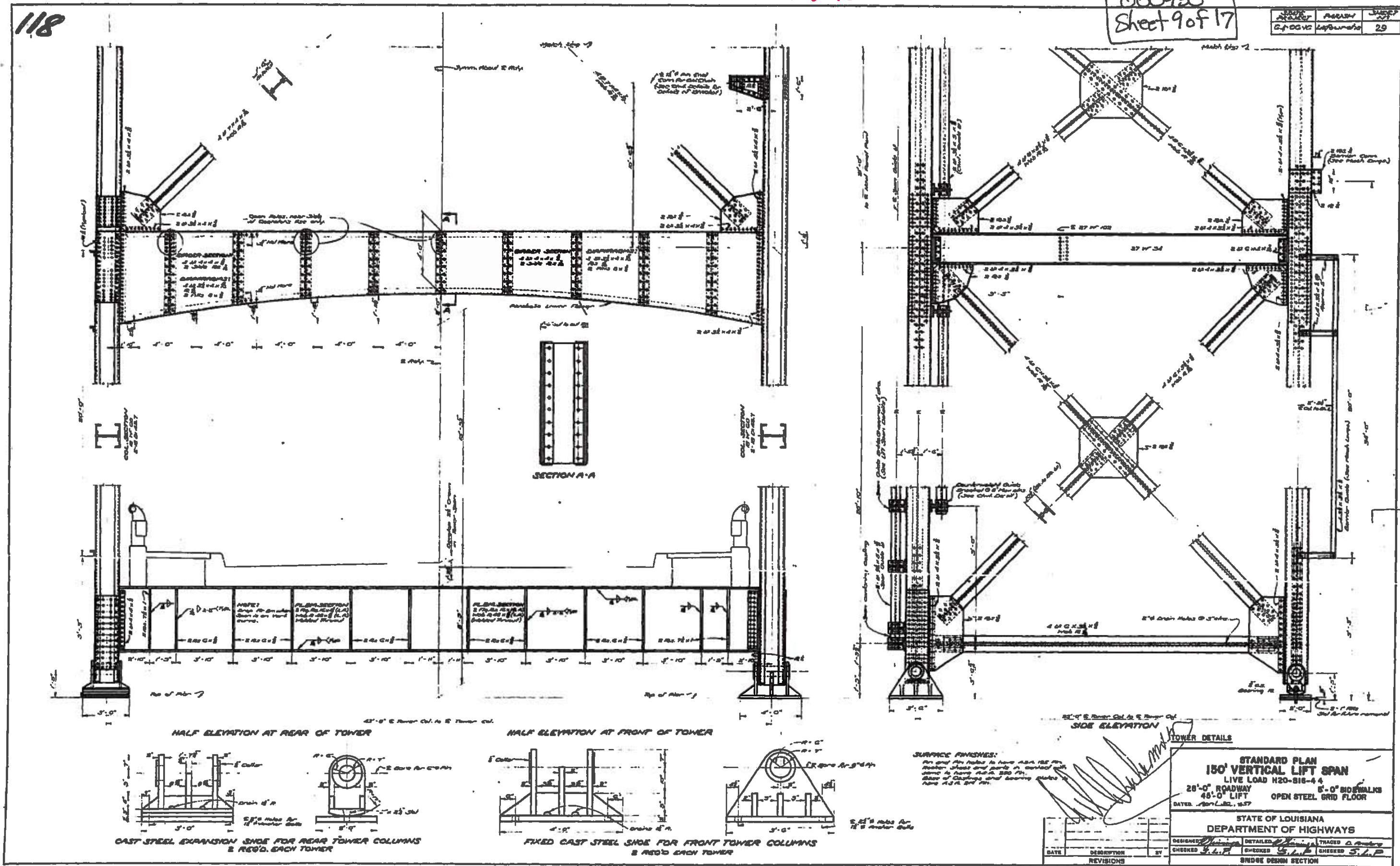
SOUTH TOWER ELEVATIONS

000930
Sheet 8 of 17



NORTH TOWER ELEVATIONS

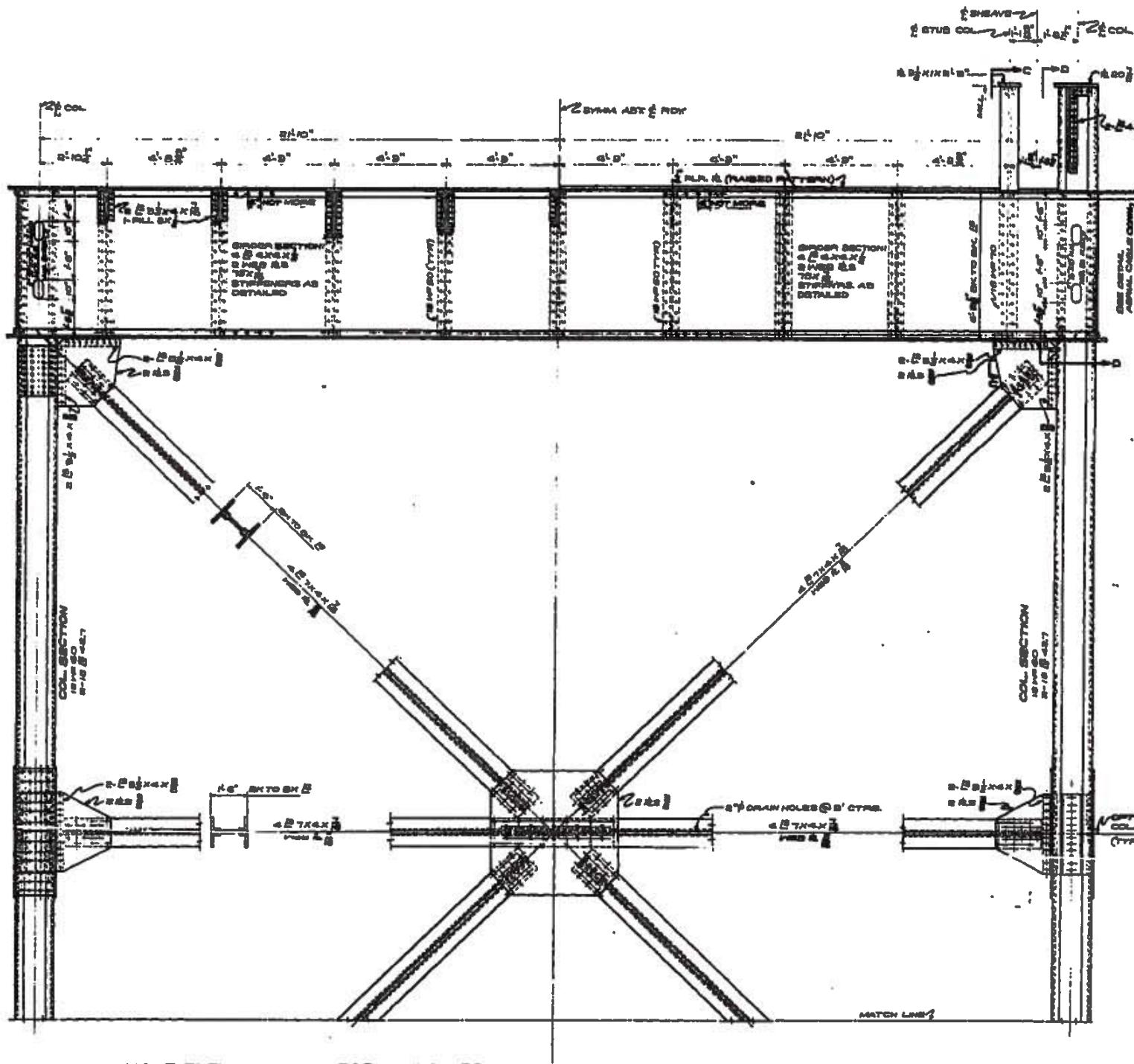
No Vehicle Hits



19

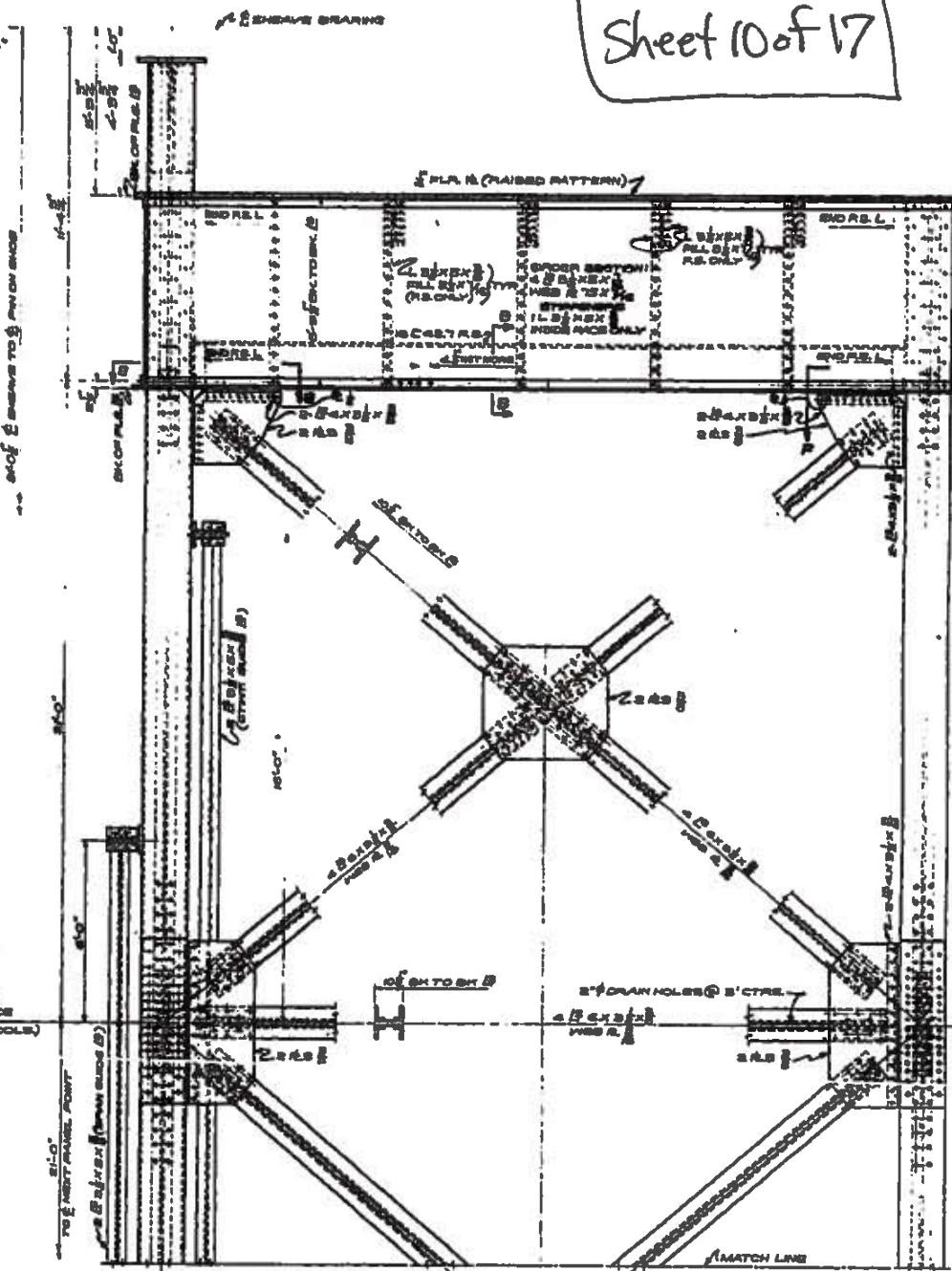
000930
Sheet 10 of 17

DRONE PROJECT	MARSH	JACOB MSP
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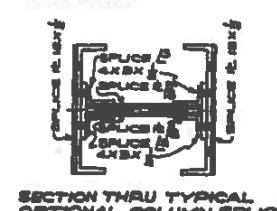


HALF ELEVATION AT REAR OF TOWER

HALF ELEVATION AT FRONT OF TOWER



SIDE ELEVATION



**SECTION THRU TYPICAL
OPTIONAL COLUMN SPLICE**

NOTE: SEE SHEET N° 7 OF 20

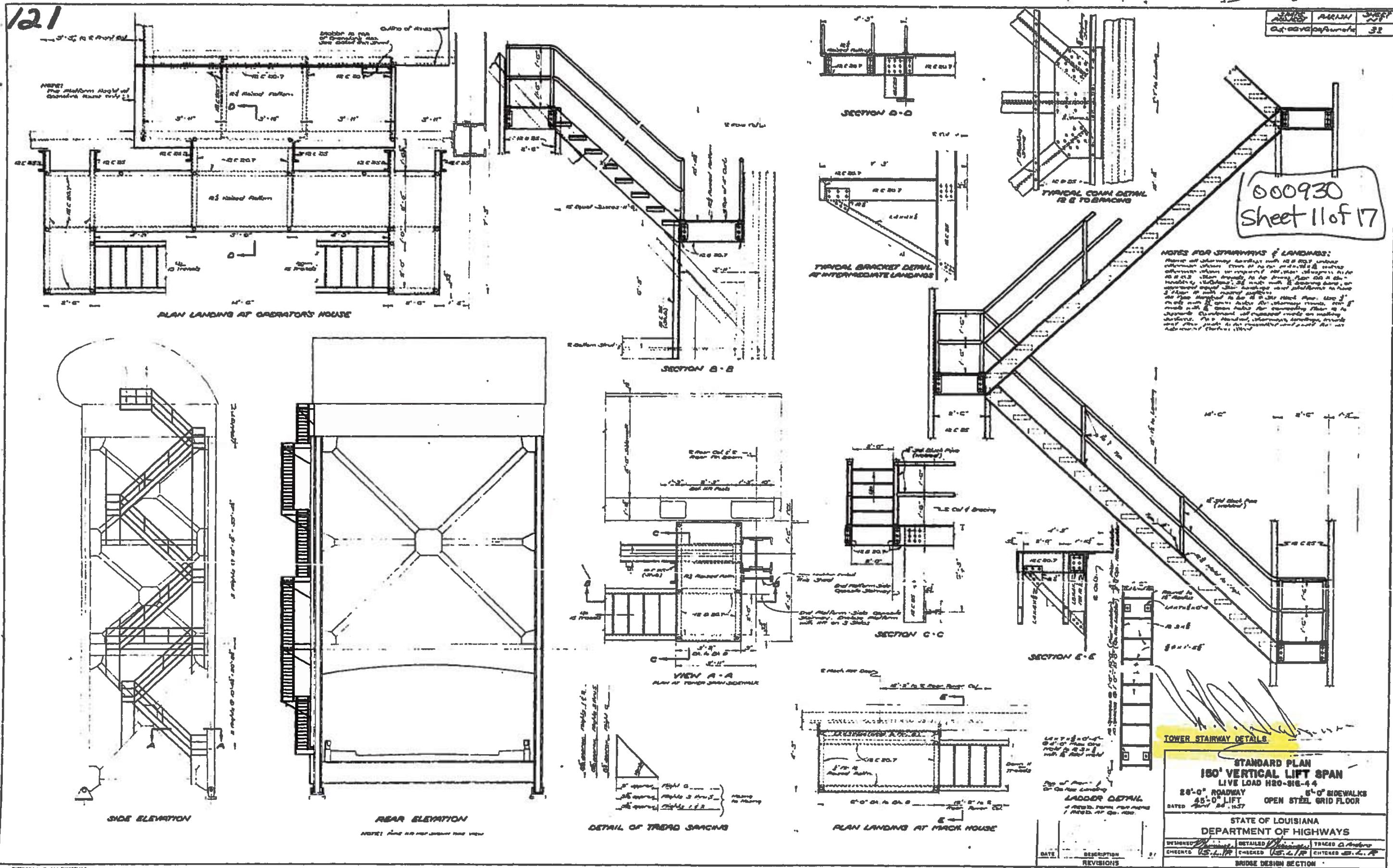
TOWER DETAILS

STANDARD PLAN
150' VERTICAL LIFT SPAN
LIVE LOAD H20-816-44
28'-0" ROADWAY **8'-0" SIDEWALKS**
45'-0" LIFT **OPEN STEEL GRID FLOOR**
DATE APRIL 28 1971
STATE OF MICHIGAN
DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS
BRIDGE DESIGN SECTION

SHEET 6 OF 26

SL50-150-28

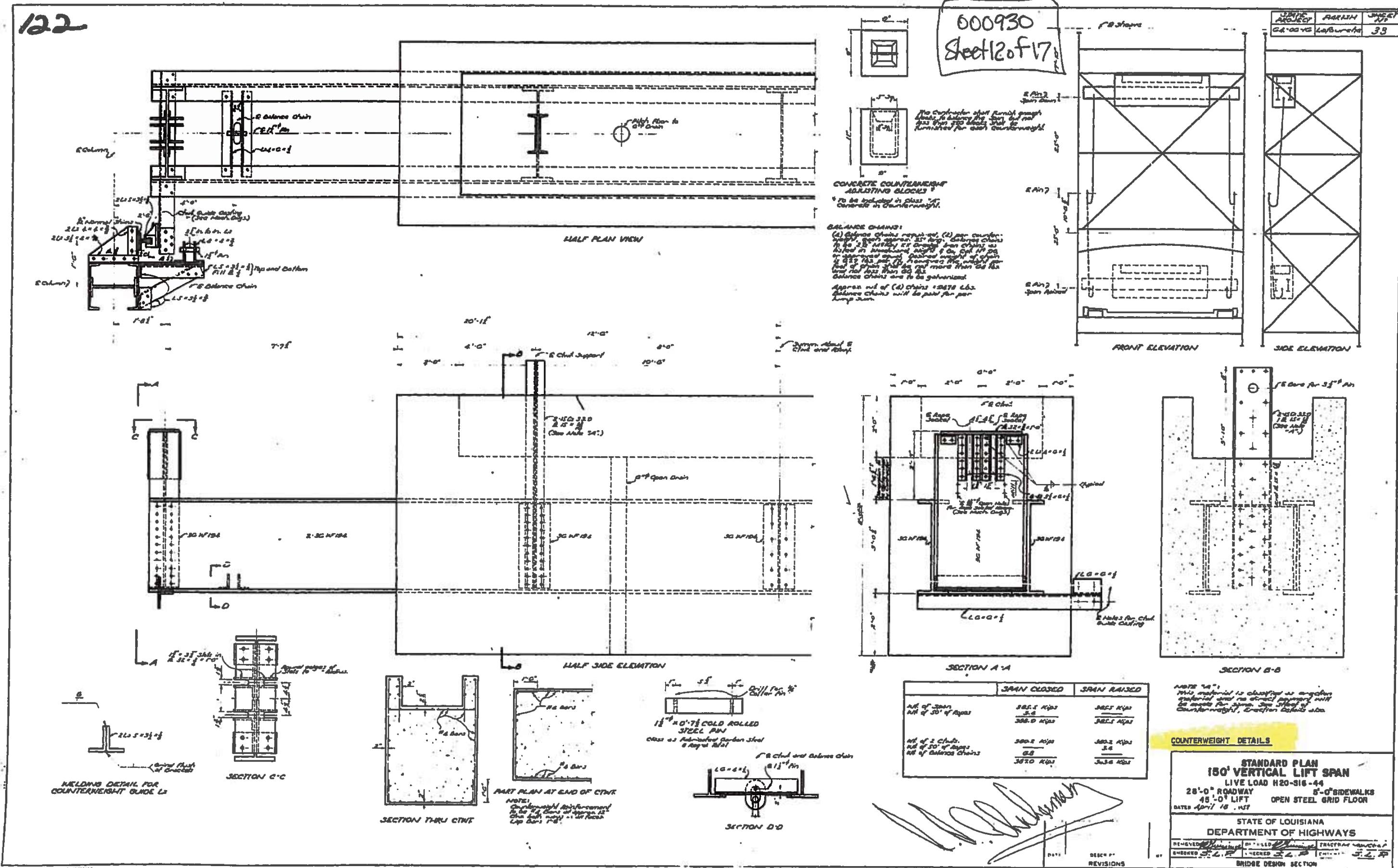
12



SHEET 8 OF 26

SL50-150-28

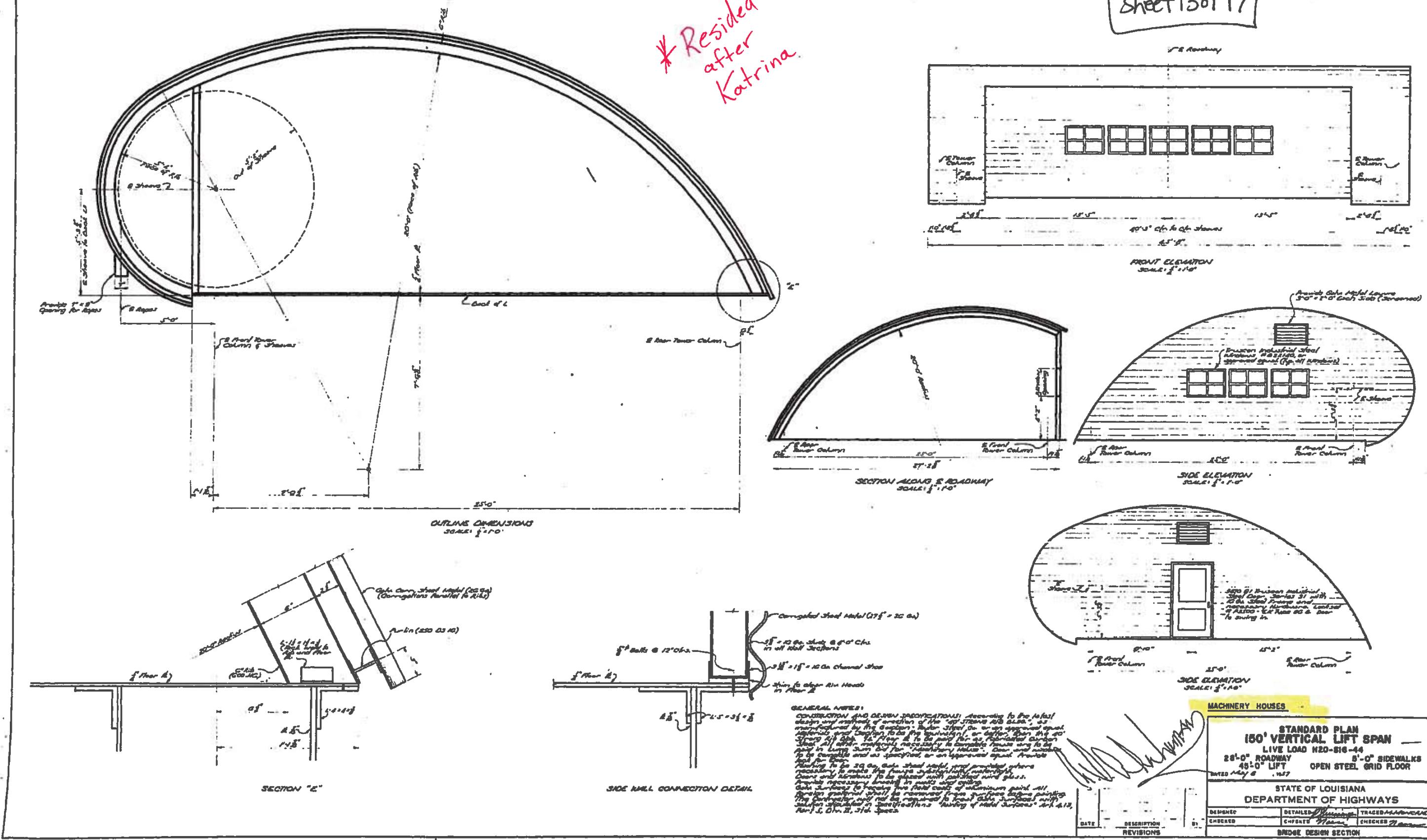
122

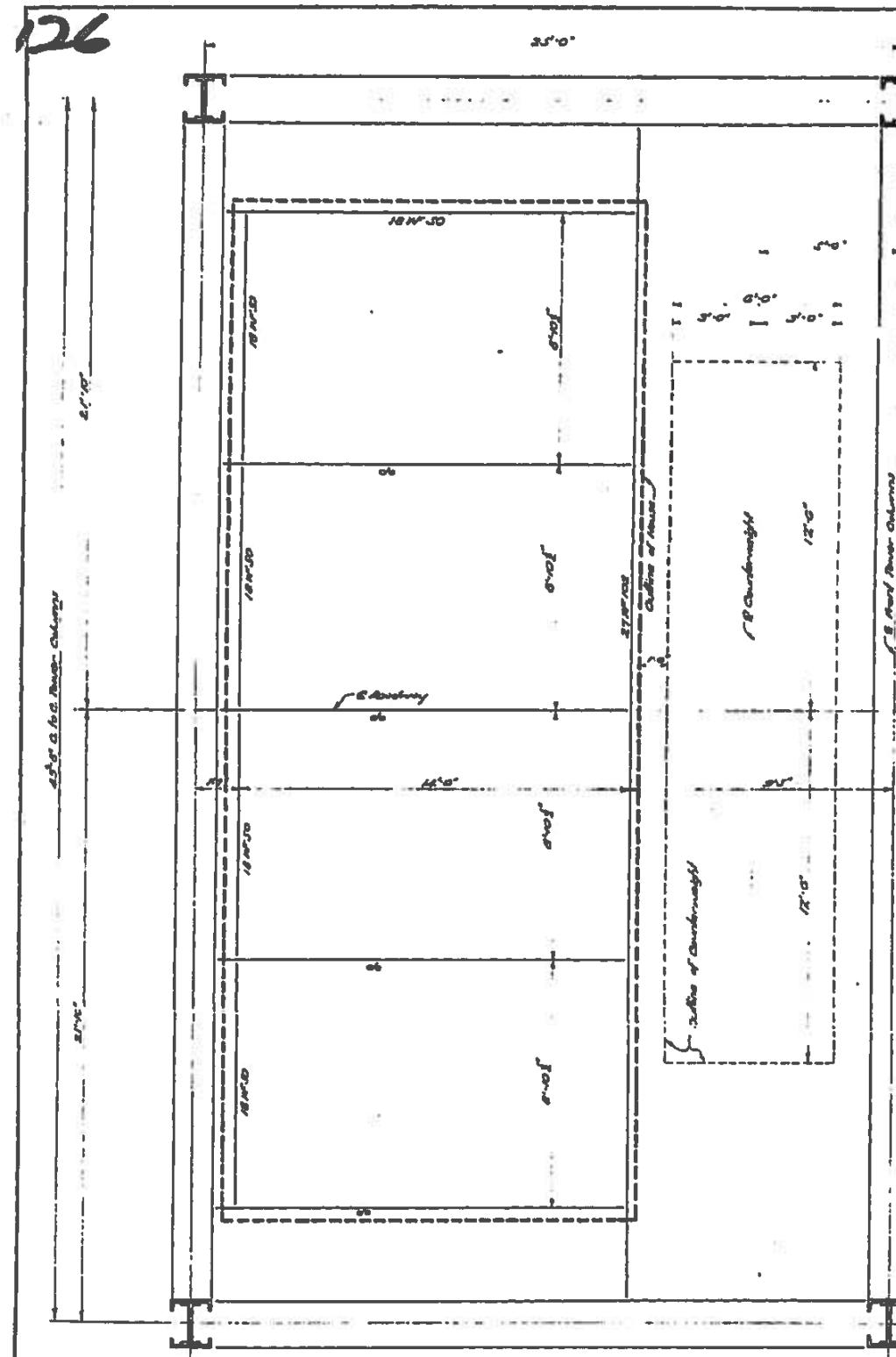


124

000930
Sheet 13 of 17

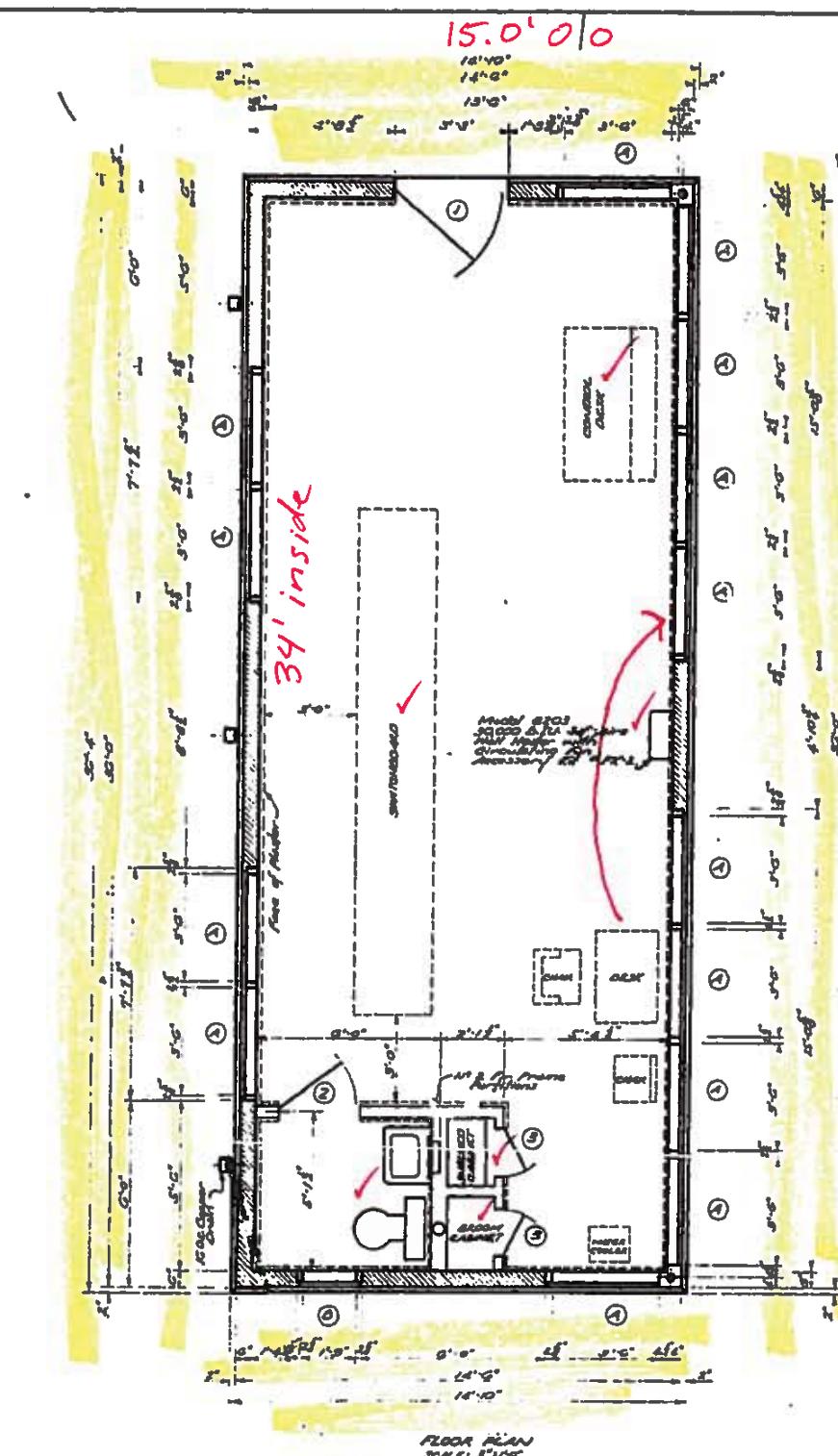
STATE PROJECT: 04-0010 PARISH: Lafourche SHEET NO: 35





DOOR AND WINDOW SCHEDULE				
MARK	SIZE	TYPE	STYLE	REMARKS
1	5'-6" x 7'-4" x 1"	Swing	4" Glass	Aluminum Frame
2	2'-0" x 6'-0" x 1"	Plant	Steel	Steel Metal Frame
3	4'-0" x 6'-0" x 1"	Plant	Steel	Steel Metal Frame
4	3'-0" x 5'-1"	Swing	8" Glass	Aluminum Frame GSS-15
5	1'-8" x 2'-3"	Swing	8" Glass	Aluminum Frame GSS-15

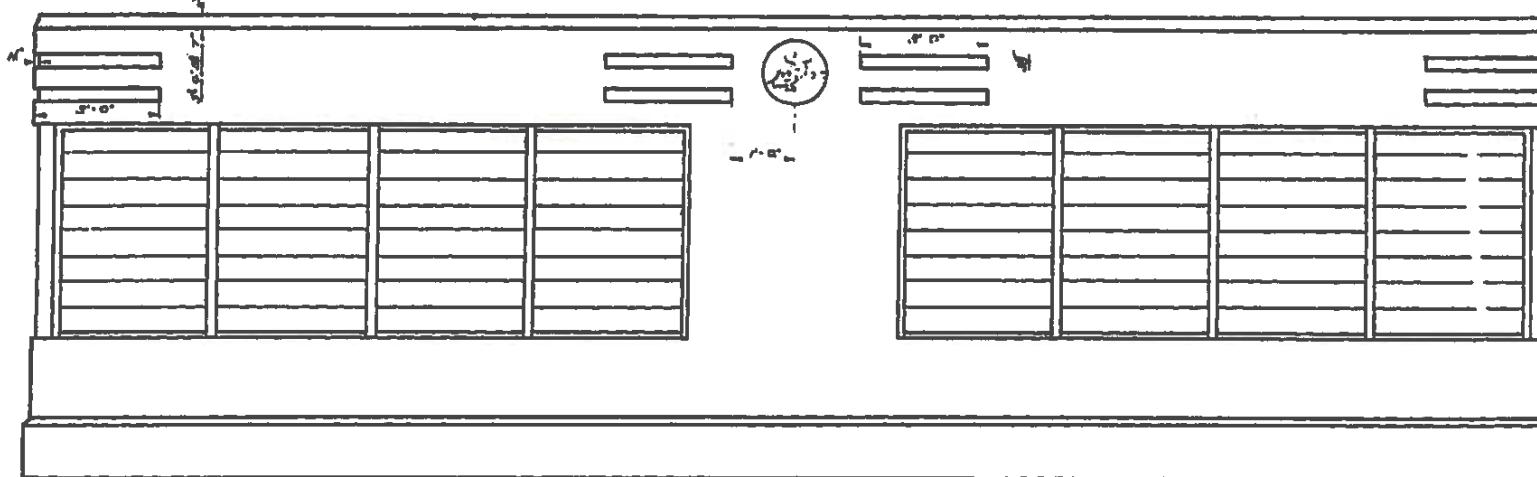
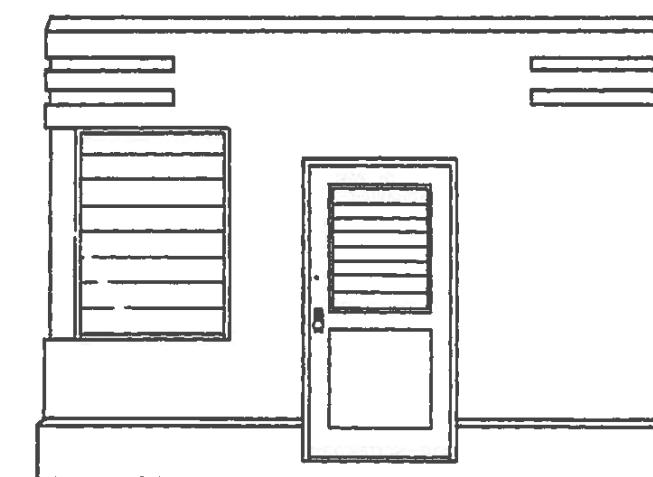
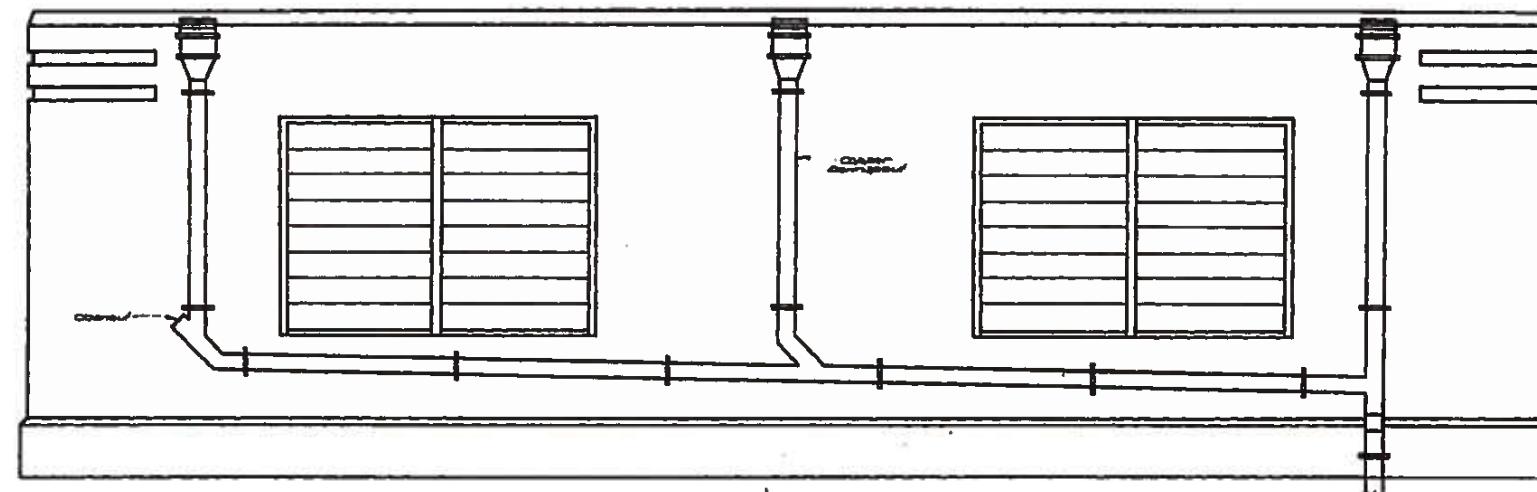
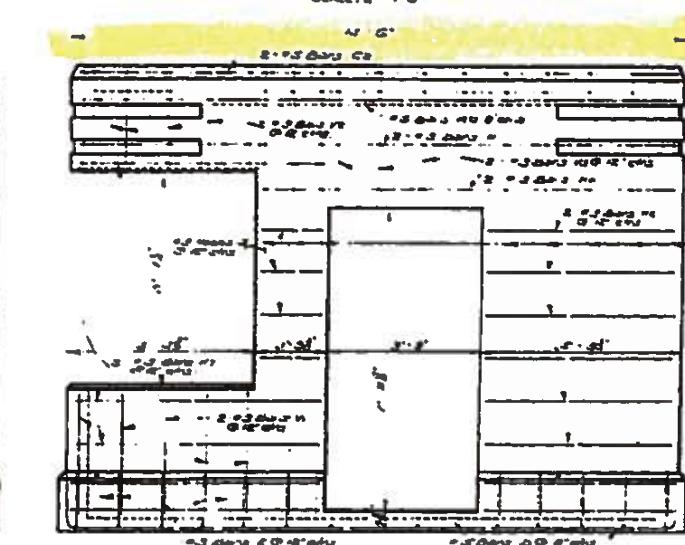
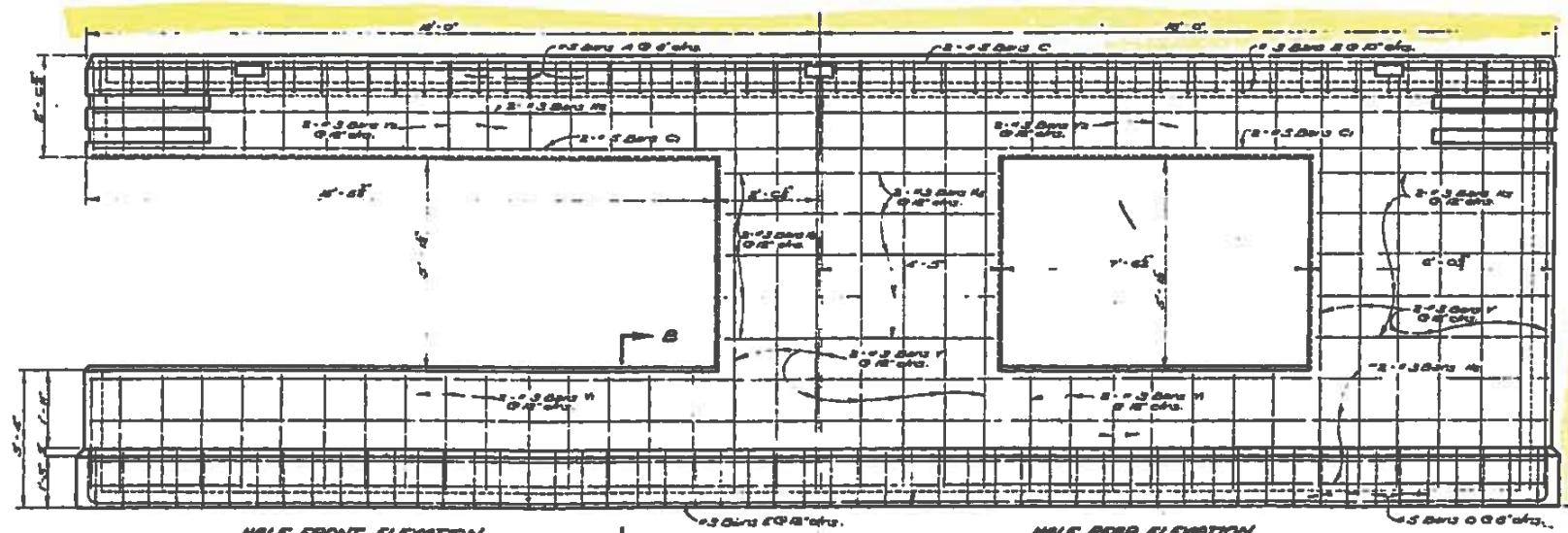
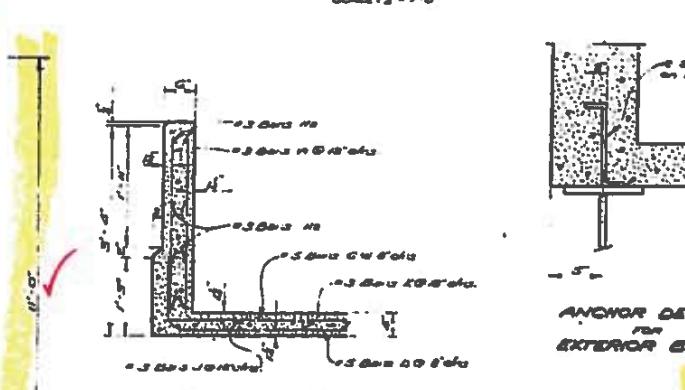
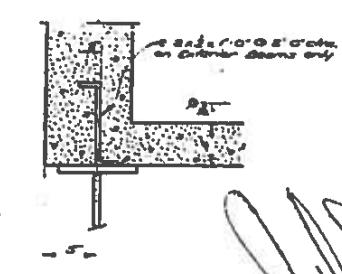
FINISH SCHEDULE							
ITEM	WALLS		CEILING	FLOOR	BASE	TRIM	ROOF
	OUTSIDE	INSIDE					
Holes	Plaster	Plaster	Plaster	Tiles	Tiles	Metal	For general exterior holes in concrete.
Toilet	-	W.C. Plaster	Plaster	Tiles	Tiles	Metal	-
Cabinets	Plaster	8" Mould	Plaster	Tiles	-	Metal	-



NOTE:
All aluminum surfaces to be plated in contact with or
facing to steel members shall be thoroughly cleaned
and given a light coat of zinc plating or
coatings. All aluminum surfaces to be placed in contact
with concrete shall be given a heavy coat of an approved
steel-resistant bituminous paint, or a coat of zinc chromate
paint and allowed to dry before placing on the concrete.

STANDARD PLAN 150' VERTICAL LIFT SPAN		
LIVE LOAD H20-S16-44 28'-0" ROADWAY 45'-0" LIFT DATED May 13 1977		5'-0" SIDEWALKS OPEN STEEL GRID FLOOR
STATE OF LOUISIANA DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS		
STANDARD PLAN DETAILED L-TYPE E-CROSS E-LINE C-CROSS R-LINE		
SECTION 1-1 SCALE: 1/4"	SECTION 2-2 SCALE: 1/4"	SECTION 3-3 SCALE: 1/4"
BRIDGE DESIGN SECTION		

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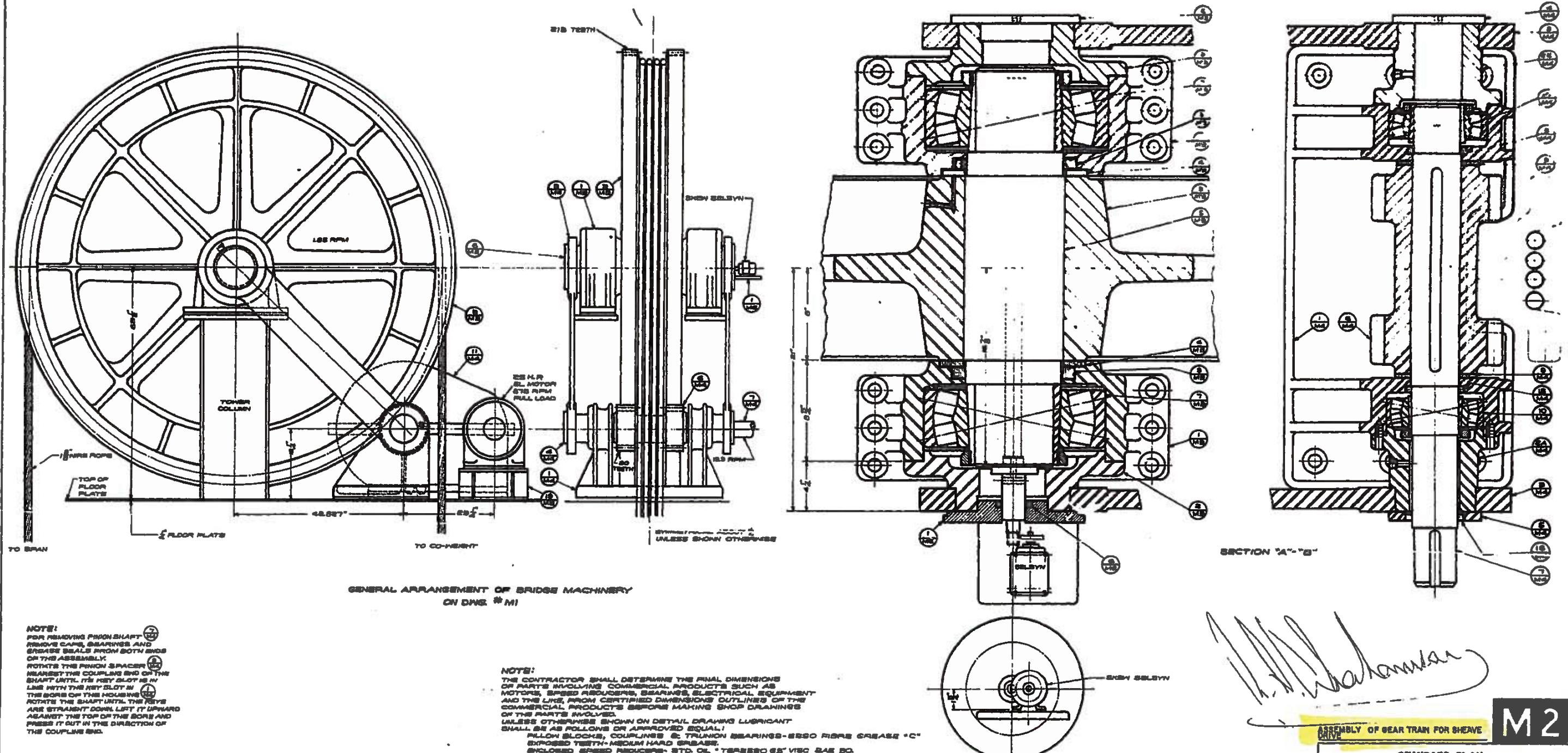
JULY 1967
PROJECT NUMBER
GATSBY'S LIFTERSPAN 37000930
Sheet 15 of 17FRONT ELEVATION
Scales 1:100SIDE ELEVATION
Scales 1:100REAR ELEVATION
Scales 1:100SIDE ELEVATION
Scales 1:100HALF FRONT ELEVATION
Scales 1:100
Scales 1:100HALF REAR ELEVATION
Scales 1:100
Scales 1:100SECTION B-B
Scales 1:100ANCHOR DETAILS
FOR EXTERIOR BEAMS

OPERATING HOUSE		
STANDARD PLAN 150' VERTICAL LIFT SPAN LIVE LOAD H20-80-44 26'-0" ROADWAY 45'-0" LIFT 5'-0" SIDEWALKS OPEN STEEL GRID FLOOR DATED May 13, 1957		
STATE OF LOUISIANA DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS		
DESIGNED BY	DETAILED BY	TRACED BY
SPECIFIED BY	CHECKED BY	CHECKED BY
BRIDGE DESIGN SECTION		

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Sheet 16 of 17

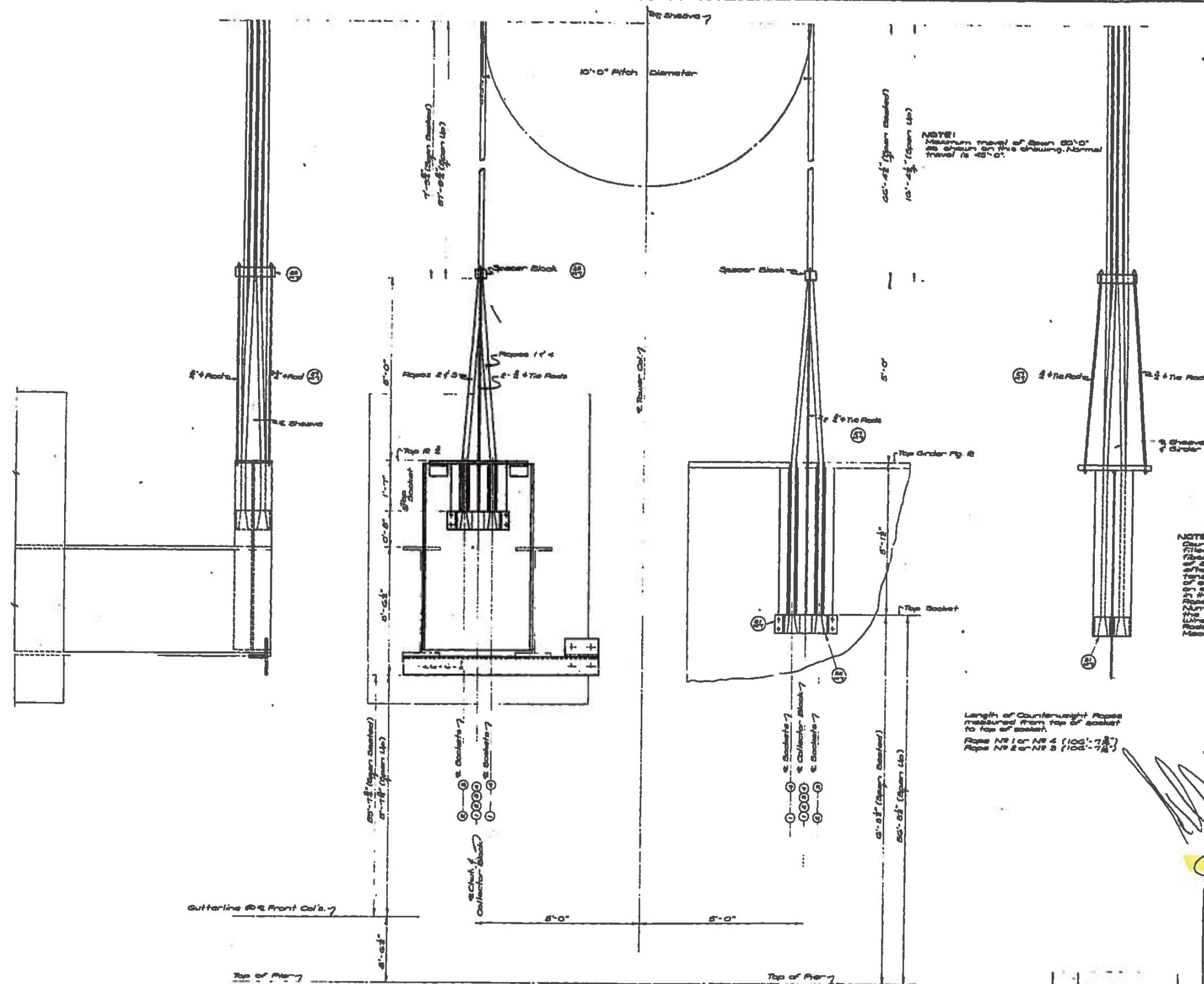
DATE	REVISION	SHEET
04-24-65	Edgar	60
DESIGNER	REVISOR	EDITION
Krusch	Krusch	Q. Captain



M2

STANDARD PLAN		
150' VERTICAL LIFT SPAN		
LIVE LOAD H20-816-44		
28'-0" ROADWAY	45'-0" LIFT	6'-0" SIDEWALKS
GATED PIDS. 82-1487 OPEN STEEL GRID FLOOR		
STATE OF LOUISIANA		
DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS		
DESIGNED Krusch	DETAILED Krusch	TRADED Q. Captain
CHECKED Brewster	CHECKED Brewster	CHECKED Brewster
BRIDGE DESIGN SECTION		

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Sheet 17 of 17

SHIPS PROJECT	AAR134	34567 NP
GE-00240	Lafourche	48

NOTES:
 Counterweight Ropes to be $\frac{1}{2}$ " diameter x .025
 fiber wire Improved plow steel wire rope with
 10,000 lbs. breaking strength
 and 2000 lbs. load. The ropes shall be tested
 after the attachment of the sockets under a
 tension of 25,000 lbs. and the Relaxed length
 of each rope free to toe of sockets shall be stamped
 on the end of the ropes. Counterweight Ropes shall be provided
 in the amount that will give desired Length of the Ropes
 vary from the Lengths shown in the Ropes
 Number shall be stamped on each socket and on
 the Counterweight arm Link Chain (Hinge point).
 All Counterweights, counterweight arms, Link Chain
 Ropes to be included in Item 6-61, Movable Bridge
 Machinery.

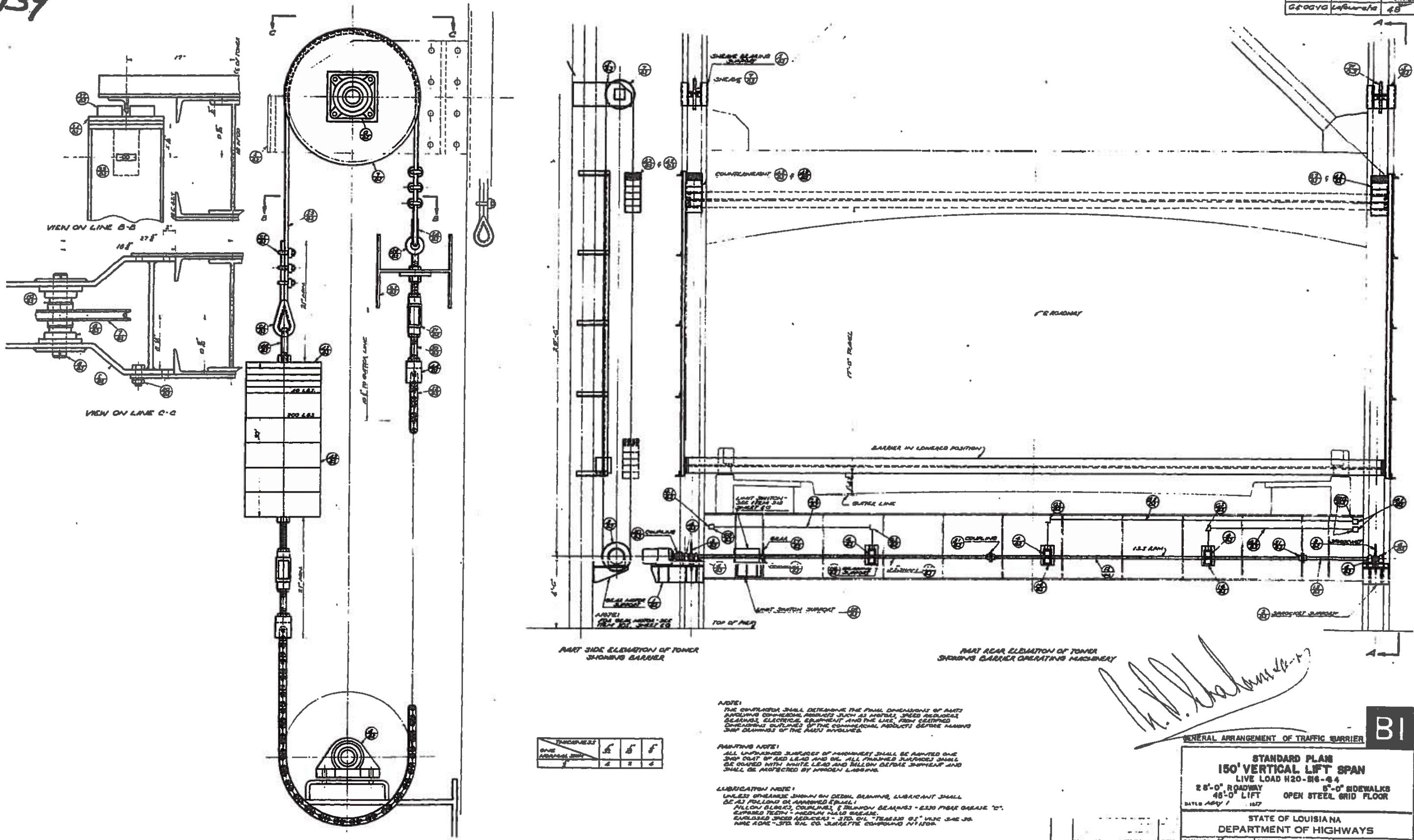
Length of Counterweight Ropes
measured from top of socket
to top of socket.

ARRANGEMENT OF COUNTERWEIGHT BOOMS

3 M10

STANDARD PLAN 150' VERTICAL LIFT SPAN <small>LIVE LOAD H2D-816-44</small>		
28'-0" ROADWAY	5'-0" SIDEWALKS	
45'-0" LIFT	OPEN STEEL GRID FLOOR	
<small>DATES 1977 - 1987</small>		
STATE OF LOUISIANA DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS		
PE-1516 <i>Phinney</i>	DETAILED <i>Phinney</i>	TRACED <i>Johnston</i>
FOLIO #1516	GRAPHED <i>Johnston</i>	CLOSERD <i>Johnston</i>
BRIDGE DESIGN SECTION		

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SECTION A

SEARCHED 44-9128 "MURKIN"

SHEET 25 OF 26

SL50-150-28