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March 9, 2026

Ms. Angela Marse, Administrator
Permit Compliance Unit
Water Enforcement Division
Office of Environmental Compliance
Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality
Post Office Box 4312
Baton Rouge, LA 70821-4312

RE: MS4 Annual Report
Permit Number: LAR043001
Agency Interest No: 108424

Dear Ms. Marse:

Enclosed, please find the 2025 MS4 Annual Report prepared by the Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development.

If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact myself or Mr. Tim Rupert at 225.242.4501 or 225.242.4541.

Sincerely,

Noel Ardoin, P.E.
Environmental Engineer Administrator

Attachment
NA:dt

c: Mr. E. Dauphine
ECU files

Permittee: Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development

Permit Number: LAR043001

Agency Interest No: 108424

Reporting Period: January 1, 2025 - December 31, 2025

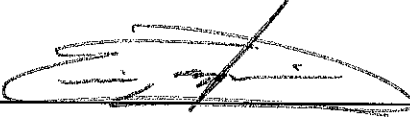


**Annual Report
for the
Louisiana Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (LPDES)
General Permit for Discharges from
Regulated Small Municipal Separate Storm Sewer Systems (MS4s)**

Due Date: March 10, 2026

Certification:

I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.

Signature: _____

Printed Name: Eric Dauphine, P.E.

Title: Assistant Secretary- Office of Project Delivery

Date: 3/9/26

Contact Information

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List of Acronyms

AASHTO	American Association of State Highways and Transportation Officials
AST	Aboveground Storage Tank
BMP	Best Management Practice
CSI	Certified Storm Water Inspector
EA	Environmental Assessment
ECU	Environmental Compliance Unit
EPA	Environmental Protection Agency
GIS	Geographic Information Systems
LADOTD	Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development
LDAF	Louisiana Department of Agriculture and Forestry
LDEQ	Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality
LPB	Louisiana Public Broadcasting
LPDES	Louisiana Pollutant Discharge Elimination System
LSWA	Louisiana Solid Waste Association
LTRC	Louisiana Transportation Research Center
LUSC	Louisiana Urban Stormwater Coalition
MCM	Minimum Control Measure
MEP	Maximum Extent Practicable
MS4	Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System
NHI	National Highway Institute
NOI	Notice of Intent
NPDES	National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System
O&M	Operation and Maintenance
PE	Project Engineer

List of Acronyms Continued

PSA	Public Service Announcement
SPC	Spill Prevention and Control
SWMP	Storm Water Management Plan
SWPPP	Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan
TTEC	Transportation Training and Education Center
UA	Urbanized Area

Executive Summary

A considerable amount of contaminants enter Louisiana waters from its highway drainage system per year. As the steward of Louisiana roads and bridges and therefore its drainage system, the Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development (LADOTD) has been proactive in preventing the further deterioration of the state's surface waters. This is being accomplished through the implementation of a broad storm water management program to address discharges from its drainage system, construction sites, and facilities, as mandated by the Louisiana Pollutant Discharge Elimination System General Permit for Discharges from Small Municipal Separate Storm Sewer Systems (MS4s), master general permit number LAR040000.

The permit challenges the permittee to develop best management practices (BMPs) or water pollution controls for each of the six minimum control measures listed below.

- Public Education and Outreach on Storm Water Impacts
- Public Involvement/Participation
- Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination
- Construction Site Storm Water Runoff Control
- Post-Construction Storm Water Management in New Development and Re-development
- Pollution Prevention/Good Housekeeping for Municipal Operations

Typically, the BMPs, whether structurally engineered devices or procedural policies, are put into practice in areas designated by the permitting authority, however the LADOTD has chosen to apply its BMPs statewide.

To remain in permit compliance, the report presented here includes major topics to address each of the six annual report requirements as stated in the permit. The LADOTD's annual report details the pollution prevention activities undertaken by the permittee during the 2025 calendar year to reduce the pollutants entering its MS4 as well as limiting the polluted discharge from its MS4 to area water bodies.

Introduction:

In 1972, polluted point source discharges to the waters of the United States were prohibited unless authorized by the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permitting system. Originally, improvements to water quality focused on limiting industrial wastewater discharges and sanitary sewerage overages. However, it became evident that poor water quality was caused by more than these two processes alone. It was later recognized that polluted storm water runoff was a major contributor to impaired surface waters.

Polluted storm water runoff is collected, transported, and ultimately discharged to nearby surface waters without treatment. Common contaminants found in runoff include litter, sediment, and oil. In response to increasing runoff concerns, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and state permitting authorities were tasked with implementing a two phased approach to address storm water discharges.

Phase I of the storm water program regulated discharges from medium and large municipal separate storm sewer systems (MS4s), construction activity that disturbs 5 or more acres of land, and ten categories of industrial activity. With the addition of the Phase II Rule, the reach of the storm water program was strengthened by authorizing the discharge of storm water from small MS4s and construction sites that disturb at least 1 acre of land.

Though the storm water program was implemented in two stages, Phase I and II, the program is typically divided into three basic components, municipal, industrial, and construction. Because of the Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development (LADOTD) massive operations, it functions in all three of these areas. The LADOTD holds several storm water permits for its construction projects, facilities, and highway drainage systems.

As required by the Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality (LDEQ), the state's permitting authority; the LADOTD submitted a notice of intent (NOI) in March 2003 requesting coverage for discharges from its MS4. The LDEQ granted the LADOTD statewide permit coverage under its Louisiana Permit Discharge Elimination System (LPDES) which was modeled after the NPDES in May 2003. The LPDES permitting mechanism charged the permittee to develop a comprehensive storm water management program that was designed to reduce the amount of runoff discharged to surface waters as well as the amount of pollutants within the discharge itself to the maximum extent practicable (MEP) in each of its urbanized areas (UAs) and the regulated areas designated by the LDEQ. This was to be achieved through developing best management practices (BMPs) for each of the six required minimum control measures (MCMs). Through evaluation of measurable goals, the effectiveness of the BMPs in meeting water quality requirements can be determined.

As a small MS4 operator in fifteen areas throughout the state, the LADOTD has chosen to write its storm water management plan (SWMP) in a manner that all BMPs are implemented statewide and not just in the permitted MS4s. However, for the purpose of this report, the cities listed below will be addressed as required by the permit:

- Alexandria urbanized area
- Baton Rouge urbanized area
- Houma urbanized area
- Lafayette urbanized area
- Lake Charles urbanized area
- Mandeville-Covington urbanized area
- Monroe urbanized area
- New Orleans urbanized area
- Shreveport urbanized area
- Slidell urbanized area
- LDEQ-designated regulated area of Abbeville
- LDEQ-designated regulated area of Bastrop
- LDEQ-designated regulated area of Hammond
- LDEQ-designated regulated area of Morgan City
- LDEQ-designated regulated area of Natchitoches

The activities undertaken during the first four years following the initial authorization under the 2002 general permit include, but are not limited to, developing a construction inspection program, educating the public via TV, print, and internet, and locating outfalls within the regulated areas to create a storm sewer system map. At the permit's expiration, the permittee had not completed all of the activities scheduled during that permit term; however, it had fulfilled the primary requirement of having adopted and executed a SWMP.

The LDEQ renewed the LADOTD's MS4 permit to the permittee on September 1, 2018. As the permittee entered this fourth permit term, the LADOTD modified its original implementation schedule to include new goals and to reflect progress made from the previous permit term. Per the 2018 permit, the LADOTD is required to conduct at a minimum, a yearly review of the storm water management program in preparation for the annual report. During the review period, the efficacy of all BMPs is evaluated using the established measurable goals. The results of the review and any changes made to the SWMP are then presented in the annual report.

Per Part V.C. of the 2018 general permit, the annual report must address the following requirements:

1. The status of compliance with permit conditions;
2. Results of information collected and analyzed, if any, during the reporting period, including any monitoring data used to assess the success of the program at reducing the discharge of pollutants to the MEP;
3. A summary of the storm water activities you plan to undertake to comply with the permit during the next reporting cycle (including an implementation schedule);
4. Any changes made during the reporting period to your SWMP, including control measures initiated in response to a new wasteload allocation;
5. Notice that you are relying on another government entity to satisfy some of your permit obligations (if applicable) consistent with LAC 33:IX.2525; and

6. Any other information requested by the state administrative authority.

This annual report has been prepared to comply with the above conditions.

Program Evaluation

The section entitled *Program Evaluation* will fulfill the below annual report requirement from the 2018 general permit.

The status of compliance with permit conditions, an assessment of the appropriateness of your identified best management practices (BMPs), progress towards achieving the statutory goal of reducing the discharge of pollutants to the MEP, and the measurable goals for the MCMs.

Because the above requirement addresses several elements, the permittee has chosen to separate the requirement so that each component may be fully addressed.

Status of Compliance

The LADOTD's storm water management program was reviewed in its entirety and then compared to the mandates set forth in the 2018 general permit. After completing the required self-assessment, the LADOTD has determined that the permittee is in compliance.

BMP Assessment

During the annual evaluation of the SWMP, data is collected and analyzed to yield performance indicators. A performance indicator is a measurement of the effectiveness of the BMP relative to the MCM. It is used to determine if MCM improvements are needed. MCM improvements are achieved through the elimination and addition of BMPs. As a result of the self-assessment for the 2025 calendar year, the permittee has determined the BMPs developed satisfactorily address the required MCMs.

Progress towards Achieving the Statutory Goal

Per permit requirements, the LADOTD is mandated to reduce pollutants in storm water runoff to the MEP through the use of various BMPs. BMP efficacy is determined through data collection and evaluation. Additionally, the permittee conducts research on emerging technologies to determine the usefulness of new products and to ascertain if its value will be beneficial for future use. Because of continuous research efforts, the LADOTD remains current in its approach to handling polluted runoff. The permittee will continue to make significant strides in reducing polluted discharge to the MEP.

Measurable Goals for each of the MCMs

Measurable goals are quantifiable measurements that indicate effort, i.e. website traffic, miles swept, etc. This data tracked over time used in conjunction with performance indicators will quantitatively indicate the effectiveness of each BMP. Identification of productive versus non-productive BMPs allows the permittee to make necessary changes to strengthen its storm water management program. The measurable goals developed for each MCM are detailed in the section entitled Summary of Minimum Control Measures.

Summary of Minimum Control Measures

The section entitled *Summary of Minimum Control Measures* will fulfill the below annual report requirement from the 2018 general permit.

Results of information collected and analyzed, if any, during the reporting period, including any monitoring data used to assess the success of the program at reducing the discharge of pollutants to the MEP.

The results presented here represent the cumulative efforts of the permittee in all fifteen permitted areas, however, to obtain area specific information refer to Appendix A. A measurable goals output table has been created for each urbanized and regulated area listing the data collected for each BMP for the 2025 calendar year. The activities for each minimum control measure are summarized below.

MCM: Public Education and Outreach on Storm Water Impacts

The permittee has developed six BMPs with a corresponding measurable goal to achieve compliance with the above MCM, public education and outreach of storm water impacts. The targeted audiences for the following BMPs are traveling motorists on Louisiana highways, homeowners, schools, and businesses. Sources for stormwater pollution include, but are not limited to, paper, cigarette butts, trash, pet waste, used oil, paint/petroleum products, fertilizers, pesticides, and yard debris. The results, if any, of each BMP are presented below.

BMP: Flyers and Brochures

BMP Description: Design and publish flyers and/or brochures for the purpose of educating the public on various storm water related topics.

Summary of Results:

The permittee reproduced the brochure developed by the EPA entitled, *After the Storm*. The brochure provides an overview of the various sources of storm water pollution, the effect of contaminants on water bodies, and suggestions to the reader on how to prevent polluted runoff. An example of the brochure used by the LADOTD is provided in Appendix B.

A second brochure, *Understanding Stormwater*, provides a general overview of what storm water pollution is, its sources, and the problems associated with it. The brochure further details pollution prevention tips while traveling, and ways to get involved such as volunteering in our "Adopt-A Road Program" and LADOTD contact information to report any illegal activities. An example of the brochure is provided in Appendix B. During 2025, fifty (50) of each brochure were distributed at the Atchafalaya Rest Area in Lafayette, LA.

In addition to the brochures, the LDEQ designed poster titled *Make Changes, Be the Solution!* is displayed at some LADOTD maintenance facilities. The poster communicates to the reader, simple tasks that can assist in limiting contaminants in storm water discharges. The use of these locations was two-fold in that it provided an educational opportunity to local residents and the permittee's employees as well. An example of the poster in use is provided in Appendix C.

BMP: Storm Water Quality Website

BMP Description: Design and maintain a website to educate individuals on the impact of storm water runoff.

Summary of Results:

The permittee developed a website completely dedicated to the topic of storm water. The topics covered on the website include the following:

- MS4 Defined
- Examples of BMPs
- MS4 Annual Reports
- Examples of Illicit Discharges
- Urbanized Area Maps
- Contact LADOTD/Report Discharge Mechanism

As of November 14, 2006, the traffic to the website has been continuously monitored and to date has had 10,427 visitors. Of the total views, 307 occurred in 2025. The website can be found at the following address:

<https://www.dotd.la.gov/about/office-of-project-delivery/planning/environmental/environmental-compliance/ms4-municipal-separate-storm-sewer-systems/>

BMP: Public Service Announcements

BMP Description: Develop and broadcast a storm water related public service announcement (PSA).

Summary of Results:

The permittee has produced a 30-second PSA for television focusing on the impact of runoff from Louisiana's highway system. The PSA also provides tips to the listener on how to prevent storm water related pollution. The verbiage of the PSA is given below:

Each year, DOTD's litter pick up programs remove more than 231 thousand 55-gallon drums of trash from our roadways. Litter is an eye sore and a major pollutant to our waterways. You can make a difference by repairing fluid leaks in your vehicle, cleaning out truck beds, and bagging and disposing of trash in designated containers. Clean highways today, mean better highways tomorrow.

The permittee has contracted with the Louisiana Public Broadcasting (LPB) station to broadcast the above LADOTD developed PSA. The contract covered the 2025 calendar year. The contract term was from January 1, 2025 to December 31, 2025. The contract stipulates that the PSA will be aired 1-2 times per month during the year-long schedule. However, the PSA was not broadcast during the 2025 year due to

contract processing issues. The PSA will resume airing in 2026. A copy of the contract is provided in Appendix D.

The contract between the permittee and LPB provides the LADOTD an opportunity to be featured in the LPB *Visions* magazine. The LADOTD re-ran a 305-word article titled, Litter: Be Part of the Solution, Not the Pollution. The article appeared in the August 2025 *Visions* publication, Volume 49, Issue 8, page 30. A copy of the article can be found in Appendix D.

BMP: Impacts of Illegal Dumping and Littering

BMP Description: Develop and distribute various public education materials that focus on illegal dumping.

Summary of Results:

The permittee uses a variety of methods to publicize the impact of illegal dumping and littering. Prints, television ads, as well as electronic media are used by the LADOTD to inform the public of the sources and effects of dumping and littering on area surface waters. The statewide circulation of the *After the Storm* brochure, the display of the Make Changes, Be the Solution! Poster, the PSA developed for television broadcast, which also has been made available for online viewing, and the LADOTD developed website, all include verbiage on both subjects. The permittee has its catch basin covers cast with the following phrase:

Dump No Waste Drains to Waterways

Please refer to Appendix E to view a photograph of a catch basin cover currently in use by the department.

BMP: Public Education on Construction Activities and New Development Activities

BMP Description: Develop and distribute various public education materials that inform the public of the impact of construction on area waters.

Summary of Results:

The impact of construction activity on water quality and the steps an individual can take during construction to limit erosion and sedimentation is included in the *After the Storm* brochure. Refer to Appendix B for an example brochure used by the department.

BMP: Education of School Children on the Importance of Water Quality

BMP Description: Develop and distribute educational materials related to stormwater at LADOTD rest areas.

Summary of Results:

To educate small children of the importance of keeping our water clean, the LADOTD has received permission from the Metropolitan North Georgia Water Planning District to print and distribute an activity booklet titled, "Be a Solution to Water Pollution". The activity booklet was distributed in a packet including crayons, stickers, and a book marker, Clean Water, Everybody's business. Fifty (50) packets were distributed at Atchafalaya Rest Area in Lafayette, LA. Refer to Appendix F for an example of packet contents.

MCM: Public Involvement/Participation

The permittee has developed four BMPs with a corresponding measurable goal to ensure compliance with the above MCM, public involvement/participation. The results, if any, of each BMP are presented below. The targeted audiences for the following BMPs are traveling motorists on Louisiana highways, homeowners, schools, businesses, groups and organizations.

BMP: Adopt-a-Road Program

BMP Description: Inform the public of volunteer opportunities available through the LADOTD sponsored Adopt-a-Road Program.

Summary of Results:

Various organizations contract with the LADOTD to voluntarily collect litter and other debris from state and federal right-of-ways (ROWs). The permittee has established a website dedicated to the recruitment of volunteer organizations by providing general information as well as contact information for the Adopt-a-Road Program. A link to the Adopt-a-Road website has also been established on the permittee's storm water website. The Adopt-a-Road website can be found at the following address: <https://dotd.la.gov/about/office-of-operations/adopt-a-road/>

The number of active groups that adopted highway segments within the permittee's urbanized areas or LDEQ-designated areas totaled 36 in 2025. This accounts for a total of 52 miles of adopted highway and 2,064 cubic yards of litter collected. Refer to the Measurable Goals Output table in Appendix A, 440-04, for area specifics.

BMP: Storm Water Management Program Document Review

BMP Description: Documents associated with the LADOTD's storm water management program will be made available on the department's storm water website for public review and comment.

Summary of Results:

The report prepared annually for submission to the LDEQ is available for review and comment on the permittee's website. The most recent and previous annual reports can be found at the following address: <https://www.dotd.la.gov/about/office-of-project-delivery/planning/environmental/environmental-compliance/ms4-municipal-separate-storm-sewer-systems/ms4-annual-reports/>. The Stormwater Management Document has also been added to the website. In 2025, the permittee did not receive any comments on the annual reports submitted to the LDEQ.

BMP: Public Information Requests

BMP Description: Respond and provide the necessary documents when appropriate, for information requests from the public.

Summary of Results:

A pdf copy of the *Public Records Request* form is available on the LADOTD website. The form along with instructions for its completion is available at the following address:

<https://dotd.la.gov/media/31id1dze/public-records-request-form.pdf>. Refer to Appendix G, to view a *Public Records Request* form.

BMP: Reporting System for Public

BMP Description: Establish a system to foster communication between the LADOTD and the public.

Summary of Results:

The permittee has provided the public with a feedback mechanism via the LADOTD storm water website. Using the *Contact Us/Report an Illicit Discharge* page, an individual can ask questions, report suspected illicit discharges, inform the permittee of illegal dump sites, or provide comments on the storm water program to the permittee. Any questions or comments received are answered and if necessary investigated by the LADOTD-Environmental Compliance Unit (ECU) personnel and then referred to the proper authority for action. The *Contact Us* page can be found at the following web address: <https://dotd.la.gov/about/office-of-project-delivery/planning/environmental/environmental-compliance/ms4-municipal-separate-storm-sewer-systems/contact-usreporting-an-illicit-discharge/>. In 2025, two comments were received and investigated by Environmental Impact Specialists.

MCM: Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination

The permittee has developed three BMP's with a corresponding measurable goal to achieve compliance with the above MCM, illicit discharge detection and elimination. The results, if any, of each BMP are presented below.

BMP: Maintain the MS4 and Outfall Inventory

BMP Description: Update the MS4 outfall map as needed.

Summary of Results:

The permittee has completed a storm sewer map using GIS technology for LDEQ designated areas and urbanized areas showing outfall locations and receiving waters. In 2025, there was no recognized need to update any maps. The ECU or GIS section will continue to improve maps on an as needed basis.

BMP: MS4 Outfall Screening

BMP Description: Conduct a visual inspection of MS4 outfalls annually to identify the presence of dry weather discharges.

Summary of Results:

Screenings are done to identify outfalls with illicit discharges and investigate the source of those discharges. A MS4 outfall survey and an Illicit Discharge Visual Screening form were developed to assist us in this effort. In 2025, our certified stormwater inspectors inspected 80 outfalls. Please refer to Appendix H, to view both documents.

BMP: Illicit Discharge Employee Training

BMP Description: Educate personnel using the developed training aids for illicit discharge identification.

Summary of Results:

An Illicit Discharges presentation was given on August 21, 2025, to 24 participants during the annual Wastewater Recertification. This presentation included information about discharge flow types, recognizing and reporting illicit discharges. Plans are to continue educating within LADOTD. Refer to Appendix I for the Wastewater Recertification Agenda.

MCM: Construction Site Storm Water Runoff Control

The permittee has developed five BMPs with a corresponding measurable goal to achieve compliance with the above MCM, construction site storm water runoff control. The results, if any, of each BMP are presented below.

BMP: Construction Inspection Procedures

BMP Description: Develop written construction inspection procedures and forms.

Summary of Results:

Two inspection forms are in use by the permittee. The first is a one page LADOTD document, entitled *Inspection and Maintenance Report Form*. This form is used by the contractor during construction to satisfy the mandatory inspection schedule as required in the general storm water construction permit, LAR 600000. Used primarily to document structural BMP deficiencies, the form identifies the station number of areas of concern.

The second form, entitled *LADOTD Storm Water Construction Site Inspection Report*, is a three-page document used by the certified storm water inspectors (CSIs) of the LADOTD-ECU. This form mirrors the forms used by regulatory agencies by documenting not only structural BMP deficiencies but also procedural insufficiencies, corrective action log errors, storm water pollution prevention plan (SWPPP) deficiencies, etc. Examples of both forms are provided in Appendix J.

The ECU uses the Construction Stormwater Field Guide by AASHTO. This guide provides information on pollution prevention/housekeeping, sediment control, erosion control and temporary drainage management. It also exhibits pictures of BMPs that are properly installed and maintained along with others that are not adequately maintained. An example of the field guide is provided in Appendix J.

BMP: Construction Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) Review

BMP Description: Develop procedures to require contractors to submit a site-specific storm water pollution prevention plan for permittee review and approval.

Summary of Results

One storm water pollution prevention plan (SWPPP) has been developed that serves as a master template for all construction projects or sites covered by the permit. The purpose of the master template SWPPP is to have uniform, standardized structure for all DOTD construction projects. Site specific SWPPPs, however, are subsequently developed for each project to ensure adequacy and permit compliance. SWPPPs are reviewed for permit compliance prior to the start of each project and during inspections conducted by the CSIs. During a SWPPP review, deficiencies are noted and recommendations provided to strengthen the document and therefore improve the permittee's ability to reduce sediment laden runoff from its construction sites. A portion of the master SWPPP template is provided in Appendix K.

BMP: Construction Site Inspection

BMP Description: Inspect LADOTD construction sites that disturb at a minimum of one acre of soil and can potentially discharge runoff to an MS4.

Summary of Results:

The permittee identified construction projects within the boundaries of the fifteen permitted areas that disturbed at a minimum of 1 acre of soil. Each project was inspected pursuant to the requirements set forth in the LDEQ storm water construction permits. Each project was inspected at a minimum of once every 7-14 days for the duration of each project. Inspection forms along with other pertinent construction documents are housed at each respective project engineer's office.

BMP: Construction Community Education

BMP Description: Provide educational opportunities for departmental construction personnel.

Summary of Results:

Educational opportunities and training on a variety of subjects are available for departmental personnel at the LADOTD's- Transportation Training and Education Center (TTEC), including web-based learning options.

BMP: Construction Related Public Reporting

BMP Description: Provide the public with a mechanism to report concerns regarding the LADOTD construction sites.

Summary of Results:

The permittee has a feedback mechanism on its storm water website for public use. No comment was received about construction sites by the permittee during the 2025 year.

In maintaining compliance with LDEQ storm water construction permit, LAR 600000, a notice is posted near the entrance of each of the LADOTD's construction sites. The notice provides interested parties with the information needed to comment on the construction project. Per permit requirements, the notices contain the permit number, a brief project description, and the point of contact for the project.

MCM: Post-Construction Storm Water Management in New Development and Re-development

The permittee has developed four BMPs with a corresponding measurable goal to achieve compliance with the above MCM, post construction storm water management in new development and re-development. The results, if any, of each BMP are presented below.

BMP: New Development and Re-development Plans Review

BMP Description: Review construction plans to assess post-construction runoff.

Summary of Results:

All construction projects are subject to a formal review by several sections at various stages of the plan development process. Phase reviews are held at the 30%, 60%, 90% and plan in hand (95%) completion stages for preliminary plans. Final plans are reviewed at the 60% and 95% completion stages.

Among its many responsibilities, the LADOTD-Hydraulics section has been charged with the task of drainage design and erosion/sediment control plan development and review. In response, the permittee's Hydraulics section has developed manuals to address these functions. The *Hydraulics Manual* provides information on design criteria and procedures in various area types. A copy of the manual is available on the permittee's website at the following address: <https://dotd.la.gov/media/eqinwggqb/hydraulics-manual.pdf>

Additionally, the LADOTD-Hydraulics section developed a supplement to the *Hydraulics Manual* entitled *Plan Checking and Design Procedures for Erosion and Sediment Control*. This document provides guidance with regards to both preliminary and final design plan checks. A copy of the narrative portion of the *Hydraulics Manual* supplement, *Plan Checking and Design Procedures for Erosion and Sediment Control* has been provided in Appendix M. A complete copy of the manual can be found on the permittee's website at the following address: <https://dotd.la.gov/media/ksonbrxl/erosion-control-guidelines.pdf>

To ensure proper installation of erosion control devices, the Hydraulics section has developed standard plan, EC-01, Temporary Erosion Control Details. EC-01 provides installation information on the erosion control devices approved for use on LADOTD construction projects and is attached to all construction plans. EC-01 and an example of the erosion and sediment control symbolism used on the permittee's construction plans is provided in Appendix N.

Construction plans are developed to indicate where specified erosion controls will be placed, how they are to be installed, and during which phase of construction. Because the permittee's construction plans are designed with the intent of future modification during subsequent reviews, plans may be altered several times to minimize environmental impacts from erosion and sedimentation. During the plan in hand review, the LADOTD-Hydraulics section compares the plans with field conditions to assess existing or potential erosion problems and verify the future location of temporary and permanent erosion/sediment controls. A copy of the *Plan in Hand Memorandum Review* form can be found in Appendix O.

BMP: New Development and Re-development Project Inspection

BMP Description: Implement inspection program of projects using procedures developed to ensure conformance with post construction guidelines.

Summary of Results:

The *Project Delivery Manual* addresses operational performance post construction. The manual details the six stages of a project and assigns responsibility for each stage. The final stage, Systems Operation and Performance, is put into action once the project has been completed. Project system performance is measured through data collection and evaluation to determine if design procedures need to be modified to improve maintenance and operation of future projects. Of the many tasks completed during this stage, one is to ensure post construction environmental commitments are in compliance. Examples of post construction environmental commitments include post construction erosion controls and water quality monitoring. The responsibility matrix and section entitled, Compliance with Post Construction Environmental Commitments from Chapter 10: Stage 6 Systems Operating and Performance of the *Project Delivery Manual* are provided in Appendix Q for review. A copy of the *Project Delivery Manual* in its entirety is available on the permittee's website at the following address: <https://dotd.la.gov/media/0kdhjbmm/project-delivery-manual.pdf>.

BMP: Protection of Sensitive and/or Impaired Water Bodies

BMP Description: Implement appropriate post construction pollution control strategies for MS4 areas that discharge to LDEQ Section 303(d) List of Impaired Waters.

Summary of Results:

The ECU teamed with the department's GIS section and identified outfalls within each 303 (d) Impaired Water Body.

Prior to plan development, an environmental assessment (EA) is done for the proposed area of development. The EA provides the permittee with information regarding the topography, area structures, etc. If clearance is granted, the results of the EA are considered during plan development. As such, all required environmental permits are obtained and strict adherence to permit regulations is followed. *Section 3.6 of Chapter 3 Design Controls of the Road Design Manual* detail the environmental considerations to take in account while developing the construction plan with regard to post construction operation. The manual is available at the permittee's website at the following address:

<https://dotd.la.gov/about/office-of-project-delivery/engineering/road-design/road-design-manual-and-supporting-documents/>

BMP: Participation in Local Watershed Planning and Modeling

BMP Description: Participate in watershed meetings to stay abreast of current surface water quality issues and regulatory policy changes.

Summary of Results:

LADOTD personnel participated in two virtual watershed meetings in 2025. The watershed meetings were conducted by the Louisiana Watershed Initiative, which covers eight regions over the state.

MCM: Pollution Prevention/Good Housekeeping for Municipal Operations

The Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development has created an *Activity Guide* for the Maintenance Division. The purpose of the manual is to provide personnel with a standard set of procedures for common practices used in the maintenance and preservation of highway surfaces, roadsides, structures, and traffic control devices. Each maintenance activity is assigned a five-digit activity code. This code is then used to track the type of maintenance activity performed at specific locations to yield numerical accomplishments. The permittee uses the accomplishments from this system as the measurable goals for a number of the BMPs addressed in this section.

The permittee has developed thirteen BMPs with a corresponding measurable goal to achieve compliance with the above MCM, prevention/good housekeeping for municipal operations. The results, if any, of each BMP are presented below.

BMP: Street Sweeping

BMP Description: Removal of sediment and other debris from MS4 roadways to reduce contaminant levels in street runoff to MS4s.

Summary of Results:

The mechanical cleaning of highway surfaces is listed in the LADOTD's Activity Guide as Sweeper Cleaning, 540-03. In 2025, 5,754 miles were swept within the regulated areas. For area specifics, refer to Appendix A.

BMP: Litter Collection

BMP Description: Removal of litter and debris from MS4 right-of ways to reduce floatables in runoff discharge, improve aesthetics, and create safe mowing conditions for departmental personnel.

Summary of Results:

The accomplishments from the following four maintenance activities are used to obtain the measurable goals for the litter collection BMP:

- Litter Cleaning of Roadside, 630-10
- Pick Up of Litter (Adopt-A-Road), 440-04
- Pick Up of Inmate Litter, 440-05
- Pick Up of Sheriff's Litter, 440-06

A total of 21,658 cubic yards of litter was collected from permitted areas. For area specifics, refer to Appendix A.

BMP: Herbicide Application

BMP Description: Ensure the application of herbicides is done in accordance with manufacturer specification by licensed applicators.

Summary of Results:

The spraying of undesirable vegetation that can cause damage to structures or obstruct drainage is performed by the 36 licensed herbicide applicators the permittee has on staff. Each herbicide applicator is licensed through the Louisiana Department of Agriculture and Forestry (LDAF). In addition to the LADF requirements, the LADOTD necessitates that each licensed applicator obtain continuing education hours through the department annually.

The accomplishments from the following two maintenance activities are used to obtain the measurable goals for the herbicide application BMP:

- Herbicide Application-Hand Method, 440-12
- Herbicide Application-Machine Method, 440-13

Herbicide application staff manually applied herbicides to 6,176 locations and mechanically sprayed 23,709 acres in the LADOTD urbanized and regulated areas. For area specifics, refer to Appendix A.

BMP: Roadside Drainage Maintenance

BMP Description: Non-functioning drainage structures are cleaned, repaired or replaced to improve drainage thereby reducing sediment and floatable discharges and providing safe travel on roadways.

Summary of Results:

The accomplishments from the following five maintenance activities are used to obtain the measurable goals for the roadside drainage maintenance BMP:

- Clean and Maintain Drainage Structures, 450-01
- Drainage Structure Repair, 450-02
- Install Drainage Culverts, 450-03
- Clean & Reshape Ditches-Hand Method, 450-04
- Install/Replace Inlets & Catch Basins, 450-06

In 2025, maintenance of drainage structures occurred at 16,379 locations; 72 drainage structures were repaired; 63 new drainage culverts were installed; 120 inlets & catch basins were installed/replaced. 390,858 linear feet of ditches were cleaned and reshaped to improve drainage. For area specifics, refer to Appendix A.

BMP: Fleet Maintenance

BMP Description: All equipment and vehicles will adhere to the maintenance schedule provided by the manufacturer to reduce fluid leaks.

Summary of Results:

The permittee assigns all equipment a number according to its class code for tracking purposes. To ensure that the required routine maintenance on all vehicles and equipment is done as prescribed by the manufacturer, the LADOTD-Maintenance Systems Management Section uses Agile Assets System Database to track equipment use. The Agile Assets System Database is used not only to track usage rates, fuel transactions, and repairs made, but notify the permittee when scheduled maintenance is required. This database is for internal use only and is not made available on the permittee's website; however, the user's guide cover, table of contents, introduction and login instructions have been made available in Appendix L.

BMP: Spill Prevention Plans

BMP Description: To comply with federal and state regulations, the permittee will develop spill prevention and control (SPC) plans at its facilities with aboveground storage tanks (ASTs).

Summary of Results:

In 2010, the permittee drafted a questionnaire to survey its facilities statewide. The purpose being to identify facilities with ASTs, the contents of the AST, and the volume typically kept on hand. Using the information gathered from the questionnaire, the LADOTD recognized facilities that would necessitate the development of a SPC plan. Fifty-five (55) SPC plans were developed for facilities statewide. Twenty-five SPC plans were revised in 2025. No new facilities have been identified as needing an SPC plan. Refer to Appendix P for example of SPC Questionnaire.

BMP: Employee Training

BMP Description: Develop and conduct employee training programs to educate maintenance personnel on a variety of storm water related topics. Training topics will include operation and maintenance (O&M) procedures for highways, structures, right-of-ways (ROW), equipment, recognizing illicit discharges, materials handling and storage, vegetation management, and pollution prevention BMPs.

Summary of Results:

Trainings for maintenance personnel are provided in-house at the employee's host district office or online. Training topics and the number of trainings annually held vary greatly due to the permittee's diverse operations and large workforce. For illustration purposes, listed below are some trainings attended in 2025.

Date	Course Title
February 12, 2025	Ensuring Stormwater Rules are Enforced
January, March, April	Erosion Part 1-3
October 24, 2025	Causes and Effects of Non-Compliance

BMP: Illegal Dumping

BMP Description: Investigate illegal dumping activities at LADOTD properties to determine the source of materials, report results of investigation to proper authorities and to coordinate remediation efforts.

Summary of Results:

The accomplishment from the maintenance activity, Spill Clean Up, 425-01, is used to obtain the measurable goal for the illegal dumping BMP. In 2025, 574 locations were identified within the permitted UAs and LDEQ designated areas as containing illegally dumped materials. The responsible parties were not known nor could be determined; however, the discarded materials were removed and properly disposed of by the permittee. For area specifics, refer to Appendix A.

BMP: De-icing/Anti-icing Materials Management

BMP Description: Ensure proper storage and if necessary installation of secondary containment for icing/anti-icing agents. Materials used for ice and snow control will be applied at the prescribed rates to prevent excess from entering neighboring waters.

Summary of Results:

The accomplishments from the following maintenance activities are used to obtain the measurable goals for de-icing/anti-icing materials management BMP.

- Snow & Ice Control, 540-07
- Snow & Ice Inspection/Reconnaissance, 540-09

A total of 4,753 hours were dedicated to the monitoring of road conditions, staging of materials and equipment, and the application of agents to improve travel conditions. For area specifics, refer to Appendix A.

To comply with WE-AO-10-01940, an Administrative Order issued by the LDEQ to the Louisiana Department of Transportation on December 8, 2010, and permit number LA0125563, the permittee presents the amount of de-icing/agents used throughout the state. During 2025, the permittee applied 127 cubic yards of lightweight aggregate and 42,627 fifty (50) pound bags of salt statewide. For area specifics, refer to Appendix R.

BMP: Bulk Materials Management

BMP Description: Stockpiles are to be stored in designated areas and inventoried regularly to determine loss of materials due to erosion.

Summary of Results:

The proper management of stockpiles can minimize environmental impacts and reduce replacement costs. This is accomplished through the use of designated areas for each type of material. Erosion controls are implemented near stockpiles that are prone to precipitation and wind erosion.

The accomplishment from the maintenance activity, Material Hauling, 630-03, is used to obtain the measurable goal for bulk materials management BMP. Maintenance personnel dedicated 1,481 hours to the loading, hauling, unloading, and inventory of bulk materials during the 2025 calendar year. For area specifics, refer to Appendix A.

BMP: Bridge and Structure Maintenance

BMP Description: The removal of debris from bridge structures to improve drainage and appearance.

Summary of Results:

The accomplishments from the following maintenance activities are used to obtain the measurable goals for the bridge and structure maintenance BMP.

- Clean Structural Members, 465-00
- Clean Deck & Drain, 465-01
- Remove Drift, 465-17

204,224 linear feet of drainage structures were cleaned by removing waste from deck drains and lines. Trash was removed from 147 locations near bridge drainage structures and culverts in 2025. Refer to Appendix A to obtain area specifics.

BMP: Debris Management

BMP Description: To clear the highway or roadside of potential hazards and ensure the proper disposal of collected waste.

Summary of Results:

The accomplishments from the following maintenance activities are used to obtain the measurable goals for the debris management BMP.

- Vegetative Debris Removal and Disposal, 440-08
- Clearing Roadways Travel Lane, 440-19
- Disposal of Roadway Debris, 630-09

In 2025, 1,442 cubic yards of accident or storm related waste was collected on Louisiana roadways and roadsides. Routine debris was removed and properly disposed of from 306 miles of highway and shoulder. Refer to Appendix A to obtain area specifics.

BMP: Erosion and Sediment Control

BMP Description: To repair and control erosion in the permittee's ROW.

Summary of Results:

The accomplishments from the maintenance activity, Erosion Control and Repair, 440-00, is used to obtain the measurable goal for the erosion and sediment control BMP. 20,919 square yards of erosion and sediment control materials were implemented within the LADOTD permitted areas. These practices include the backfilling of minor washouts or cuts and the repair of slopes. Refer to Appendix A for area specifics.

Looking Ahead: Storm Water Activities for 2026

This section will fulfill the below annual report requirement from the 2018 general permit.

A summary of the storm water activities you plan to undertake during the next reporting cycle (including an implementation schedule).

The department plans to proceed with our established approaches from prior years.

Storm Water Management Program Changes

The *Storm Water Management Program Changes* section will fulfill the below annual report requirement from the 2018 general permit.

Proposed changes to your Storm Water Management Program, including changes to any BMPs or any identified measurable goals that apply to the program elements.

The LADOTD has no management plan changes for this year.

Sharing Responsibility

The section entitled *Sharing Responsibility* will fulfill the below annual report requirement from the 2018 general permit.

Notice that you are relying on another government entity to satisfy some of your permit obligations (if applicable).

Although, the LADOTD does not rely on any other government entity and wholly accepts responsibility to satisfy its permit obligations entirely, we enjoy our work relationship with the LDEQ. This relationship better enables the LADOTD to achieve its permit requirements.

Appendix A

Measurable Goals Output Tables I-XV

Table ILDEQ- designated regulated area: **Abbeville**

BMP	Measurable Goal	Function Code	Unit of Measurement	Quantity
Illegal Dumping	Spill Clean-Up	425-01	Each	1
Drainage Maintenance	Erosion Control & Repair	440-00	Square Yards	7
Litter Collection	Pick Up of Debris/Litter	630-10	Cubic Yards	1.25
	Pick Up of Litter(Adopt-A-Road)	440-04	Cubic Yards	0
	Number of Active Groups	N/A	Each	0
	Number of Miles Adopted	N/A	Miles	0
	Pick Up of Inmate Litter	440-05	Cubic Yards	0
	Pick Up of Sheriff's Litter	440-06	Cubic Yards	0
Herbicide Application	Herbicide Application-Hand Method	440-12	Each	0
	Herbicide Application-Machine Method	440-13	Acres	116
	Number of Licensed Applicators		Each	1
	Number of Training Hours		Hours	8
Roadside Drainage Maintenance	Clean and Maintain Drainage Structures	450-01	Each	12
	Drainage Structure Repair	450-02	Each	0
	Install Drainage Culverts	450-03	Each	0
	Clean & Reshape Ditches-Hand Method	450-04	Linear Feet	0
	Install/Replace Inlets & Catch Basins	450-06	Each	0
Bridge & Structure Maintenance	Clean Structural Members	465-00	Each	0
	Clean Deck & Drain	465-01	Linear Feet	0
	Remove Drift	465-17	Each	0
Street Sweeping	Sweeper Cleaning	540-03	Miles	0
De-Icing/Anti-Icing Materials Management	Snow & Ice Control	540-07	Hours	0
	Snow & Ice Inspection/Reconnaissance	540-09	Hours	0
Bulk Materials Management	Material Hauling	630-03	Hours	0
Debris Management	Vegetative Debris Removal & Disposal	440-08	Cubic Yards	0
	Clearing Roadways Travel Lanes	440-19	Miles	.01
	Disposal of Debris/Litter	630-09	Cubic Yards	0

Table II

UA: Alexandria

BMP	Measurable Goal	Function Code	Unit of Measurement	Quantity
Illegal Dumping	Spill Clean-Up	425-01	Each	1
Drainage Maintenance	Erosion Control & Repair	440-00	Square Yards	3,490
Litter Collection	Pick Up of Debris/Litter	630-10	Cubic Yards	216.50
	Pick Up of Litter(Adopt-A-Road)	440-04	Cubic Yards	0
	Number of Active Groups	N/A	Each	11
	Number of Miles Adopted	N/A	Miles	25.13
	Pick Up of Inmate Litter	440-05	Cubic Yards	0
	Pick Up of Sheriff's Litter	440-06	Cubic Yards	0
Herbicide Application	Herbicide Application-Hand Method	440-12	Each	2.5
	Herbicide Application-Machine Method	440-13	Acres	1,933
	Number of Licensed Applicators		Each	4
	Number of Training Hours		Hours/Each	12
Roadside Drainage Maintenance	Clean and Maintain Drainage Structures	450-01	Each	857
	Drainage Structure Repair	450-02	Each	4
	Install Drainage Culverts	450-03	Each	0
	Clean & Reshape Ditches-Hand Method	450-04	Linear Feet	30,385
	Install/Replace Inlets & Catch Basins	450-06	Each	0
Bridge & Structure Maintenance	Clean Structural Members	465-00	Each	8
	Clean Deck & Drain	465-01	Linear Feet	1,148
	Remove Drift	465-17	Each	4
Street Sweeping	Sweeper Cleaning	540-03	Miles	233.78
De-Icing/Anti-Icing Materials Management	Snow & Ice Control	540-07	Hours	542
	Snow & Ice Inspection/Reconnaissance	540-09	Hours	411.50
Bulk Materials Management	Material Hauling	630-03	Hours	193.50
Debris Management	Vegetative Debris Removal & Disposal	440-08	Cubic Yards	132
	Clearing Roadways Travel Lanes	440-19	Miles	29.46
	Disposal of Debris/Litter	630-09	Cubic Yards	0

Table III

LDEQ- designated regulated area: **Bastrop**

BMP	Measurable Goal	Function Code	Unit of Measurement	Quantity
Illegal Dumping	Spill Clean-Up	425-01	Each	0
Drainage Maintenance	Erosion Control & Repair	440-00	Square Yards	580
Litter Collection	Pick Up of Debris/Litter	630-10	Cubic Yards	0.6
	Pick Up of Litter(Adopt-A-Road)	440-04	Cubic Yards	0
	Number of Active Groups	N/A	Each	0
	Number of Miles Adopted	N/A	Miles	0
	Pick Up of Inmate Litter	440-05	Cubic Yards	0
	Pick Up of Sheriff's Litter	440-06	Cubic Yards	0
Herbicide Application	Herbicide Application-Hand Method	440-12	Each	0
	Herbicide Application-Machine Method	440-13	Acres	105
	Number of Licensed Applicators		Each	0
	Number of Training Hours		Hours	0
Roadside Drainage Maintenance	Clean and Maintain Drainage Structures	450-01	Each	2
	Drainage Structure Repair	450-02	Each	0
	Install Drainage Culverts	450-03	Each	0
	Clean & Reshape Ditches-Hand Method	450-04	Linear Feet	0
	Install/Replace Inlets & Catch Basins	450-06	Each	0
Bridge & Structure Maintenance	Clean Structural Members	465-00	Each	0
	Clean Deck & Drain	465-01	Linear Feet	850
	Remove Drift	465-17	Each	5
Street Sweeping	Sweeper Cleaning	540-03	Miles	0
De-icing/Anti-icing Materials Management	Snow & Ice Control	540-07	Hours	0
	Snow & Ice Inspection/Reconnaissance	540-09	Hours	806.58
Bulk Materials Management	Material Hauling	630-03	Hours	0
Debris Management	Vegetative Debris Removal & Disposal	440-08	Cubic Yards	146
	Clearing Roadways Travel Lanes	440-19	Miles	8.51
	Disposal of Debris/Litter	630-09	Cubic Yards	0

Table IV

UA: Baton Rouge

BMP	Measurable Goal	Function Code	Unit of Measurement	Quantity
Illegal Dumping	Spill Clean-Up	425-01	Each	260.44
Drainage Maintenance	Erosion Control & Repair	440-00	Square Yards	1,506
Litter Collection	Pick Up of Debris/Litter	630-10	Cubic Yards	4,740.30
	Pick Up of Litter(Adopt-A-Road)	440-04	Cubic Yards	47
	Number of Active Groups	N/A	Each	4
	Number of Miles Adopted	N/A	Miles	2.5
	Pick Up of Inmate Litter	440-05	Cubic Yards	3
	Pick Up of Sheriff's Litter	440-06	Cubic Yards	24
Herbicide Application	Herbicide Application-Hand Method	440-12	Each	165
	Herbicide Application-Machine Method	440-13	Acres	765.39
	Number of Licensed Applicators		Each	3
	Number of Training Hours		Hours	continuous
Roadside Drainage Maintenance	Clean and Maintain Drainage Structures	450-01	Each	2,962.50
	Drainage Structure Repair	450-02	Each	12
	Install Drainage Culverts	450-03	Each	0
	Clean & Reshape Ditches-Hand Method	450-04	Linear Feet	16,168
	Install/Replace Inlets & Catch Basins	450-06	Each	0
	Clean Structural Members	465-00	Each	0
Bridge & Structure Maintenance	Clean Deck & Drain	465-01	Linear Feet	2,750
	Remove Drift	465-17	Each	22
Street Sweeping	Sweeper Cleaning	540-03	Miles	252.59
De-Icing/Anti-Icing Materials Management	Snow & Ice Control	540-07	Hours	354
	Snow & Ice Inspection/Reconnaissance	540-09	Hours	6
Bulk Materials Management	Material Hauling	630-03	Hours	327
Debris Management	Vegetative Debris Removal & Disposal	440-08	Cubic Yards	92
	Clearing Roadways Travel Lanes	440-19	Miles	33.76
	Disposal of Debris/Litter	630-09	Cubic Yards	0

Table V

LDEQ- designated regulated area: **Hammond**

BMP	Measurable Goal	Function Code	Unit of Measurement	Quantity
Illegal Dumping	Spill Clean-Up	425-01	Each	6
Drainage Maintenance	Erosion Control & Repair	440-00	Square Yards	6,223
Litter Collection	Pick Up of Debris/Litter	630-10	Cubic Yards	312.87
	Pick Up of Litter(Adopt-A-Road)	440-04	Cubic Yards	0
	Number of Active Groups	N/A	Each	4
	Number of Miles Adopted	N/A	Miles	4
	Pick Up of Inmate Litter	440-05	Cubic Yards	134
	Pick Up of Sheriff's Litter	440-06	Cubic Yards	0
Herbicide Application	Herbicide Application-Hand Method	440-12	Each	3,084
	Herbicide Application-Machine Method	440-13	Acres	2,776
	Number of Licensed Applicators		Each	6
	Number of Training Hours		Hours/Each	10
Roadside Drainage Maintenance	Clean and Maintain Drainage Structures	450-01	Each	2,283
	Drainage Structure Repair	450-02	Each	1
	Install Drainage Culverts	450-03	Each	1
	Clean & Reshape Ditches-Hand Method	450-04	Linear Feet	66,816
	Install/Replace Inlets & Catch Basins	450-06	Each	0
Bridge & Structure Maintenance	Clean Structural Members	465-00	Each	0
	Clean Deck & Drain	465-01	Linear Feet	1,575
	Remove Drift	465-17	Each	7
Street Sweeping	Sweeper Cleaning	540-03	Miles	361.92
De-Icing/Anti-Icing Materials Management	Snow & Ice Control	540-07	Hours	147
	Snow & Ice Inspection/Reconnaissance	540-09	Hours	122.50
Bulk Materials Management	Material Hauling	630-03	Hours	92.50
Debris Management	Vegetative Debris Removal & Disposal	440-08	Cubic Yards	126.50
	Clearing Roadways Travel Lanes	440-19	Miles	22.09
	Disposal of Debris/Litter	630-09	Cubic Yards	0

Table VI

UA: Houma

BMP	Measurable Goal	Function Code	Unit of Measurement	Quantity
Illegal Dumping	Spill Clean-Up	425-01	Each	20
Drainage Maintenance	Erosion Control & Repair	440-00	Square Yards	2,151
Litter Collection	Pick Up of Debris/Litter	630-10	Cubic Yards	624
	Pick Up of Litter(Adopt-A-Road)	440-04	Cubic Yards	0
	Number of Active Groups	N/A	Each	1
	Number of Miles Adopted	N/A	Miles	1.50
	Pick Up of Inmate Litter	440-05	Cubic Yards	0
	Pick Up of Sheriff's Litter	440-06	Cubic Yards	0
Herbicide Application	Herbicide Application-Hand Method	440-12	Each	116.11
	Herbicide Application-Machine Method	440-13	Acres	3,713.99
	Number of Licensed Applicators		Each	2
	Number of Training Hours		Hours/Each	10
Roadside Drainage Maintenance	Clean and Maintain Drainage Structures	450-01	Each	1,347
	Drainage Structure Repair	450-02	Each	0
	Install Drainage Culverts	450-03	Each	4
	Clean & Reshape Ditches-Hand Method	450-04	Linear Feet	8,387
	Install/Replace Inlets & Catch Basins	450-06	Each	1
Bridge & Structure Maintenance	Clean Structural Members	465-00	Each	0
	Clean Deck & Drain	465-01	Linear Feet	946
	Remove Drift	465-17	Each	0
Street Sweeping	Sweeper Cleaning	540-03	Miles	24.50
De-Icing/Anti-Icing Materials Management	Snow & Ice Control	540-07	Hours	149
	Snow & Ice Inspection/Reconnaissance	540-09	Hours	43
Bulk Materials Management	Material Hauling	630-03	Hours	131
Debris Management	Vegetative Debris Removal & Disposal	440-08	Cubic Yards	0
	Clearing Roadways Travel Lanes	440-19	Miles	7.75
	Disposal of Debris/Litter	630-09	Cubic Yards	0

Table VII

UA: Lafayette

BMP	Measurable Goal	Function Code	Unit of Measurement	Quantity
Illegal Dumping	Spill Clean-Up	425-01	Each	15
Drainage Maintenance	Erosion Control & Repair	440-00	Square Yards	1,692.60
Litter Collection	Pick Up of Debris/Litter	630-10	Cubic Yards	402.09
	Pick Up of Litter(Adopt-A-Road)	440-04	Cubic Yards	0
	Number of Active Groups	N/A	Each	7
	Number of Miles Adopted	N/A	Miles	7.83
	Pick Up of Inmate Litter	440-05	Cubic Yards	0
	Pick Up of Sheriff's Litter	440-06	Cubic Yards	0
Herbicide Application	Herbicide Application-Hand Method	440-12	Each	108.05
	Herbicide Application-Machine Method	440-13	Acres	1,547.32
	Number of Licensed Applicators		Each	7
	Number of Training Hours		Hours/Each	8
Roadside Drainage Maintenance	Clean and Maintain Drainage Structures	450-01	Each	361
	Drainage Structure Repair	450-02	Each	13
	Install Drainage Culverts	450-03	Each	0
	Clean & Reshape Ditches-Hand Method	450-04	Linear Feet	46,247
	Install/Replace Inlets & Catch Basins	450-06	Each	0
Bridge & Structure Maintenance	Clean Structural Members	465-00	Each	0
	Clean Deck & Drain	465-01	Linear Feet	40
	Remove Drift	465-17	Each	108.20
Street Sweeping	Sweeper Cleaning	540-03	Miles	88.88
De-icing/Anti-Icing Materials Management	Snow & Ice Control	540-07	Hours	635.50
	Snow & Ice Inspection/Reconnaissance	540-09	Hours	0
Bulk Materials Management	Material Hauling	630-03	Hours	75
Debris Management	Vegetative Debris Removal & Disposal	440-08	Cubic Yards	330.50
	Clearing Roadways Travel Lanes	440-19	Miles	11.89
	Disposal of Debris/Litter	630-09	Cubic Yards	0

Table VIII

UA: Lake Charles

BMP	Measurable Goal	Function Code	Unit of Measurement	Quantity
Illegal Dumping	Spill Clean-Up	425-01	Each	152.82
Drainage Maintenance	Erosion Control & Repair	440-00	Square Yards	95.50
Litter Collection	Pick Up of Debris/Litter	630-10	Cubic Yards	1,012.14
	Pick Up of Litter(Adopt-A-Road)	440-04	Cubic Yards	0
	Number of Active Groups	N/A	Each	1
	Number of Miles Adopted	N/A	Miles	3
	Pick Up of Inmate Litter	440-05	Cubic Yards	12
	Pick Up of Sheriff's Litter	440-06	Cubic Yards	0
Herbicide Application	Herbicide Application-Hand Method	440-12	Each	674
	Herbicide Application-Machine Method	440-13	Acres	1,353.40
	Number of Licensed Applicators		Each	6
	Number of Training Hours		Hours/Each	8
Roadside Drainage Maintenance	Clean and Maintain Drainage Structures	450-01	Each	326
	Drainage Structure Repair	450-02	Each	2
	Install Drainage Culverts	450-03	Each	2
	Clean & Reshape Ditches-Hand Method	450-04	Linear Feet	10,551
	Install/Replace Inlets & Catch Basins	450-06	Each	0
Bridge & Structure Maintenance	Clean Structural Members	465-00	Each	0
	Clean Deck & Drain	465-01	Linear Feet	52,368.50
	Remove Drift	465-17	Each	0
Street Sweeping	Sweeper Cleaning	540-03	Miles	21
De-Icing/Anti-Icing Materials Management	Snow & Ice Control	540-07	Hours	225.25
	Snow & Ice Inspection/Reconnaissance	540-09	Hours	52.25
Bulk Materials Management	Material Hauling	630-03	Hours	53
Debris Management	Vegetative Debris Removal & Disposal	440-08	Cubic Yards	61
	Clearing Roadways Travel Lanes	440-19	Miles	1.49
	Disposal of Debris/Litter	630-09	Cubic Yards	21.25

Table IX

UA: Mandeville-Covington

BMP	Measurable Goal	Function Code	Unit of Measurement	Quantity
Illegal Dumping	Spill Clean-Up	425-01	Each	3
Drainage Maintenance	Erosion Control & Repair	440-00	Square Yards	1,111
Litter Collection	Pick Up of Debris/Litter	630-10	Cubic Yards	56.50
	Pick Up of Litter(Adopt-A-Road)	440-04	Cubic Yards	0
	Number of Active Groups	N/A	Each	0
	Number of Miles Adopted	N/A	Miles	0
	Pick Up of Inmate Litter	440-05	Cubic Yards	142
	Pick Up of Sheriff's Litter	440-06	Cubic Yards	0
Herbicide Application	Herbicide Application-Hand Method	440-12	Each	857
	Herbicide Application-Machine Method	440-13	Acres	1,692
	Number of Licensed Applicators		Each	1
	Number of Training Hours		Hours/Each	10
Roadside Drainage Maintenance	Clean and Maintain Drainage Structures	450-01	Each	390
	Drainage Structure Repair	450-02	Each	1
	Install Drainage Culverts	450-03	Each	1
	Clean & Reshape Ditches-Hand Method	450-04	Linear Feet	63,851
	Install/Replace Inlets & Catch Basins	450-06	Each	0
Bridge & Structure Maintenance	Clean Structural Members	465-00	Each	1
	Clean Deck & Drain	465-01	Linear Feet	16,746
	Remove Drift	465-17	Each	0
Street Sweeping	Sweeper Cleaning	540-03	Miles	22
De-Icing/Anti-Icing Materials Management	Snow & Ice Control	540-07	Hours	60
	Snow & Ice Inspection/Reconnaissance	540-09	Hours	5
Bulk Materials Management	Material Hauling	630-03	Hours	56.50
Debris Management	Vegetative Debris Removal & Disposal	440-08	Cubic Yards	296
	Clearing Roadways Travel Lanes	440-19	Miles	91
	Disposal of Debris/Litter	630-09	Cubic Yards	0

Table X

UA: Monroe

BMP	Measurable Goal	Function Code	Unit of Measurement	Quantity
Illegal Dumping	Spill Clean-Up	425-01	Each	27
Drainage Maintenance	Erosion Control & Repair	440-00	Square Yards	61
Litter Collection	Pick Up of Debris/Litter	630-10	Cubic Yards	461.12
	Pick Up of Litter(Adopt-A-Road)	440-04	Cubic Yards	2
	Number of Active Groups	N/A	Each	1
	Number of Miles Adopted	N/A	Miles	1
	Pick Up of Inmate Litter	440-05	Cubic Yards	2
	Pick Up of Sheriff's Litter	440-06	Cubic Yards	0
Herbicide Application	Herbicide Application-Hand Method	440-12	Each	60
	Herbicide Application-Machine Method	440-13	Acres	1,007
	Number of Licensed Applicators		Each	1
	Number of Training Hours		Hours	8
Roadside Drainage Maintenance	Clean and Maintain Drainage Structures	450-01	Each	49
	Drainage Structure Repair	450-02	Each	2
	Install Drainage Culverts	450-03	Each	0
	Clean & Reshape Ditches-Hand Method	450-04	Linear Feet	11,816.24
	Install/Replace Inlets & Catch Basins	450-06	Each	0
Bridge & Structure Maintenance	Clean Structural Members	465-00	Each	0
	Clean Deck & Drain	465-01	Linear Feet	68,051
	Remove Drift	465-17	Each	0
Street Sweeping	Sweeper Cleaning	540-03	Miles	98.47
De-Icing/Anti-Icing Materials Management	Snow & Ice Control	540-07	Hours	37.6
	Snow & Ice Inspection/Reconnaissance	540-09	Hours	15
Bulk Materials Management	Material Hauling	630-03	Hours	208.50
Debris Management	Vegetative Debris Removal & Disposal	440-08	Cubic Yards	180
	Clearing Roadways Travel Lanes	440-19	Miles	4.5
	Disposal of Debris/Litter	630-09	Cubic Yards	0

Table XILDEQ- designated regulated area: **Morgan City**

BMP	Measurable Goal	Function Code	Unit of Measurement	Quantity
Illegal Dumping	Spill Clean-Up	425-01	Each	0
Drainage Maintenance	Erosion Control & Repair	440-00	Square Yards	0
Litter Collection	Pick Up of Debris/Litter	630-10	Cubic Yards	43.25
	Pick Up of Litter(Adopt-A-Road)	440-04	Cubic Yards	0
	Number of Active Groups	N/A	Each	0
	Number of Miles Adopted	N/A	Miles	0
	Pick Up of Inmate Litter	440-05	Cubic Yards	0
	Pick Up of Sheriff's Litter	440-06	Cubic Yards	0
Herbicide Application	Herbicide Application-Hand Method	440-12	Each	0
	Herbicide Application-Machine Method	440-13	Acre	257.60
	Number of Licensed Applicators		Each	2
	Number of Training Hours		Hours	8
Roadside Drainage Maintenance	Clean and Maintain Drainage Structures	450-01	Each	4
	Drainage Structure Repair	450-02	Each	0
	Install Drainage Culverts	450-03	Each	0
	Clean & Reshape Ditches-Hand Method	450-04	Linear Feet	1,763
	Install/Replace Inlets & Catch Basins	450-06	Each	0
Bridge & Structure Maintenance	Clean Structural Members	465-00	Each	37
	Clean Deck & Drain	465-01	Linear Feet	0
	Remove Drift	465-17	Each	0
Street Sweeping	Sweeper Cleaning	540-03	Miles	11.17
De-Icing/Anti-Icing	Snow & Ice Control	540-07	Hours	138
Materials Management	Snow & Ice Inspection/Reconnaissance	540-09	Hours	0
Bulk Materials Management	Material Hauling	630-03	Hours	15
Debris Management	Vegetative Debris Removal & Disposal	440-08	Cubic Yards	0
	Clearing Roadways Travel Lanes	440-19	Miles	.25
	Disposal of Debris/Litter	630-09	Cubic Yards	0

Table XIILDEQ- designated regulated area: **Natchitoches**

BMP	Measurable Goal	Function Code	Unit of Measurement	Quantity
Illegal Dumping	Spill Clean-Up	425-01	Each	1
Drainage Maintenance	Erosion Control & Repair	440-00	Square Yards	8
Litter Collection	Pick Up of Debris/Litter	630-10	Cubic Yards	6
	Pick Up of Litter(Adopt-A-Road)	440-04	Cubic Yards	12
	Number of Active Groups	N/A	Each	0
	Number of Miles Adopted	N/A	Miles	0
	Pick Up of Inmate Litter	440-05	Cubic Yards	0
	Pick Up of Sheriff's Litter	440-06	Cubic Yards	0
Herbicide Application	Herbicide Application-Hand Method	440-12	Each	0
	Herbicide Application-Machine Method	440-13	Acre	169
	Number of Licensed Applicators		Each	1
	Number of Training Hours		Hours	8
Roadside Drainage Maintenance	Clean and Maintain Drainage Structures	450-01	Each	14
	Drainage Structure Repair	450-02	Each	10
	Install Drainage Culverts	450-03	Each	0
	Clean & Reshape Ditches-Hand Method	450-04	Linear Feet	1,370
	Install/Replace Inlets & Catch Basins	450-06	Each	0
Bridge & Structure Maintenance	Clean Structural Members	465-00	Each	0
	Clean Deck & Drain	465-01	Linear Feet	904
	Remove Drift	465-17	Each	1
Street Sweeping	Sweeper Cleaning	540-03	Miles	0
De-Icing/Anti-Icing Materials Management	Snow & Ice Control	540-07	Hours	0
	Snow & Ice Inspection/Reconnaissance	540-09	Hours	2
Bulk Materials Management	Material Hauling	630-03	Hours	123
Debris Management	Vegetative Debris Removal & Disposal	440-08	Cubic Yards	13
	Clearing Roadways Travel Lanes	440-19	Miles	5
	Disposal of Debris/Litter	630-09	Cubic Yards	0

Table XIII

UA: New Orleans

BMP	Measurable Goal	Function Code	Unit of Measurement	Quantity
Illegal Dumping	Spill Clean-Up	425-01	Each	64
Drainage Maintenance	Erosion Control & Repair	440-00	Square Yards	426
Litter Collection	Pick Up of Debris/Litter	630-10	Cubic Yards	10,405.84
	Pick Up of Litter(Adopt-A-Road)	440-04	Cubic Yards	0
	Number of Active Groups	N/A	Each	4
	Number of Miles Adopted	N/A	Miles	4
	Pick Up of Inmate Litter	440-05	Cubic Yards	0
	Pick Up of Sheriff's Litter	440-06	Cubic Yards	0
Herbicide Application	Herbicide Application-Hand Method	440-12	Each	792
	Herbicide Application-Machine Method	440-13	Acres	6,561.22
	Number of Licensed Applicators		Each	1
	Number of Training Hours		Hours/Each	10
Roadside Drainage Maintenance	Clean and Maintain Drainage Structures	450-01	Each	6,670.50
	Drainage Structure Repair	450-02	Each	11
	Install Drainage Culverts	450-03	Each	55
	Clean & Reshape Ditches-Hand Method	450-04	Linear Feet	53,387
	Install/Replace Inlets & Catch Basins	450-06	Each	116
Bridge & Structure Maintenance	Clean Structural Members	465-00	Each	0
	Clean Deck & Drain	465-01	Linear Feet	35,917
	Remove Drift	465-17	Each	0
Street Sweeping	Sweeper Cleaning	540-03	Miles	4,514.56
De-Icing/Anti-Icing Materials Management	Snow & Ice Control	540-07	Hours	696.23
	Snow & Ice Inspection/Reconnaissance	540-09	Hours	72
Bulk Materials Management	Material Hauling	630-03	Hours	192.75
Debris Management	Vegetative Debris Removal & Disposal	440-08	Cubic Yards	56
	Clearing Roadways Travel Lanes	440-19	Miles	75.10
	Disposal of Debris/Litter	630-09	Cubic Yards	0

Table XIV

UA: Shreveport

BMP	Measurable Goal	Function Code	Unit of Measurement	Quantity
Illegal Dumping	Spill Clean-Up	425-01	Each	8
Drainage Maintenance	Erosion Control & Repair	440-00	Square Yards	1,777
Litter Collection	Pick Up of Debris/Litter	630-10	Cubic Yards	301.37
	Pick Up of Litter(Adopt-A-Road)	440-04	Cubic Yards	3
	Number of Active Groups	N/A	Each	3
	Number of Miles Adopted	N/A	Miles	3.5
	Pick Up of Inmate Litter	440-05	Cubic Yards	0
	Pick Up of Sheriff's Litter	440-06	Cubic Yards	231
Herbicide Application	Herbicide Application-Hand Method	440-12	Each	3
	Herbicide Application-Machine Method	440-13	Acres	514
	Number of Licensed Applicators		Each	1
	Number of Training Hours		Hours/Each	8
Roadside Drainage Maintenance	Clean and Maintain Drainage Structures	450-01	Each	975.50
	Drainage Structure Repair	450-02	Each	14.1
	Install Drainage Culverts	450-03	Each	0
	Clean & Reshape Ditches-Hand Method	450-04	Linear Feet	2,416
	Install/Replace Inlets & Catch Basins	450-06	Each	0
Bridge & Structure Maintenance	Clean Structural Members	465-00	Each	16
	Clean Deck & Drain	465-01	Linear Feet	19,981.78
	Remove Drift	465-17	Each	0
Street Sweeping	Sweeper Cleaning	540-03	Miles	32.59
De-Icing/Anti-Icing Materials Management	Snow & Ice Control	540-07	Hours	110.5
	Snow & Ice Inspection/Reconnaissance	540-09	Hours	26
Bulk Materials Management	Material Hauling	630-03	Hours	70
Debris Management	Vegetative Debris Removal & Disposal	440-08	Cubic Yards	121
	Roadway Clearing	440-19	Miles	0.60
	Disposal of Debris/Litter	630-09	Cubic Yards	0

Table XV

UA: Slidell

BMP	Measurable Goal	Function Code	Unit of Measurement	Quantity
Illegal Dumping	Spill Clean-Up	425-01	Each	7
Drainage Maintenance	Erosion Control & Repair	440-00	Square Yards	14
Litter Collection	Pick Up of Debris/Litter	630-10	Cubic Yards	424.10
	Pick Up of Litter(Adopt-A-Road)	440-04	Cubic Yards	0
	Number of Active Groups	N/A	Each	0
	Number of Miles Adopted	N/A	Miles	0
	Pick Up of Inmate Litter	440-05	Cubic Yards	40
	Pick Up of Sheriff's Litter	440-06	Cubic Yards	0
Herbicide Application	Herbicide Application-Hand Method	440-12	Each	314.30
	Herbicide Application-Machine Method	440-13	Acres	1,198
	Number of Licensed Applicators		Each	0
	Number of Training Hours		Hours/Each	0
Roadside Drainage Maintenance	Clean and Maintain Drainage Structures	450-01	Each	125
	Drainage Structure Repair	450-02	Each	2
	Install Drainage Culverts	450-03	Each	0
	Clean & Reshape Ditches-Hand Method	450-04	Linear Feet	77,701
	Install/Replace Inlets & Catch Basins	450-06	Each	1
Bridge & Structure Maintenance	Clean Structural Members	465-00	Each	1
	Clean Deck & Drain	465-01	Linear Feet	2,884
	Remove Drift	465-17	Each	0
Street Sweeping	Sweeper Cleaning	540-03	Miles	91.70
De-Icing/Anti-Icing	Snow & Ice Control	540-07	Hours	93.32
Materials Management	Snow & Ice Inspection/Reconnaissance	540-09	Hours	2.75
Bulk Materials Management	Material Hauling	630-03	Hours	.03
Debris Management	Vegetative Debris Removal & Disposal	440-08	Cubic Yards	120
	Clearing Roadways Travel Lanes	440-19	Miles	1.81
	Disposal of Debris/Litter	630-09	Cubic Yards	0

Appendix B

After the Storm Brochure

&

Understanding Water Brochure

Get Involved

Volunteers are encouraged to adopt

sections of state or federal highways to keep clean. All supplies are provided

the department. Contact the LA

DOTD's customer service to be

connected with an Adopt-A Road

coordinator in your area.

You see someone

sweeping yard waste into

a storm drain, dumping

debris in a vacant lot, or a

storm water pipe or ditch discharging

during dry weather. What should you

do? Report it! These activities are not

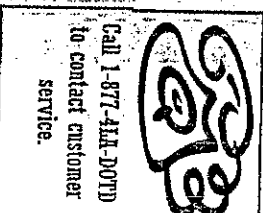
only harmful to the environment but

illegal. Call customer service or report

the incident online at la DOTD - Municipal Separate Storm Sewer Systems - Report Illicit Discharges

Report Illicit Discharges

And finally, educate others of the effect of storm water pollution.



LOUISIANA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION & DEVELOPMENT

FOR ADDITIONAL INFO CONTACT



Louisiana Department of Transportation & Development's Environmental Section

1201 Capitol Access Road
Baton Rouge, LA 70802
Phone: 225-242-4566

LOUISIANA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION & DEVELOPMENT

Understanding

Stormwater

Louisiana's on the move

DOTD builds the way



At <http://www.dotd.la.gov/mide-adopt>, divisions/engineering/environmental/mis/water/default.aspx

So what exactly is stormwater runoff?

Runoff occurs when precipitation does not infiltrate into the ground. As precipitation travels across impervious surfaces numerous pollutants such as oil, sediment, bacteria and paper are accumulated by this runoff. The polluted runoff is then collected and transported via a storm sewer system and discharged into nearby surface waters.



And this is a problem because.....

Stormwater runoff is NOT TREATED! Unlike other process waters such as wastewater, stormwater runoff has no treatment process prior to discharge.

Pollution Prevention Tips

On the road....

- Paper and cigarette butts are a public nuisance common to the road. Roadside litter is not only unsightly, but lead to drainage problems. Put trash in its place and properly discard it in a garbage can.

- Hitting the open road with your travel trailer in tow is a great way to see the country, however when the trip ends remember to dispose of sewage at an approved dumping site. Improperly discharged sewage contain excess nutrients, harmful bacteria and viruses which are carried into waterways.

- While taking your pet on a drive can be fun, you will eventually stop to let your dog "go." Just remember to scoop the poop! Pet waste should be bagged and properly discarded in the trash.
- Ensure that your vehicle is properly maintained. Leaks should be immediately repaired and all fluids recycled at designated locations.

While at home....

- Hazardous materials such as paint or petroleum products should never be poured into a storm drain or roadside ditch. Items such as these should be disposed of at area collection centers.
- Common household items are often found in stormwater discharges. Chemical yard

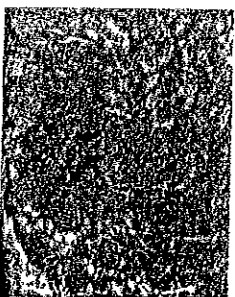
treatments such as fertilizers and pesticides should be used sparingly and according to manufacturer's specifications.

- Leaves and grass clippings left in the street or discarded into storm drains is a major contributor to polluted runoff. Sweep and collect yard debris for curbside disposable or consider composting.

Salt vs. Fresh?

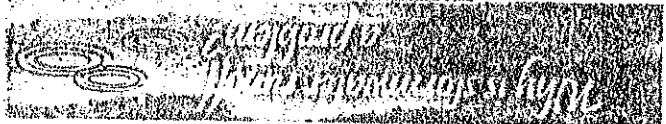
Both pool types can have a detrimental impact to area water bodies. Often homeowners drain their pools by discharging the water in a nearby storm drain. However, do not underestimate the impact draining your pool can have downstream.

Elevated levels of chlorine or the introduction of salt water into a fresh water system can damage plant and wildlife. If draining because necessary, then ensure prior to discharge the concentration levels fall to below normal level to reduce the risk of impact.

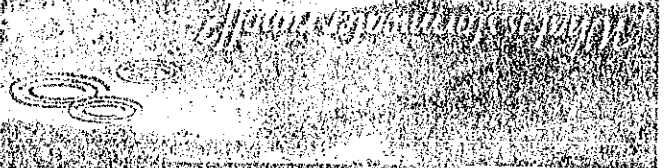
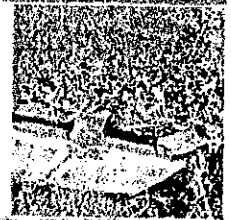


Because when it rains, it's draining!

Stormwater can pick up debris, chemicals, dirt, and other pollutants and flow into a storm sewer system or directly to a lake, stream, river, wetland, or coastal water. Anything that enters a storm sewer system is discharged untreated into the waterbodies we use for swimming, fishing, and providing drinking water.



Stormwater runoff occurs when precipitation from rain or snowmelt flows over the ground. Impervious surfaces like driveways, sidewalks, and streets prevent stormwater from naturally soaking into the ground.



After the Storm

For more information contact:

or visit
www.epa.gov/npdes/stormwater
www.epa.gov/nps

♦ Polluted stormwater often affects drinking water sources. This, in turn, can affect human health and increase drinking water treatment costs.



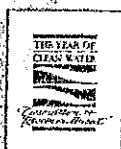
♦ Household hazardous wastes like insecticides, pesticides, paint, solvents, used motor oil, and other auto fluids can poison aquatic life. Land animals and people can become sick or die from eating diseased fish and shellfish or ingesting polluted water.



♦ Debris—plastic bags, six-pack rings, bottles, and cigarette butts—washed into waterbodies can choke, suffocate, or disable aquatic life like ducks, fish, turtles, and birds.

♦ Bacteria and other pathogens can wash into swimming areas and create health hazards, often making beach closures necessary.

♦ Sediment can cloud the water and make it difficult or impossible for aquatic plants to grow. Sediment also can destroy aquatic habitats.



Children's Guide to
 Understanding Stormwater

Stormwater Pollution Solutions

Residential

Recycle or properly dispose of household products that contain chemicals, such as insecticides, pesticides, paint, solvents, and used motor oil and other auto fluids. Don't pour them onto the ground or into storm drains.

Lawn care

Excess fertilizers and pesticides applied to lawns and gardens wash off and pollute streams. In addition, yard clippings and leaves can wash into storm drains and contribute nutrients and organic matter to streams.

- ♦ Don't overwater your lawn. Consider using a soaker hose instead of a sprinkler.
- ♦ Use pesticides and fertilizers sparingly. When use is necessary, use these chemicals in the recommended amounts. Use organic mulch or safer pest control methods whenever possible.
- ♦ Compost or mulch yard waste. Don't leave it in the street or sweep it into storm drains or streams.
- ♦ Cover piles of dirt or mulch being used in landscaping projects.



Auto care

Washing your car and degreasing auto parts at home can send detergents and other contaminants through the storm sewer system. Dumping automotive fluids into storm drains has the same result as dumping the materials directly into a waterbody.

- ♦ Use a commercial car wash that treats or recycles its wastewater, or wash your car on your yard so the water infiltrates into the ground.
- ♦ Repair leaks and dispose of used auto fluids and batteries at designated drop-off or recycling locations.



Septic systems

Leaking and poorly maintained septic systems release nutrients and pathogens (bacteria and viruses) that can be picked up by stormwater and discharged into nearby waterbodies. Pathogens can cause public health problems and environmental concerns.

- ♦ Inspect your system every 3 years and pump your tank as necessary (every 3 to 5 years).
- ♦ Don't dispose of household hazardous waste in sinks or toilets.



Pet waste

Pet waste can be a major source of bacteria and excess nutrients in local waters.

- ♦ When walking your pet, remember to pick up the waste and dispose of it properly. Flushing pet waste is the best disposal method. Leaving pet waste on the ground increases public health risks by allowing harmful bacteria and nutrients to wash into the storm drain and eventually into local waterbodies.



Education is essential to changing people's behavior. Signs and markers near storm drains warn residents that pollutants entering the drains will be carried untreated into a local waterbody.

Residential landscaping

Permeable Pavement—Traditional concrete and asphalt don't allow water to soak into the ground. Instead these surfaces rely on storm drains to divert unwanted water. Permeable pavement systems allow rain and snowmelt to soak through, decreasing stormwater runoff.

Rain Barrels—You can collect rainwater from rooftops in mosquito-proof containers. The water can be used later on lawn or garden areas.

Rain Gardens and Grassy Swales—Specially designed areas planted with native plants can provide natural places for



rainwater to collect and soak into the ground. Rain from rooftop areas or paved areas can be diverted into these areas rather than into storm drains.

Vegetated Filter Strips—Filter strips are areas of native grass or plants created along roadways or streams. They trap the pollutants stormwater picks up as it flows across driveways and streets.

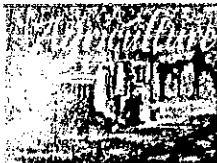
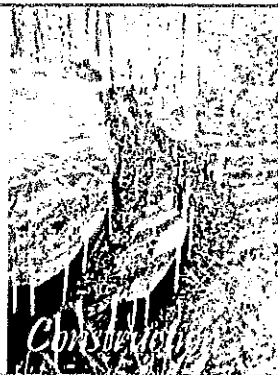


Dirt, oil, and debris that collect in parking lots and paved areas can be washed into the storm sewer system and eventually enter local waterbodies.

- ♦ Sweep up litter and debris from sidewalks, driveways and parking lots, especially around storm drains.
- ♦ Cover grease storage and dumpsters and keep them clean to avoid leaks.
- ♦ Report any chemical spill to the local hazardous waste cleanup team. They'll know the best way to keep spills from harming the environment.

Erosion controls that aren't maintained can cause excessive amounts of sediment and debris to be carried into the stormwater system. Construction vehicles can leak fuel, oil, and other harmful fluids that can be picked up by stormwater and deposited into local waterbodies.

- ♦ Divert stormwater away from disturbed or exposed areas of the construction site.
- ♦ Install silt fences, vehicle mud removal areas, vegetative cover, and other sediment and erosion controls and properly maintain them, especially after rainstorms.
- ♦ Prevent soil erosion by minimizing disturbed areas during construction projects, and seed and mulch bare areas as soon as possible.



Lack of vegetation on streambanks can lead to erosion. Overgrazed pastures can also contribute excessive amounts of sediment to local waterbodies. Excess fertilizers and pesticides can poison aquatic animals and lead to destructive algae blooms. Livestock in streams can contaminate waterways with bacteria, making them unsafe for human contact.

- ♦ Keep livestock away from streambanks and provide them a water source away from waterbodies.
- ♦ Store and apply manure away from waterbodies and in accordance with a nutrient management plan.
- ♦ Vegetate riparian areas along waterways.
- ♦ Rotate animal grazing to prevent soil erosion in fields.
- ♦ Apply fertilizers and pesticides according to label instructions to save money and minimize pollution.



Uncovered fueling stations allow spills to be washed into storm drains. Cars waiting to be repaired can leak fuel, oil, and other harmful fluids that can be picked up by stormwater.

- ♦ Clean up spills immediately and properly dispose of cleanup materials.
- ♦ Provide cover over fueling stations and design or retrofit facilities for spill containment.
- ♦ Properly maintain fleet vehicles to prevent oil, gas, and other discharges from being washed into local waterbodies.
- ♦ Install and maintain oil/water separators.

Improperly managed logging operations can result in erosion and sedimentation.

- ♦ Conduct preharvest planning to prevent erosion and lower costs.
- ♦ Use logging methods and equipment that minimize soil disturbance.
- ♦ Plan and design skid trails, yard areas, and truck access roads to minimize stream crossings and avoid disturbing the forest floor.
- ♦ Construct stream crossings so that they minimize erosion and physical changes to streams.
- ♦ Expedite revegetation of cleared areas.



Appendix C

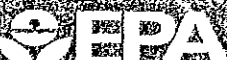
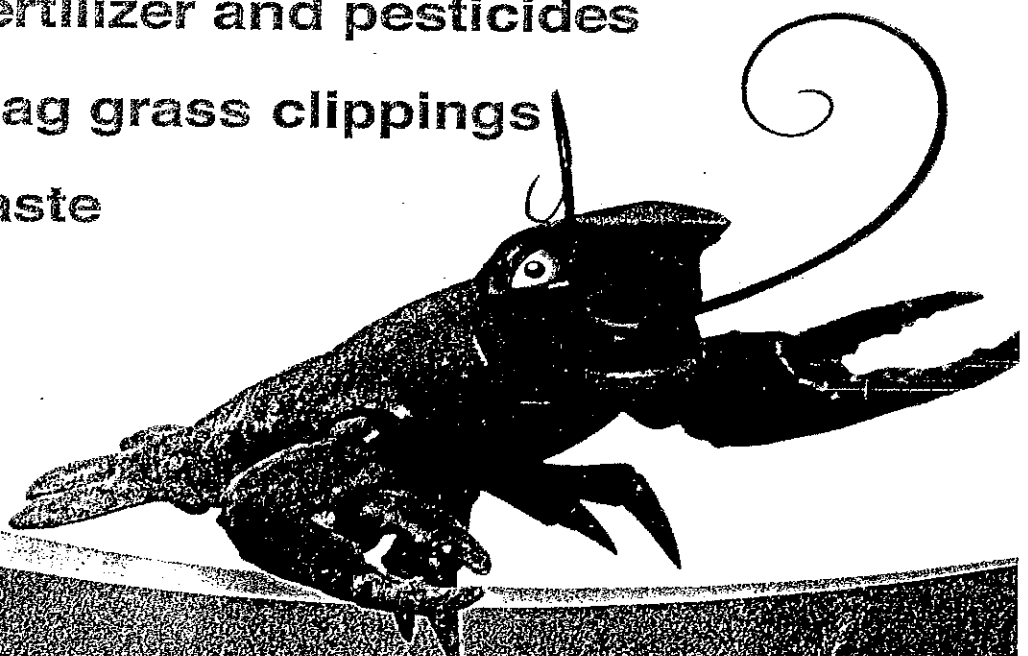
Make Changes, Be the Solution! Poster



MAKE CHANGES! BE THE SOLUTION!

Everything you blow, spray, pour or throw on the ground can get washed down the storm drain – polluting Louisiana's waters

- 💧 Recycle oil
- 💧 Use less fertilizer and pesticides
- 💧 Mulch or bag grass clippings
- 💧 Bag pet waste
- 💧 Don't litter



Find out more at: WWW.DEQ.LOUISIANA.GOV

Appendix D

LPB Contract and LPB Article



UNDERWRITING AGREEMENT:
Louisiana Public Broadcasting
7733 Perkins Road, Baton Rouge, LA 70810-1199
(225) 767-4466
(225) 767-4421 (FAX)
Jeanne S. Smith, Underwriting Director
jsmith@lpb.org

Louisiana Department of Transportation & Development - General support - 2025 / The Foundation for Excellence in Louisiana Public Broadcasting (FELPB)

Louisiana Department of Transportation & Development
Sponsoring Company Name:

Dori Turner, Environmental Impact Specialist

Contact Name and Title:

1201 Capitol Access Road
Address:

Baton Rouge, LA 70802

City, State and Zip:

(225) 242-4566
Phone Number:

dori.turner@la.gov
Email:

This document will serve to verify and specify the conditions relating to an agreement between The Foundation for Excellence in Louisiana Public Broadcasting (FELPB) and Louisiana Department of Transportation & Development for providing support to the following programming on Louisiana Public Broadcasting, (LPB):

Program(s) and Agreement Period: General Support

Schedule Period: 01/01/2025-12/31/2025

Flight Dates: Jan 1-December 31, 2025

Special Notes:

Promotional Considerations:

Louisiana Department of Transportation & Development will receive the following promotional considerations:

# of Units	Program / Description	Days	Start Date	Start Time	End Date	End Time	Unit Rate	Total Net
15	ROS General Support (:30) 1-2/month in early fringe, prime, late fringe.	F, M, S, SU; T, TH, W	01/01/2025	6 P	12/31/2025	12 A	\$100.00	\$1,500.00
26	Benus Schedule (:30s) 2-3/month ROS on LPB main channel in PBS kids programming	F, M, S, SU; T, TH, W	01/01/2025	12 A	12/31/2025	12 P	\$0.00	\$0.00
1	In Good Company Feature Article for the months of July or September 2025- Digital version on the home page of lpb.org along with print version in LPB Visions magazine (22,000 circulation)						\$0.00	\$0.00
1	Sponsor - Underwriting Acknowledgment LPB Visions and lpb.org for a full year.						\$0.00	\$0.00
TOTAL								\$1,500.00

these items were completed

Louisiana Department of Transportation & Development - General support - 2025

* Broadcasting Locations: Messages will air throughout the state on LPB's six-station broadcast network in Baton Rouge, Lafayette, Lake Charles, Alexandria, Monroe and Shreveport. Messages will also stream live from lpb.org and the LPB, YouTube TV, Local NOW, Huli LIVE + Local, and PBS Passport Apps.

Cancellation Option:

The underwriter has the option to cancel this agreement after a minimum of 90 days from the date of the first airing, by providing a minimum of 30 days prior written notice of cancellation. During the 30-day period, LPB may continue to air the credits, and the underwriter will be obligated for the contract amounts through the date of termination.

Amount / Payment:

Louisiana Department of Transportation & Development agrees to pay the sponsorship rate of \$1,500.00 NET package listed on page one of this agreement. The sponsor agrees to remit invoice(s) within 30 days of the invoiced date(s).

Total Amount: \$1,500.00 NET

05/01/2025 \$1,500.00

Default:

If the underwriter fails to make any payment when due, FELPB may, in addition to other remedies, discontinue airing any or all credits.

No Warranties:

The underwriter is solely responsible for selecting the program(s). It wishes to underwrite, and FELPB makes no warranties, implied or express, regarding such program(s).

By the signatures below, the sponsor and FELPB agree to perform the mutual obligations as outlined above in accordance with all terms and conditions of this sponsorship agreement.

Effective Date: 01/01/2025
Underwriter approval by:

End Date: 12/31/2025
The Foundation for Excellence in Louisiana Public Broadcasting (FELPB)
approval by:

[Signature] Date: 1-6-25

[Signature] Date: 01-10-25

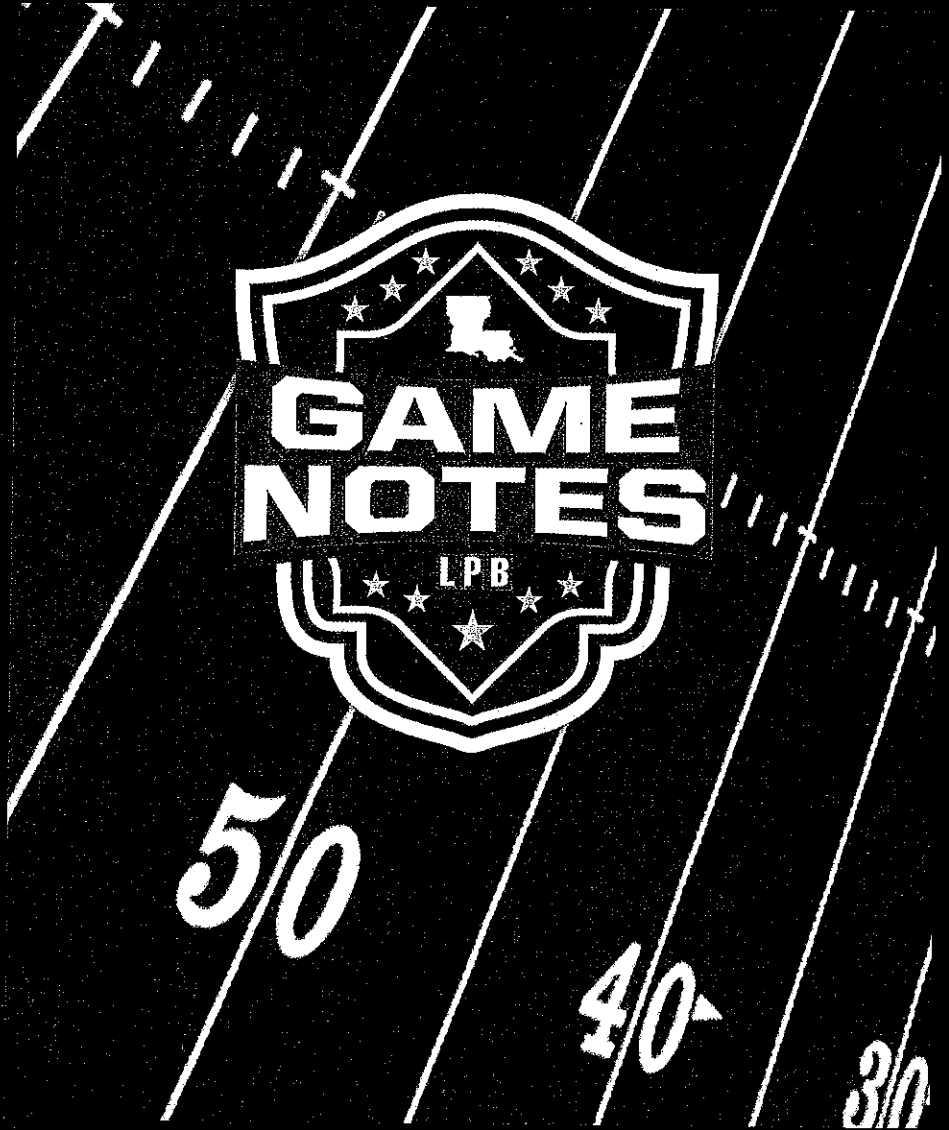
Witness: [Signature] Date: 1-6-25

Witness: [Signature] Date: _____

VISIONS

FOR FRIENDS OF LPB • AUG. 2025

VOLUME 49, ISSUE 8



LITTER: BE PART OF THE SOLUTION, NOT THE POLLUTION

LOUISIANA DEPARTMENT OF
TRANSPORTATION & DEVELOPMENT

When you think of stormwater, what's the first thing that comes to mind? If it's rainwater, you're correct. Stormwater is defined as water that originates from precipitation, including heavy rain and meltwater from hail and snow. As it flows over roofs, lawns, streets, parking lots and other surfaces, it picks up contaminants such as dirt, trash, oils, greases, fertilizers, pesticides and other chemicals carrying them directly to storm drains and waterbodies. One significant pollutant of particular concern is litter. Improperly disposed litter is washed into storm drains, eventually making its way into our waterways. Besides being unsightly, litter poses serious threats to aquatic life by potentially choking, suffocating, or disabling animals like ducks, fish, turtles, and birds. Furthermore, decaying litter decreases oxygen levels in the water, harming the ecosystem.

The cost of litter removal is staggering. The Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development (DOTD) spends approximately \$9 million per year on this

effort. Additionally, research indicates there are around 143.8 million pieces of litter on Louisiana roadways. This represents a significant investment of time and resources on something entirely preventable. Most litter can be recycled, which not only protects the environment, but also conserves natural resources.

So what can you do to help? Here are a few simple actions: 1) Do not litter! Keep a bag for waste in your vehicle or put trash in your pocket until you can find a trash can. 2) Reuse or recycle items whenever possible. 3) Pick up one piece of litter every day. If every person picked up one piece daily, it would make a huge impact in our local communities.

With some thoughtfulness and effort, Louisiana citizens can keep litter off our roadways and out of our waterbodies. For more information on stormwater runoff and how you can help protect our waterways, please visit http://wwwsp.dotd.la.gov/Inside_LaDOTD/Divisions/Engineering/Environmental/MS4/Pages/default.aspx.

MEETINGS

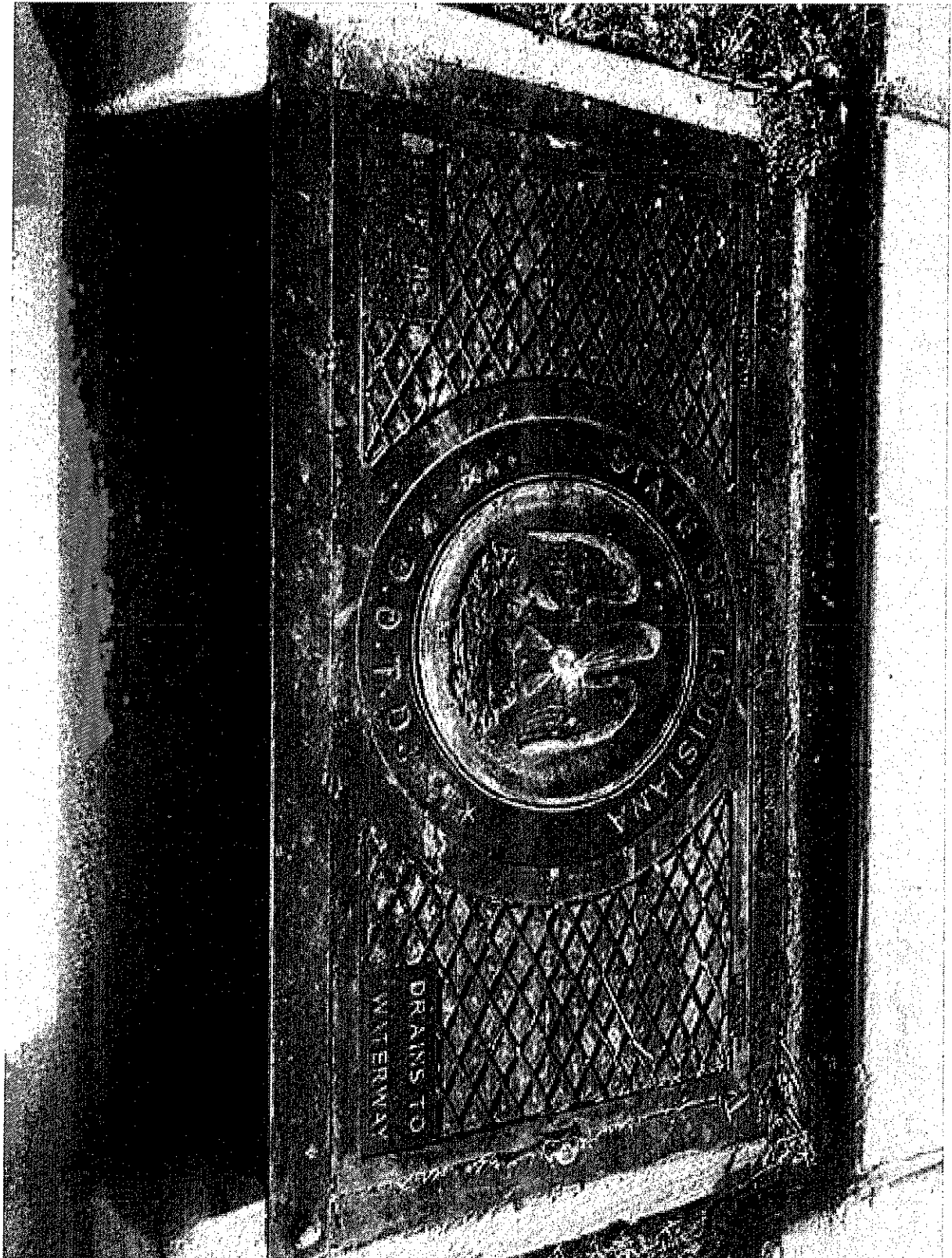
FOUNDATION FOR EXCELLENCE IN LOUISIANA PUBLIC BROADCASTING (FLPB) - NO MEETING

**LOUISIANA EDUCATIONAL TELEVISION AUTHORITY (LETA)
AUGUST 14 AT 12:00 PM**

**FRIENDS OF LOUISIANA PUBLIC BROADCASTING (FLPB)
AUGUST 5 AT 11:30 AM**

Appendix E

Catch Basin Cover Photograph



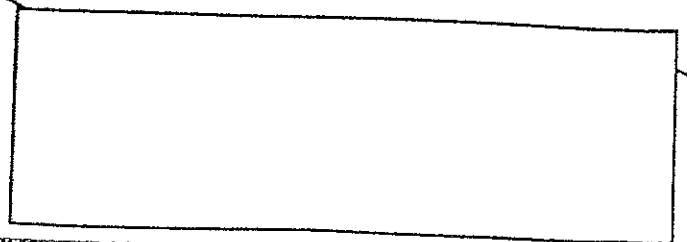
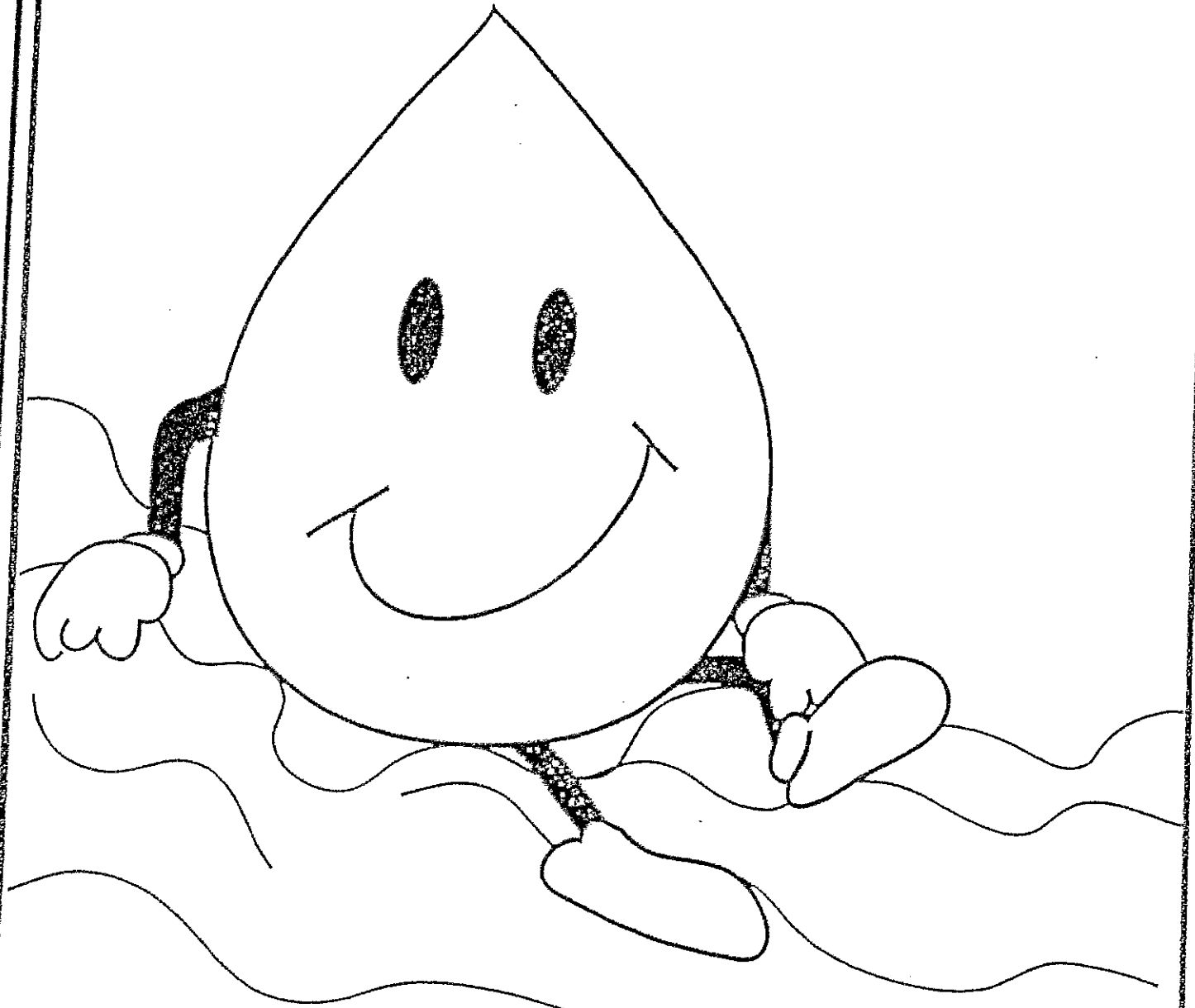
Appendix F

Educational Materials Packets

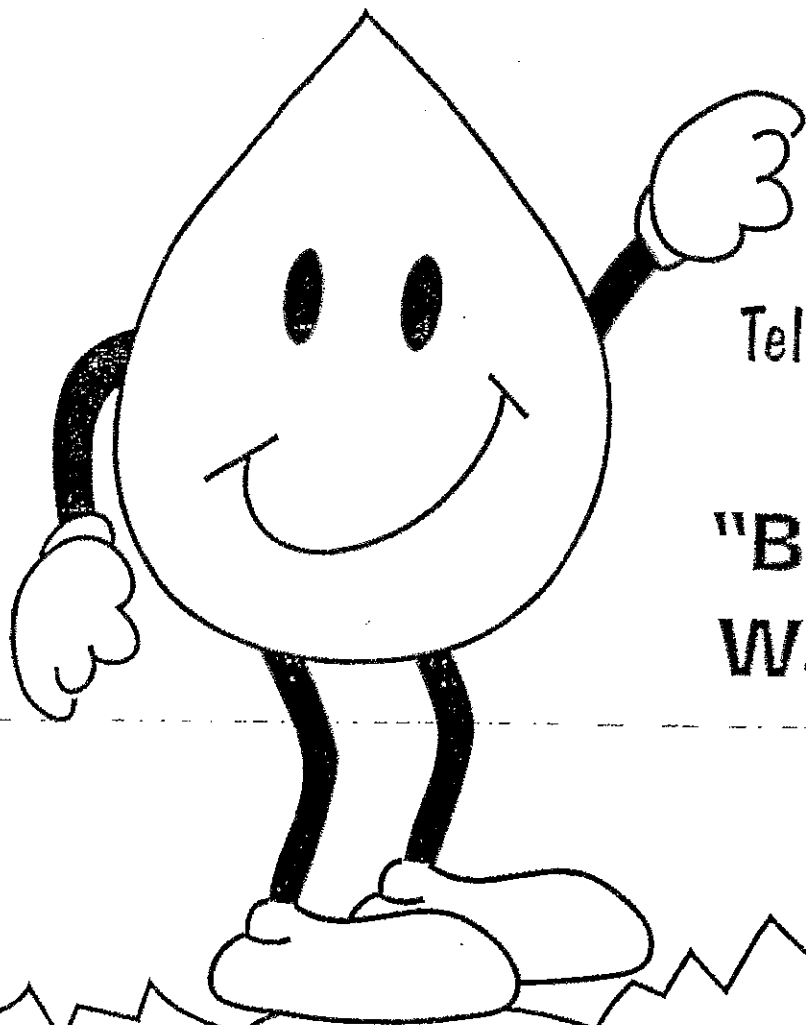
ACTIVITY BOOKLET

Be a Solution to Water Pollution

ACTIVITY BOOK



Have you ever walked next to a stream and seen trash floating in the water? Do you know how it gets there? Every time it rains, the water runs off the land and picks up pollutants such as dirt, oil, pet waste, litter, trash, pesticides and fertilizers. This polluted water flows into street drains and ditches that eventually drain to waterways. Never dump anything that you would not want to drink or swim in on the ground, in the street or down a storm drain. It will go into a river, lake or stream.



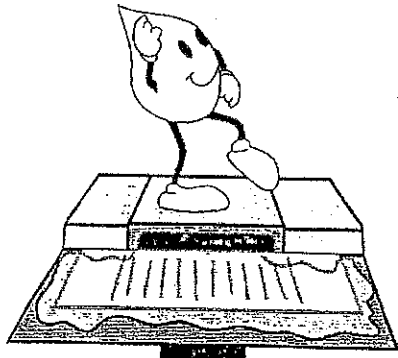
Tell your friends and family
how they can...

**"Be a Solution to
Water Pollution"**

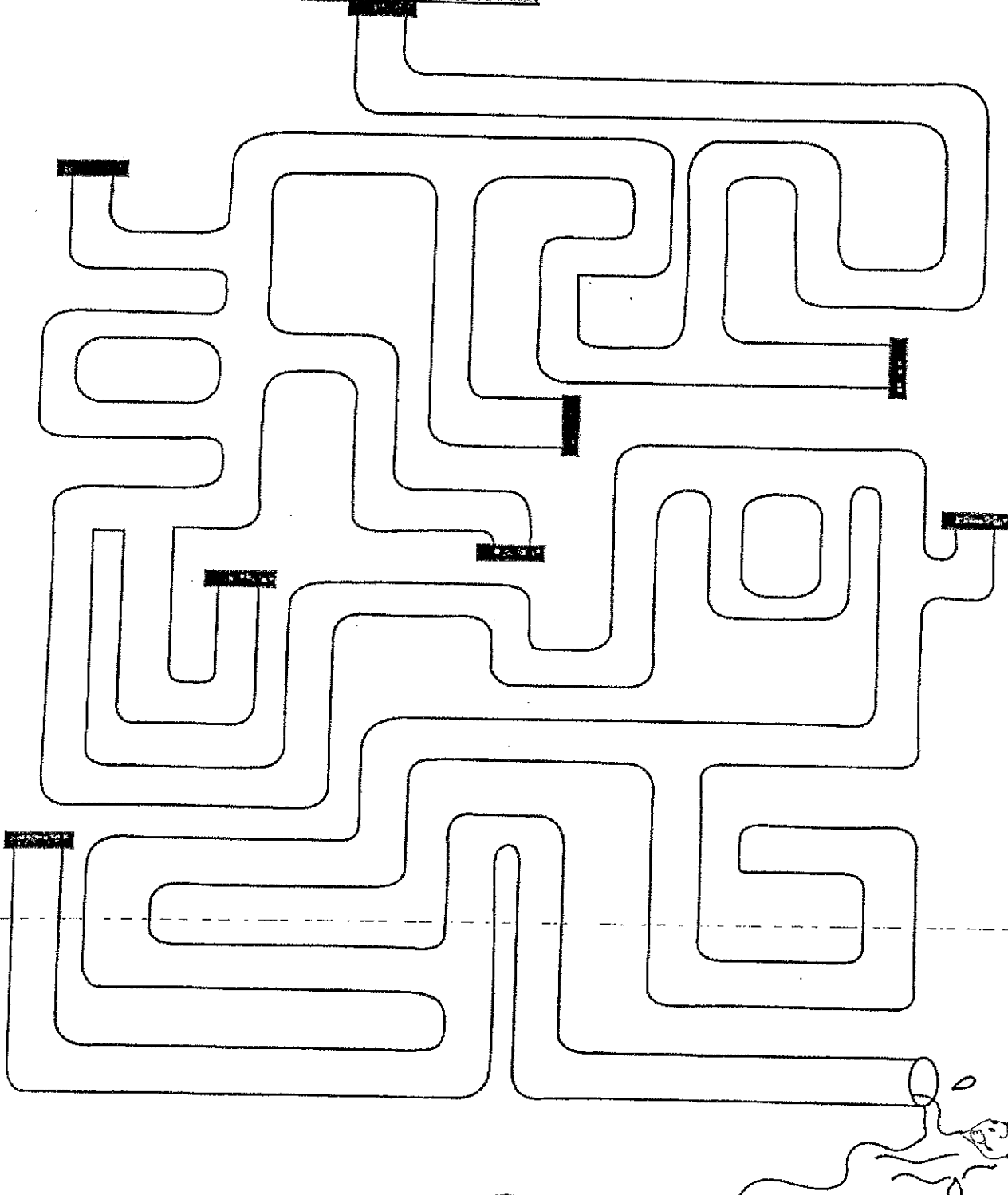
Can you find all of the things in the creek that do not belong?



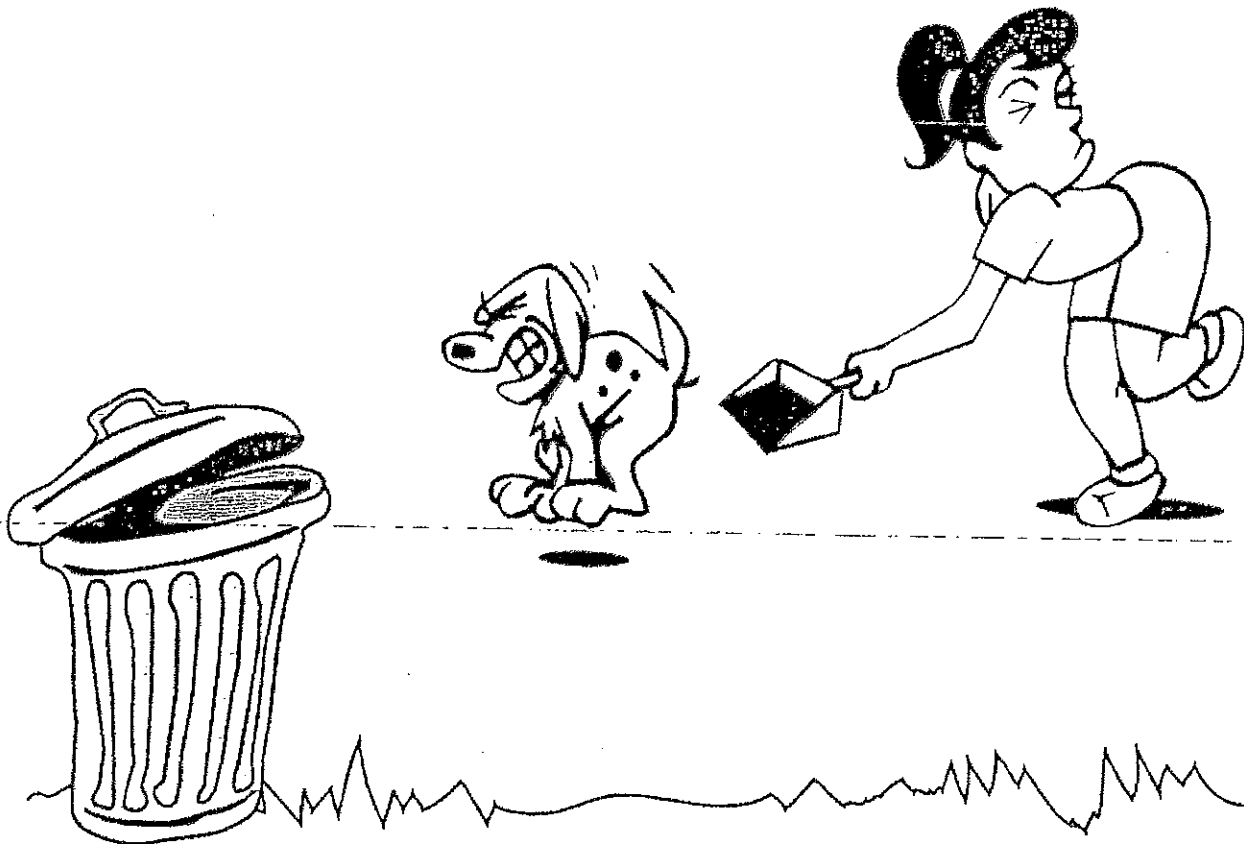
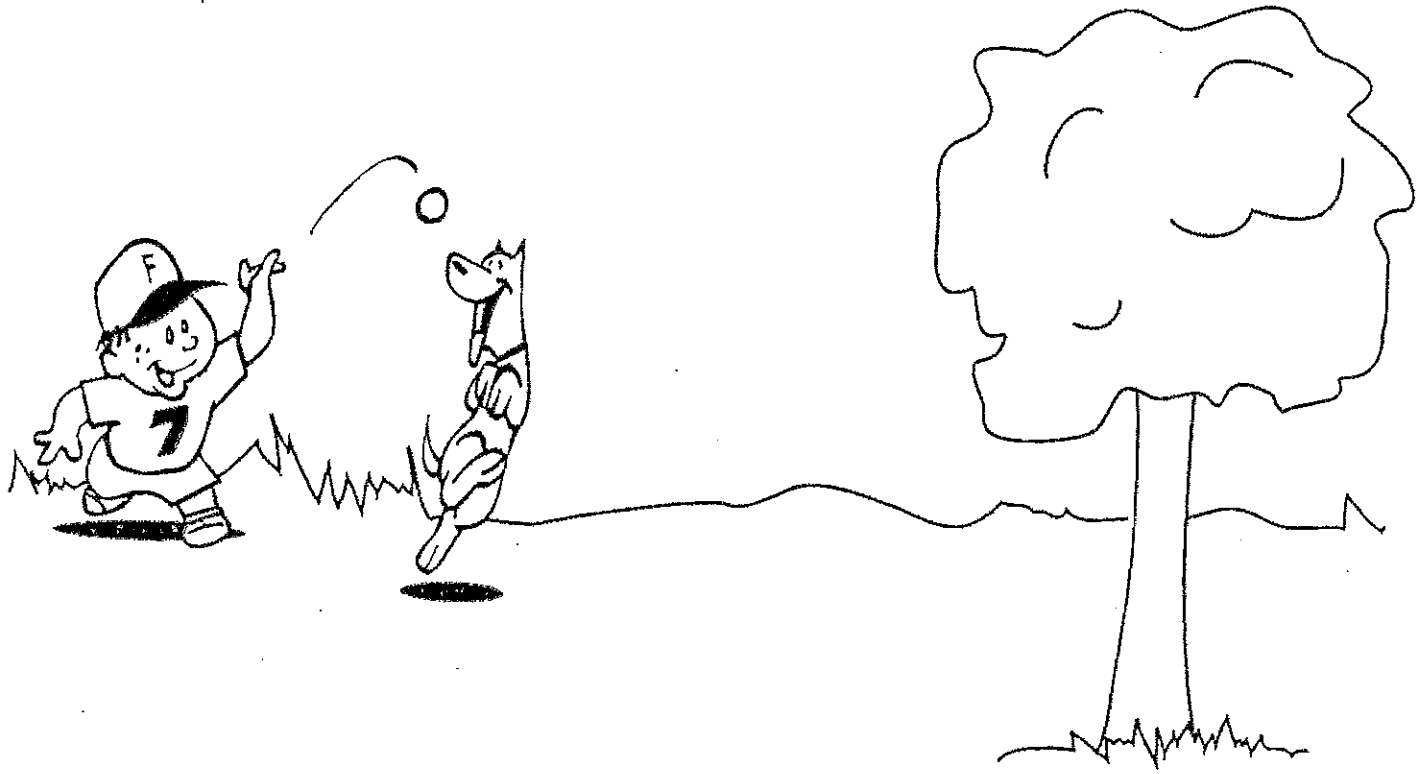
Waterdrops go through an amazing journey to get to streams and creeks.

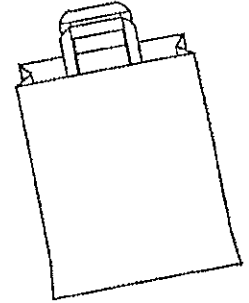
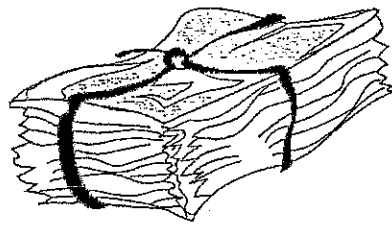
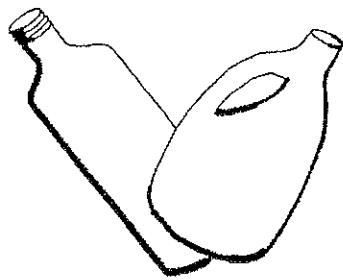


Please help this raindrop to find his way home through the drain and into the nearest river.



It is important to cleanup after your dog. Every time it rains, "poop" is collected by rainwater and dumped into a nearby storm drain or into a river, lake or stream. Carry a plastic or paper bag with you to pick-up after dog and throw it in the trash.





We can "Be a Solution to Water Pollution" by recycling cans, bottles, milk jugs, plastic bags and newspapers at home or in school.

Below is a list of scrambled words, which stands for items that can be recycled.

1. wspeprane _____

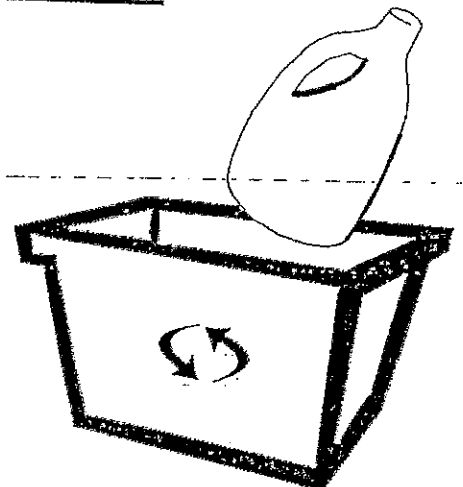
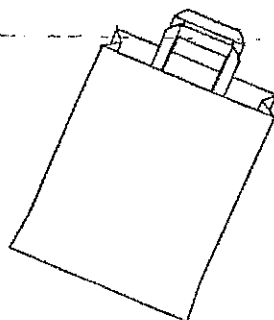
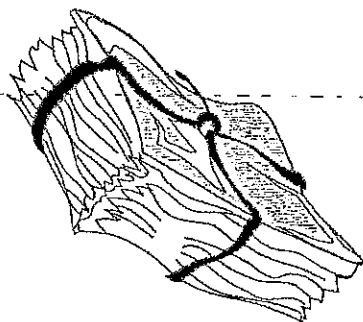
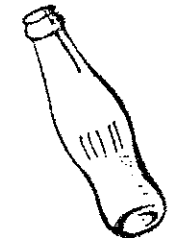
2. lsgas _____

3. ttlesob _____

4. slaptic _____

5. likm sugj _____

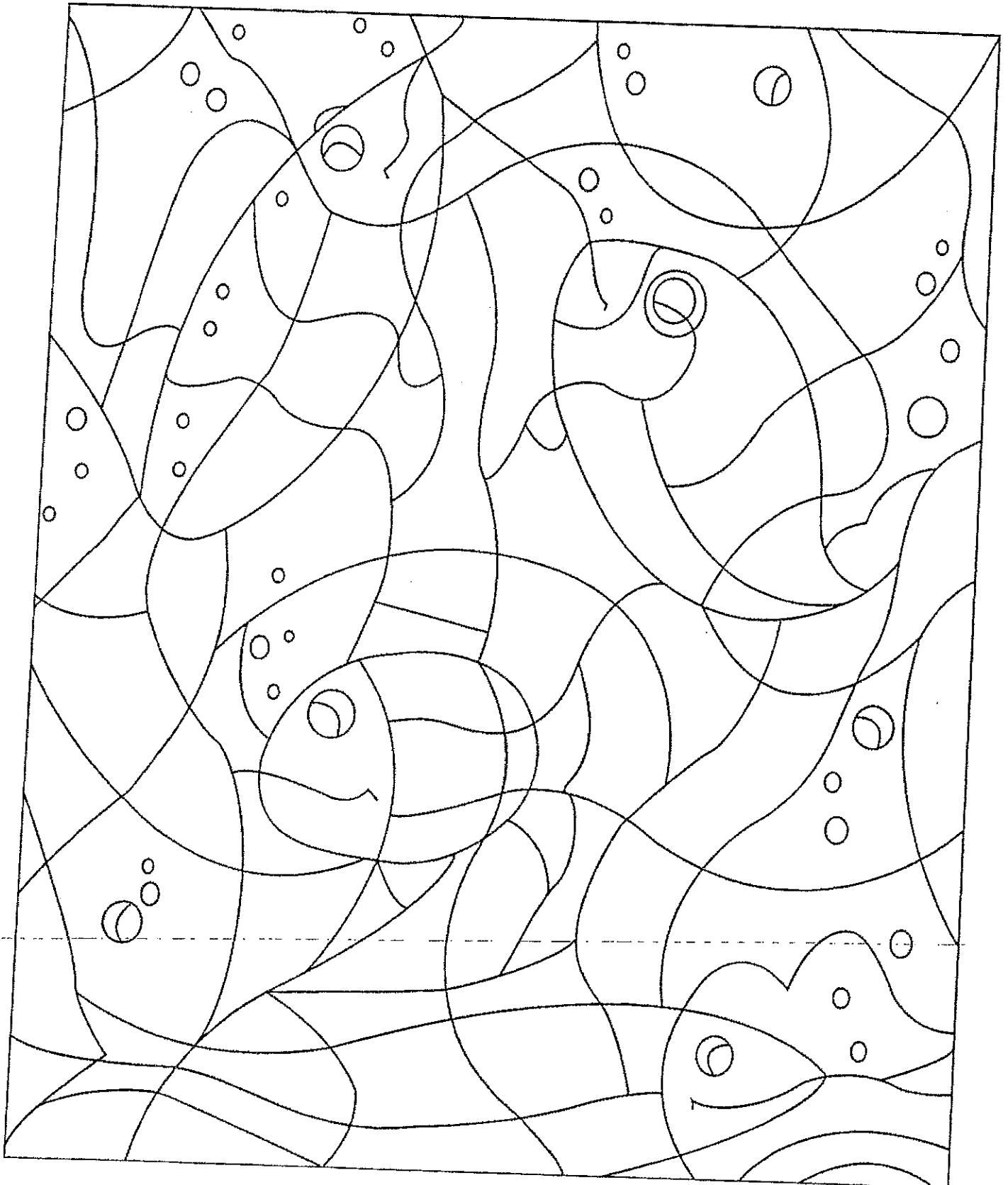
6. ulamniunm acns _____



Answers: 1. newspaper, 2. glass, 3. bottles, 4. plastic, 5. milk jugs, 6. aluminum cans

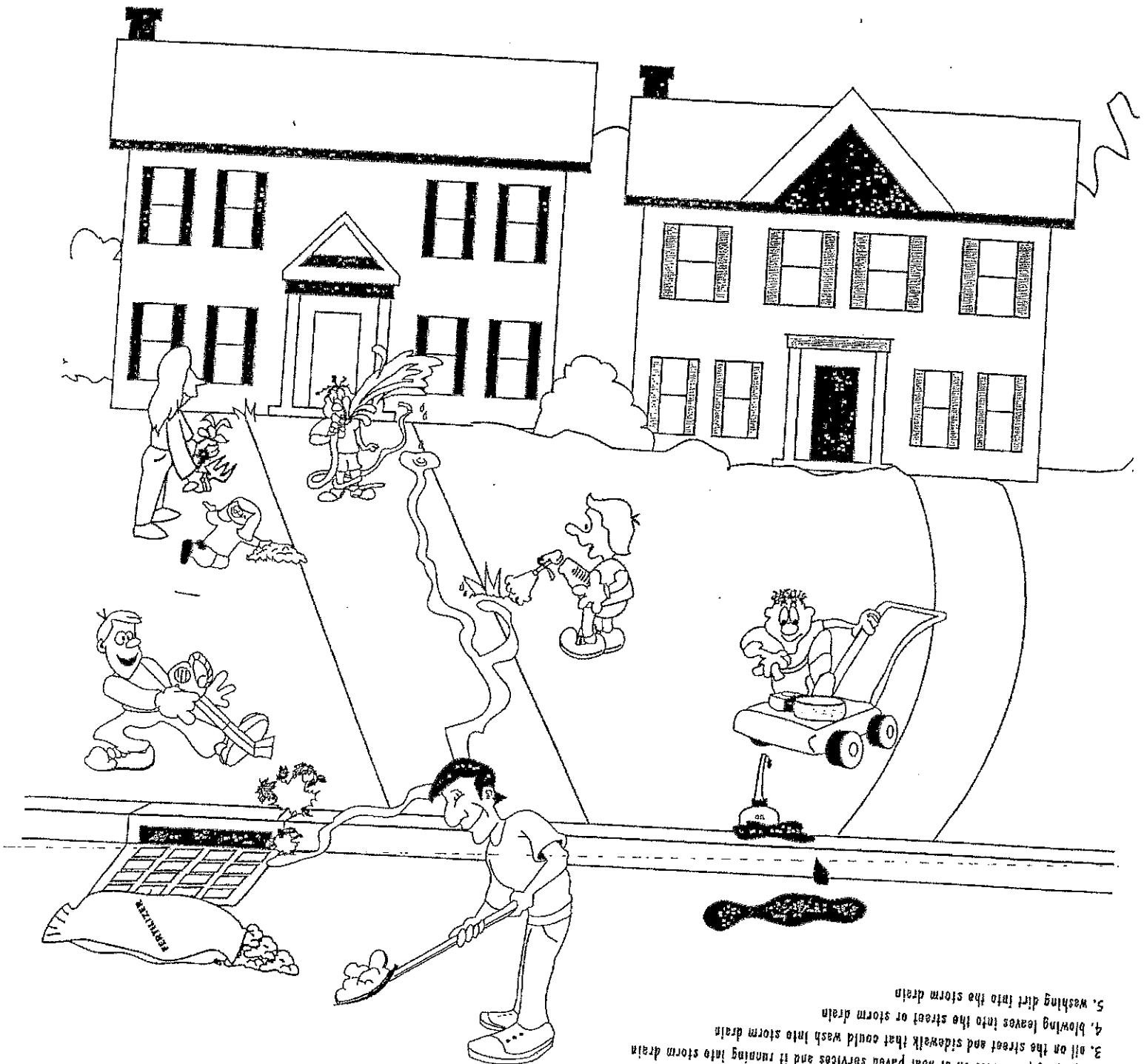
Fish and other aquatic life rely on clean water. Plastic bags, oil, other chemicals and other pollutants cause harm to fish.

Find the fish and color them in.



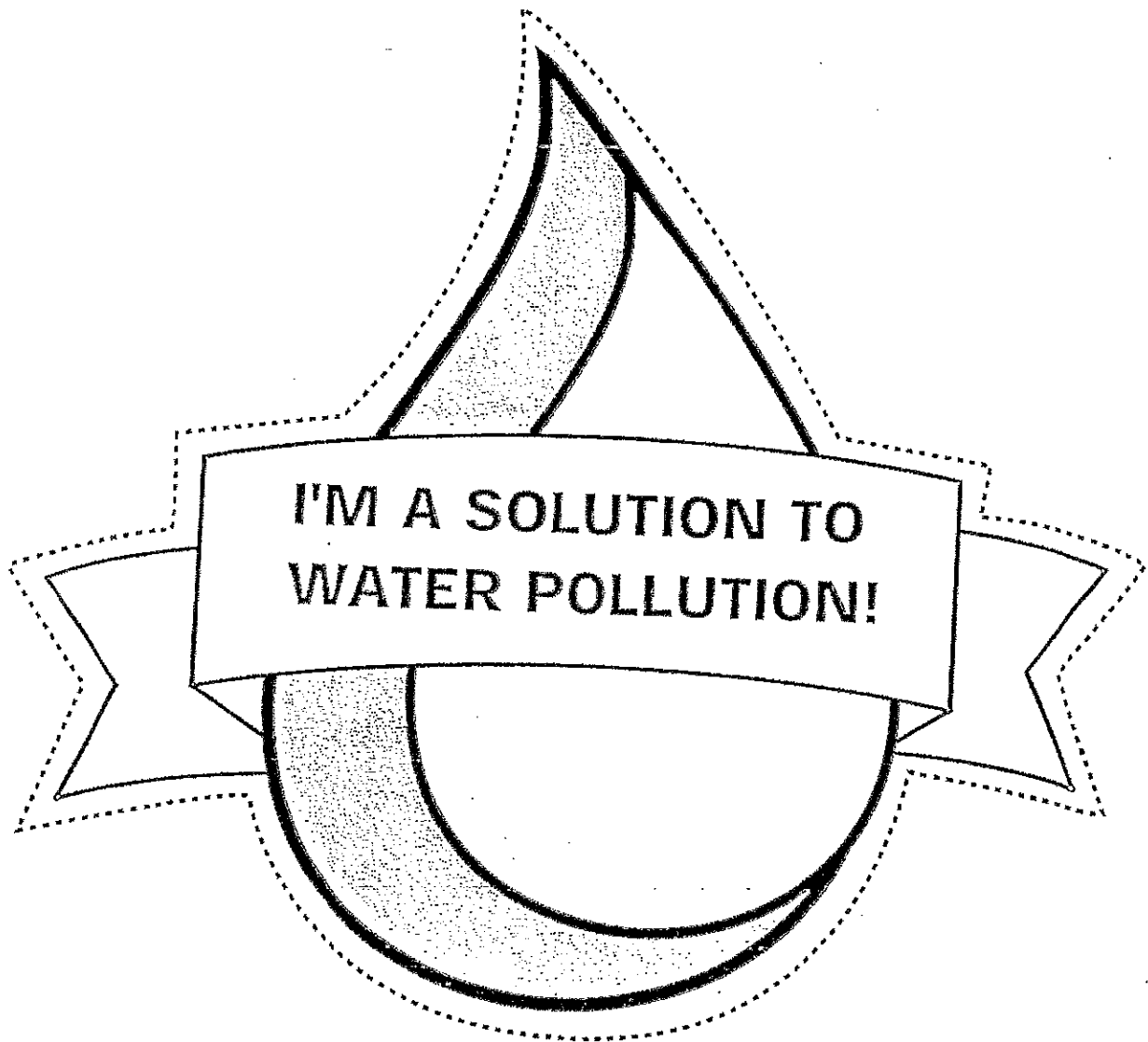
Working in the garden or on a lawn is a fun activity to do with grown-ups. When helping to clean a yard, remember not to dump anything down a storm drain or in the street. Can you find what is wrong with this picture?

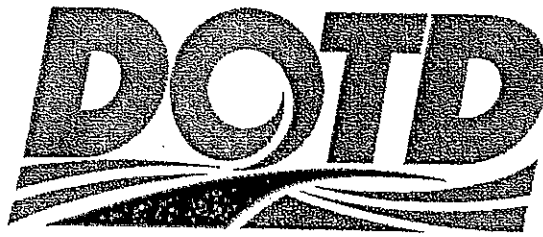
Circle the mistakes that the people in this drawing are making.



1. fertilizer spilled on street
2. spraying pesticides on or near paved surfaces and it running into storm drain
3. oil on the street and sidewalk that could wash into storm drain
4. blowing leaves into the street or storm drain
5. washing dirt into the storm drain

Good job! Ask your parent, teacher or troupe leader to help you cut out your badge.





LOUISIANA DEPARTMENT OF
TRANSPORTATION & DEVELOPMENT

For additional information, please visit our website at

http://wwwsp.dotd.la.gov/Inside_LaDOTD/Divisions/Engineering/Environmental/MS4/Pages/default.aspx

or contact

Louisiana Department of Transportation & Development

Environmental Section

1201 Capitol Access Road

Baton Rouge, LA 70802

Phone: 225-242-4566

You too can help! Please visit

DOTD Adopt-A-Road Program:

http://wwwsp.dotd.la.gov/Inside_LaDOTD/Divisions/Operations/adopt-a-road/Pages/default.aspx

Keep Louisiana Beautiful:

<https://keeplouisianabeautiful.org/>

The Be a Solution to Water Pollution Activity Book was reproduced with permission from the

Clean Water Campaign

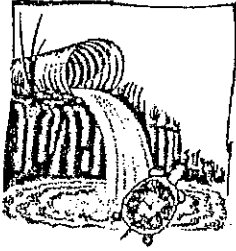
40 Courtland Street, NE

Atlanta, GA 30303

Email: info@cleanwatercampaign.com

Website: <https://cleanwatercampaign.org/>

DIRT IN THE DRAIN



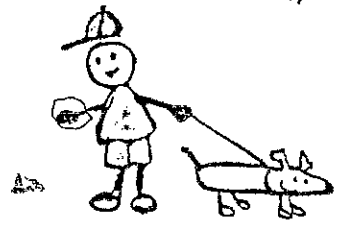
TURTLES COMPLAIN

Please Don't Pour



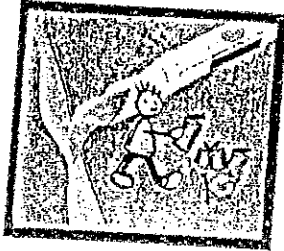
**That's Our
Front Door**

Clean Water



I Can Help!

MAKE A SPLASH

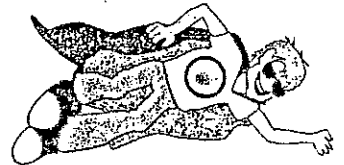


CLEAN UP YOUR TRASH

Muck! Yuck!

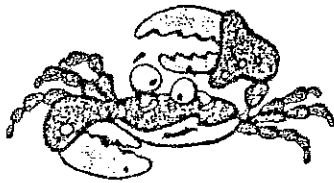


Sad Duck



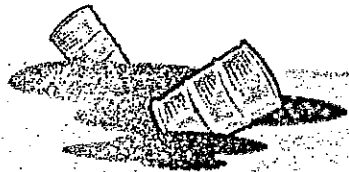
**I'm a
CLEAN WATER
ACTION HERO**

Junk from the Gutter



Makes us Sputter

Oil & Water



Please Don't Mix!



**WHEN IT RAINS
IT DRAINS**

**Leaves don't
belong in the
stormdrain**

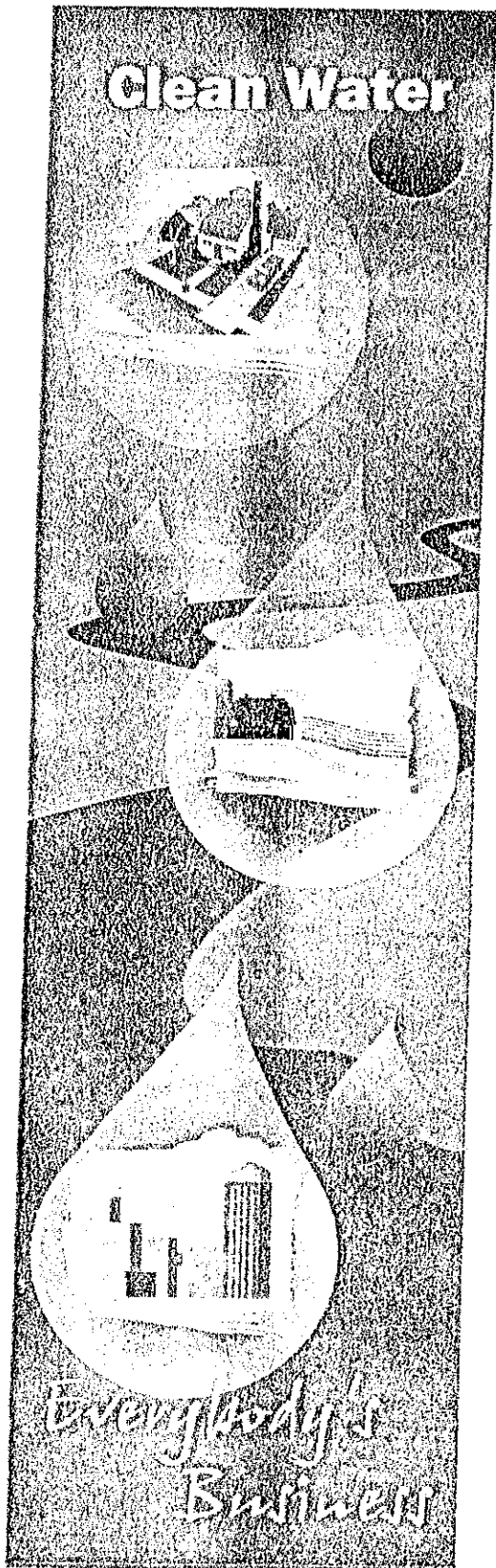


Wave of the Future!
Will We Swim In It?

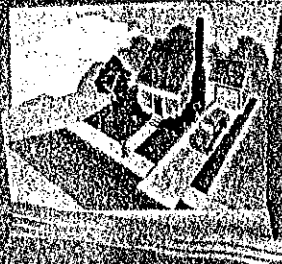


**GIVE
WATER
A HAND**

Clean Water



Everybody's
Business



10 Things You Can Do to Prevent Stormwater Runoff Pollution

- 1. Use fertilizers sparingly and sweep up driveways, sidewalks, and gutters
- 2. Never dump anything down storm drains or in streams
- 3. Vegetate bare spots in your yard
- 4. Compost your yard waste
- 5. Use least toxic pesticides, follow labels, and learn how to prevent pest problems
- 6. Direct downspouts away from paved surfaces, consider a rain garden to capture runoff
- 7. Take your car to the car wash instead of washing it in the driveway
- 8. Check your car for leaks and recycle your motor oil
- 9. Pick up after your pet
- 10. Have your septic tank pumped and system inspected regularly



United States
Environmental Protection
Agency

For more information, visit
www.epa.gov/nps or
www.epa.gov/nps/stormwater

Appendix G

Public Records Request Form

SUBMIT FORM



Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development PUBLIC RECORDS REQUEST FORM

<http://www.dotd.la.gov>

Date: __/__/__

STEP 1:

COMPLETE all information in the fields provided. **Please TYPE or PRINT.** If you have questions, please call the Customer Information Line, at (225) 242-4620.

STEP 2:

SUBMIT completed form by either U.S. First Class Mail to DOTD Custodian of Records, HQ – EW 3rd Floor, P.O. BOX 94245, Baton Rouge, LA 70804-9245, by fax to (225) 242-4690 or by emailing your request to: dotdpublicrecords@la.gov.

Note: If submitting electronically via Submit Form button, use Internet Explorer browser. If using Chrome or Edge, you will need to download the document and open it in your copy of Acrobat or Reader to send.

Should your request necessitate the payment of any costs, you will be contacted with an estimate.

NAME: _____

COMPANY/FIRM: _____

MAILING ADDRESS: _____

CITY: _____ STATE: _____ ZIP: _____

TELEPHONE NO.: (____) ____ - ____ FAX: (____) ____ - ____

EMAIL ADDRESS: _____

ROUTE/HWY (No street names): _____

PROJECT- LEGACY- R/O/W NO.: _____

DOTD CONTACT NAME: _____

Requestor Information (Please Type or Print): To expedite your request, be as specific as possible. Attach additional pages to the form as necessary after clicking the "Submit Form" button. An email will automatically generate. You may then attach your documents to that email. Send the email to dotdpublicrecords@la.gov. Include street address of the facility, the document dates, and other details about the type of record of interest to you. Official R/O/W maps are located at the Parish District Court. **** Due to the large volume of some state project records, it may be necessary for the custodian to take additional time to accumulate the info from all sections. In this case, it is required that the requestor review the records to be duplicated.**

☐ I certify that I am 18 years of age.

REQUESTOR'S SIGNATURE: _____ DATE: _____

Appendix H

MS4 Outfall Survey & Illicit Discharge
Visual Screening Form



Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development

Illicit Discharge Visual Screening

Date: _____

Investigator: _____

Municipality: _____

Outfall ID: _____

Location: _____

Discharge at time of inspection: ☐ Yes ☐ No

Photo taken: ☐ Yes ☐ No

Photo #: _____

If YES, complete section A. If NO, skip section A and complete section B.

Section A-Discharge Present

Indicator	Description	Severity Index (1-3)
Odor	☐ Sewage ☐ Rancid ☐ Petroleum ☐ Sulfide ☐ None ☐ Other: _____	☐ 1 - Faint ☐ 2 - Easily detected ☐ 3 - Noticeable upon approach
Color	☐ Clear ☐ Other: _____	☐ 1 - Faint colors in sample ☐ 2 - Colors visible in sample ☐ 3 - Colors visible in outfall flow
Turbidity	☐ None See severity	☐ 1 - Slight cloudiness ☐ 2 - Cloudy ☐ 3 - Opaque
Floatables	☐ Sewage ☐ Foam ☐ Oil sheen ☐ Trash ☐ None ☐ Algae ☐ Other: _____	☐ 1 - Slight; Source not obvious ☐ 2 - Some; Possible source ☐ 3 - Some; Source determined
Vapor	☐ None See severity	☐ 1-Minimal ☐ 2-Moderate ☐ 3-Maximum

Source of Illicit Discharge: _____

Address: _____

Section B-Outfall Description

Outfall Characterization

☐ Unlikely (No indicators of illicit discharge present)

☐ Potential (Indication of possible illicit discharge)

☐ Obvious

Indicator	Check If present	Description	Comments
Staining	☐	☐ Oil ☐ Sediment ☐ Paint ☐ Other: _____	
Abnormal Vegetation	☐	☐ Excessive ☐ Necrotic	
Miscellaneous	☐	☐ Excessive Algae ☐ Vapors ☐ Odor: _____ ☐ Color: _____ ☐ Floatables: _____ ☐ Other: _____	

Potential Source of Illicit Discharge: _____

Address: _____

Notes



Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development

MS4 Outfall Survey

GENERAL DATA

Date: _____

Investigator: _____

Parish: _____

Municipality: _____

Route: _____

Control Section: _____

FIELD DATA

Outfall ID: _____

Location/Address: _____

Latitude: _____

Longitude: _____

Receiving Water: _____

Impaired: ☐ Yes ☐ No

Land Use:

☐ Industrial

☐ Residential

☐ Commercial

☐ Open Space

☐ Other: _____

OUTFALL DESCRIPTION

Pipe		Ditch	
Material Type		Material Type	
Pipe Height		Depth	
Pipe Width		Width	

NOTES

Photo: ☐ Yes ☐ No Photo number: _____

Appendix I

Wastewater Recertification Agenda

Annual Wastewater Recertification Course

Topics for Discussion
Thursday, August 21, 2025

Topic	Time
Introduction, Agenda <i>Mr. Tim Rupert</i>	8:00 - 8:15 a.m.
Program Update <i>Mr. Nicholas Larks</i>	8:15 - 8:30 a.m.
The Effect of Forever Chemicals (PFAS) in Our Drinking Water <i>Ms. Abby Thibodaux</i>	8:30 - 9:15 a.m.
Illicit Discharges <i>Ms. Dori Turner</i>	9:15 - 10:00 a.m.
Stormwater Video	10:00 - 10:30 a.m.
Lead Contamination in Drinking Water <i>Mr. Quentin Scott</i>	10:30 - 11:15 a.m.
High Risk Bloodborne Pathogens Exposure Control Plan <i>Mr. Jacob Cortez</i>	11:15 - 12:00 p.m.
Lunch Break	12:00 - 1:00 p.m.
Ultraviolet Disinfection <i>Ms. Jazzmyn Feagins</i>	1:00 - 1:45 p.m.
Measurement Control of pH in Wastewater Effluent <i>Ms. Kadie Wheat</i>	1:45 - 2:30 p.m.
Water Video	2:30 - 3:00 p.m.
Wastewater Reuse <i>Ms. Nikita Simon</i>	3:00 - 3:45 p.m.
Hurricane Preparedness/Flood Awareness <i>Mr. Thomas Gage</i>	3:45 - 4:30 p.m.
Open Forum, Quiz	4:30 - 4:45 p.m.
Recap, Closing Remarks	4:45 - 5:00 p.m.

Appendix J

Construction Inspection Forms

&

Construction Stormwater Field Guide



Louisiana Department of Transportation and Development Storm water Construction Site Inspection Report

General Information			
Project Name			
Permit Number		Location	
Date of Inspection		Start/End Time	
Inspector's Name			
Inspector's Title			
Inspector's Contact Information			
Describe present phase of construction			
Type of Inspection ☐ Regular ☐ Pre-storm event ☐ During storm event ☐ Post-storm event ☐ Other			
Weather at time of inspection?			
Records			
NOI available, if applicable?	Permit available?	Current SWPPP?	Current site map?
☐ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☐ No
Are the self inspections current?			
☐ Yes ☐ No		Date of last self inspection:	
Corrective action log available?			
☐ Yes ☐ No			

Site Specific BMPs					
	BMP Description	BMP Installed & Operating Properly?	Corrective Action Needed	Proposed date for corrective action & responsible person	
1		☐ Yes ☐ No			
2		☐ Yes ☐ No			
3		☐ Yes ☐ No			
4		☐ Yes ☐ No			
5		☐ Yes ☐ No			
6		☐ Yes ☐ No			
7		☐ Yes ☐ No			
8		☐ Yes ☐ No			
9		☐ Yes ☐ No			
10		☐ Yes ☐ No			
11		☐ Yes ☐ No			
12		☐ Yes ☐ No			
13		☐ Yes ☐ No			
Overall Site Features					
	BMP/activity	Implemented?	Maintained?	Corrective action Needed	Proposed date for corrective action & responsible person
1	Are all slopes & disturbed				

	areas not actively being worked properly stabilized?	☐ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☐ No		
2	Are natural resource areas (e.g., streams, wetlands, mature trees, etc.) protected with barriers or similar BMPs?	☐ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☐ No		
3	Are perimeter controls & sediment barriers adequately installed and maintained?	☐ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☐ No		
4	Are discharge points and receiving waters free of sediment deposits?	☐ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☐ No		
5	Are storm drain inlets properly protected?	☐ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☐ No		
6	Is there evidence of sediment being tracked into the street?	☐ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☐ No		
7	Is trash/litter from work areas collected and placed in covered dumpsters?	☐ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☐ No		
8	Are washout facilities (e.g., paint, stucco, concrete) available, clearly marked, and maintained?	☐ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☐ No		
9	Are vehicle & equipment fueling, cleaning, and maintenance areas free of spills, leaks, or any other deleterious material?	☐ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☐ No		
10	Are materials that are potential stormwater contaminants stored inside or under cover?	☐ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☐ No		
11	Are non-stormwater discharges (e.g., wash water, dewatering) properly controlled?	☐ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☐ No		
12	Are there any discharges at time of inspection?	☐ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☐ No		
13		☐ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☐ No		
14		☐ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☐ No		
15		☐ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☐ No		

Notes

Date _____

FAP No.

Route

Days Since Last Rainfall

Amount of Last Rainfall

days

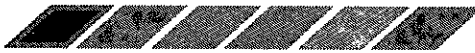
inches

[illegible]

General Remarks

Supporting Observations

 No Images added.



Signatures

~~2~~ Signatures will appear when individuals change the status of this document.

Erosion Control Measures

To be completed every 7 days and within 24 hours of a rainfall event of 0.5 inches or more

Inspector _____ Date _____

S.P. No. _____ FAP No. _____
Contractor _____

Contractor _____

Days Since Last Rainfall _____

Route _____

Days Since Last Rainfall _____

Amount of Last Rainfall _____ inches

[illegible]

aintenance required for Erosion Control Measures:

is performed by: _____ On or Before: _____

11 Fence
37/1 Straw Bales

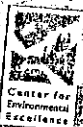
E - Sediment Basin
F - Slope Drain

1 - Making

Construction Stormwater Field Guide

April 2016

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION
OF STATE HIGHWAY AND
TRANSPORTATION
AASHTO



U.S. Department
of Transportation
Federal Highway
Administration

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Appendix K

Master SWPPP Template



LOUISIANA DEPARTMENT OF
TRANSPORTATION & DEVELOPMENT

STORM

WATER

POLLUTION

PREVENTION

PLAN

Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP)

Permit Number: LAR 600000

Prepared For:

Project Name & Location:

Prepared by:

Date:

This Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) is provided by the Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality (LDEQ) Business and Community Outreach/Small Business Assistance Division (BCO/SBA). LDEQ BCO/SBA technical services are provided courtesy of LDEQ. Providing this document does not certify that the information is complete or complies with all requirements. The BCO/SBA claims no responsibility for omissions or inaccuracies in values or information presented to the LDEQ Administrative Authority by businesses seeking compliance with state environmental regulations. The LDEQ Administrative Authority alone determines when compliance is achieved; and, businesses are ultimately responsible for satisfying all requirements of such Authority

CERTIFICATIONS

To Be Completed by Construction Site Operator (Plans and Specifications Operational Control)

"I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for attesting to false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations."

Name and Title

Telephone Number

Signature

Date

To Be Completed by Construction Site Operator (Day-to-Day Operational Control)

"I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for attesting to false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations."

Name and Title

Telephone Number

Signature

Date

SWPPP Revision Documentation Form

This storm water pollution prevention plan (SWPPP) should be revised and updated to address changes in site conditions, new or revised government regulations, and additional on-site storm water pollution controls. The signature of this representative attests that the SWPPP revision information is true and accurate. Previous authors and facility representatives are not responsible for the revisions.

[illegible]

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- 2.0 OBJECTIVE**
- 3.0 NON-STORM WATER DISCHARGES**
- 4.0 SWP3 REVIEW AND AMENDMENTS**
 - 4.1 Review**
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- 5.0 SITE OR PROJECT DESCRIPTION**
 - 5.1 Description of Construction Activity & Environmental Impacts**
 - 5.2 Construction Activity with Potential Pollutant Sources**
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 - 5.7 General Location Map and Site Map**
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 - 5.9 Industrial Discharges**
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 - 5.11 LPDES Construction General Permit,
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 - 5.12 Threatened and/or Endangered Species**
 - 5.13 Historical Determination**
 - 5.14 Total Maximum Daily Loading (TMDL)**
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 - 6.1 Short & Long Term Goals/Criteria**
 - 6.2 Best Practicable Technology (BPT)**
 - 6.3 Site-specific Erosion and Sediment Controls**
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11.0 APPROVED LOCAL PLAN

12.0 MAINTENANCE

13.0 INSPECTIONS OF CONTROLS

14.0 CONTRACTORS AND SUBCONTRACTORS RESPONSIBILITIES

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APPENDIX B, LPDES Storm Water Construction General Permit

APPENDIX C, Site Information

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- 2. Schedule Sheet for Soil Disturbing Activities**
- 3. Soil Data Sheet**
- 4. Erosion and Sediment Control Site Map**
- 5. Erosion and Sediment Control Plan**
- 6. Stabilization Practice Schedule**
- 7. Structural Control Sheet**
- 8. Construction Site Inspection Report**

Appendix L

Agile Assets System

LaGov Linear Assets (Agile) Users Guide



LaDOTD
Maintenance System Management
Section 42

August 2019

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INTRODUCTION

This guide provides step by step processes on using the menus and windows to access, manage and retrieve the asset data. This system comprises of 4 main modules and contains an extensive collection of asset data that can be retrieved easily.

The Linear Asset Management System is a versatile system that can be used from any computer with a browser and an internet connection.

However, for a better experience, it is recommended to have the following settings. These settings are only recommendations and do not imply that your experience will not be satisfactory if you use different settings.

Agile Software Requirements:

Internet Explorer Browser 9, 10 or 11 (not in Compatibility Mode) OR Google Chrome (Recommended) OR Mozilla Firefox

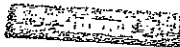
Specifications	Minimum	Recommended
System RAM	4 GB	8 GB
Processor Speed	Single Core 2 Ghz	Dual Core 3 GHz
Processor Type	64 bit	64 bit
Screen Resolution	1024 X 768	1920 X 1080
Operating System	Agnostic	Agnostic

LOGGING IN TO AGILE

To Access the LEO Portal directly

1. Connect to the Internet
2. <http://www.louisiana.gov/> under "For State Employees" LaGov ERP
3. Enter your User ID (e.g. P00123456).
4. Enter current Password.
5. Click
6. LaGov ERP ERP / LEO Home page is displayed.
7. Click located at the top of the screen.
8. This will bring you to the Department and Security Profile

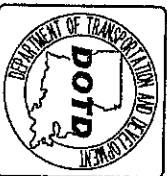
Department	DC4/G170 - SURVEY CREWBOSSE
Security Profile	P00123456



9. If you over see more than one Administration Unit, select the one you want to log in under the "Department" field. Check your Security Profile is correct and click submit.
10. You have successfully logged in.

Appendix M

Hydraulics Manual Supplement



ROAD
DESIGN

EROSION CONTROL GUIDELINES



HYDRAULICS
UNIT

PLAN CHECKING AND DESIGN PROCEDURES FOR EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL

SUPPLEMENT TO HYDRAULICS MANUAL

NOVEMBER 2007

PLAN CHECKING & DESIGN PROCEDURES FOR EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL ON LA DOTD N/LPDES PERMITTED PROJECTS

This document pertains to those projects which fall under Phase I and Phase II of Louisiana's **P**ollutant **D**ischarge **E**limination **S**ystem permitting program. The program applies to all construction projects disturbing one acre or greater of land as of March 2003.

Plan checking and design procedures on the use of erosion and sediment controls are to be followed according to the Roadway Design Procedures and Details Manual (RDM) with few exceptions as shown herein. A reference is made to section 4.5.2 of this manual and Standard Plan EC-01. Temporary erosion controls should be shown on the plan and construction sequence sheets, or on separate sheets altogether. This is a revision to section 8.2.5(h) of the RDM. Where many controls are required such that they would clutter the plans, the controls should instead, be listed in tables on summary sheets. Temporary erosion control symbols should be included as part of a plan symbol legend. Structural controls should have details for their installation included within the plans. Examples of structural (i. e., sediment) controls are silt fencing, sediment basins, check dams, etc. See Standard Plan EC-01. New products are continuously being developed to aid in erosion and sediment control. Products equivalent to the traditional ones mentioned in this document are acceptable as approved by the LADOTD.

Plan preparation procedures for separate, temporary erosion control sheets are also included. They should follow similar procedures to those discussed below for showing controls within the traditional plan set. The guidelines and procedures listed below are used to supplement, and may supersede, the RDM and Standard Plan EC-01.

PRELIMINARY DESIGN/PLAN CHECK

Roadside, median, and temporary ditches should have hay/straw or stone (or equivalent material) check dams placed in them. There are many options for the temporary stabilization of ditches. Construction personnel are allowed to make adjustments for field conditions. As a guideline, check dams should only be used in channels with a contributing drainage area of 10 acres or less. Additionally, they should only be placed in channels having a 10% grade or less, and where the depth of flow is not expected to exceed one (1) foot. Use hay or straw baled check dams where the maximum contributing drainage area is 2 acres. Use stone check dams where the drainage area is between 2 and 10 acres. (It will not be necessary to show such drainage areas on the Design Drainage Map.) The maximum spacing between dams should be such that the toe of the upstream dam is at the same elevation as the top of the downstream dam.

Check dams range from 1½ ft. to 3 ft. in height, depending on the channel cross-section or depth of flow. The height should be equal to the top of the lower channel bank or to the depth of anticipated flow, whichever is lower, with a minimum of 1½ ft. The center of the dam should be at least 6 inches lower than the height (outer edges). The bottom length should be three times the height (3 x h).

On bridge construction and replacement jobs, silt fencing (or an equivalent product) should be specified near the toe of the banks, parallel to the waterway and between the right-of-way limits on either side of the bridge. Roadside channels on either side of the bridge should have either check dams or bridge/erosion drain pipes (*ditch blocks*) to help slow channel velocity from any runoff during the time of construction, when the bridge embankment is vulnerable to erosion. Silt fencing and check dams used here can be shown on either the plan or bridge general plan sheets. (Refer to section 5.2.4 of the RDM and Chapter I of the Hydraulics Manual for design details pertaining to ditch blocks.)

Existing catch basins (both curb & open-top inlet types) that are to remain on a project should have some form of silt protection. Traditionally, this has been accomplished with either silt fence or hay/straw bales and thus, accounted for in a (204) pay item. Rock or stone barriers are also acceptable as long as they are properly installed. Because drainage work is performed early in the construction period, proposed catch basins should also have inlet protection.

Permanent erosion control at the outlets of cross drain structures should be noted on the preliminary plans (section 8.2.5(5.b) of the RDM).

(This paragraph reserved for future design guidelines pertaining to detention/sediment basins.)

FINAL DESIGN/PLAN CHECK

Standard Plan EC-01 should be included in the final plan set.

Silt fencing is used to minimize the amount of sediment leaving the construction site and/or entering water ways. It is also used to decrease the velocity of sheet flows. Silt fencing should be shown on the plans along areas of disturbance sloping away from the project site or towards adjacent, naturally existing water ways. It should not cross entrance and drainage ways. Disturbed areas typically extend fifteen (15) feet outside the limits of construction or to the limits of right-of-way, whichever is less. A look at the existing cross-sections will indicate slopes during clearing and grubbing operations. On urban projects where fore slopes are toward the roadway and inlet protection is specified, silt fence will likely not be necessary. The estimated quantity for silt fencing should take these and other situations into consideration. Silt fencing that coincides with the right-of-way should be indicated with an arrow and note at least once per plan sheet. At other locations, silt fencing should be indicated with the appropriate symbol at least once per plan sheet. Summary tables are now not required for silt fencing, since the plans can better indicate locations.

Show temporary slope (embankment) drains on the plans to carry storm water from the work area down unprotected long (greater than 100 ft.) and/or steep (greater than 2:1) slopes. Slope drains are typically only necessary on large, embankment moving projects. Earthen berms directing water into the pipe inlets should also be shown on the plans (see Std. Plan EC-01) unless the slope drains are included in a summary table(s).

Permanent erosion controls (i. e., seeding, mulching, rip-rap, erosion control systems, etc.), if not indicated on plan or profile sheets, should be tabulated in summary tables. This is a slight modification of Section 8.2.5(h) of the RDM. Locations (i. e., to and from stationing, and Lt., Rt., or Med. of roadway) and type (i. e., vegetative mulch, Type A covering, 30-lb rip-rap class, etc.) should be clearly indicated. (Refer to the Hydraulics office for design procedures pertaining to channel protection and rip-rap sizing/placement.) Erosion control coverings should be shown on either the profile sheets or listed in a summary table(s). They are used for either slope or channel protection, and should be labeled as such. Temporary check dams should still be placed in channels requiring covering until vegetation is established and the dams can be removed. The quantity for temporary seeding in these areas will be computed as specified in the appendix of the Road Design Manual under Miscellaneous Design Aids, *Rules Associated with Pay Items*. Rip-rap used at bridge abutments should be indicated on the bridge general plan sheets.

Pay items for temporary erosion controls should be included on the *Summary of Estimated Quantities* sheets. These include such items as temporary silt fencing and temporary slope drains (204-). Though not necessarily shown within the plans, at least two (2) items for temporary stone construction entrances should also be included on the *Summary of Estimated Quantities* sheets. Design aids for estimating temporary erosion control quantities are provided in the appendix of the Road Design Manual under Miscellaneous Design Aids, *Rules Associated with Pay Items*.

Pay items for permanent erosion controls should be included on the *Summary of Estimated Quantities* sheets. These include such items as fertilizing (718-01) and seeding (717-01), landscaping (719-), erosion control systems (720-), riprap used as outlet protection for cross drains and at bridge abutments (711), and others in the 700-no. category. Fertilizing and seeding limits are usually indicated on the typical section sheets (section 8.2.3(6) of the RDM). Permanent erosion controls can be used in place of temporary controls if placed early enough, and may share pay item numbers. Design aids for estimating permanent erosion control quantities are provided in the appendix of the Road Design Manual under Miscellaneous Design Aids, *Rules Associated with Pay Items*.

SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

Temporary erosion and sediment controls are usually installed during the first phase of construction, before the land is disturbed. In fact, storm water permit coverage starts from the commencement of construction activities until final project stabilization. Temporary structural controls must be removed whenever they are no longer necessary in serving their purpose, or when the protected area has been stabilized through the use of seeding and mulching, erosion control blankets, rip-rap, or other means. The installation and removal of controls and practices used to control erosion (BMPs) should be indicated on construction sequencing sheets. Below are guidelines for the sequencing of erosion controls and BMPs on LA DOTD state projects:

Silt fencing should be installed before clearing and grubbing operations begin, except when clearing involves installing the fence. Typically, this would be performed in the first stage of phase one of construction. It should be removed once the upslope area being protected has been stabilized. On bridge construction jobs over water ways, silt fencing should be installed before ground-breaking activities begin. On bridge replacement jobs over water ways, it should be installed prior to existing bridge removal and detour bridge construction (if applicable). In the case of both bridge construction and replacement jobs, it can be removed once the bridges and abutment protection are in place.

Slope drains and their temporary earth berms should be installed after clearing and grubbing and grading of the embankment slope has occurred. It should be removed only when the disturbed slope upon which it rests has been stabilized. This should be before roadway base work begins.

Check dams should be installed immediately after the channel is brought to grade, and should be removed only after the upslope channel for which they serve has been stabilized. Check dams in roadside channels near bridges should be placed before ground-breaking activities begin, or after ditch grading (if applicable). They should be removed after the installation of any bridge/erosion drain pipes (*ditch blocks*), or after the upslope channel for which they serve has been stabilized. Check dams should be tabulated in summary sheets indicating their locations by stationing. Where only a few dams are required, they can instead, be indicated on the sequence of construction sheets with a symbol, at a minimum scale of 1:1000 or 1" = 80'.

Protection for existing drainage inlets remaining onsite should be fully installed before clearing and grubbing operations begin in the area. Protection for proposed drainage inlets should be installed immediately after the new inlets are in place. In both cases, they should not be removed until the upslope area for which they serve has been stabilized. Inlet protections should typically be the last erosion controls removed from a site. They can be indicated on the sequence of construction sheets with a symbol, at a minimum scale of 1:1000 or 1" = 80'. Protection for many catch basins as part of subsurface drainage systems should instead, be listed in a summary table(s).

Temporary seeding, if necessary prior to permanent seeding, occurs after clearing, grubbing and grading operations. The limits are the same as that indicated on the typical section sheets for permanent seeding, and need not be shown elsewhere. A note on the sequence of construction sheets will suffice.

Erosion controls shown on the plan sheets reflect their initial placement. During construction, some controls may need to change location based upon grade changes required to form the typical sections and based upon the location of detour roads. No additional payment will be made for the moving of erosion control devices at different sequences of construction. The former statement should be included in the notes of the construction sequence sheets.

Below is a reference table summarizing where erosion and sediment controls should be incorporated into the plan set.

E & S Control	Location in plan set	Include in summary tables?
Silt fence	plan, bridge general plan sheets	Not required
Slope drains	plan sheets	Yes, if not on plan sheets
Check dams	construction sequence sheets	Yes, if not on construction sequence sheets
Inlet protection	construction sequence sheets	Yes, if not on construction sequence sheets
Stone construction entrances	construction sequence sheets, if location known	No
Seeding, fertilizing, mulching & sodding (temporary & permanent)	typical section sheets	No
Erosion control systems	profile sheets	Yes, if not on profile sheets
Rip-rap (permanent)	plan, bridge general plan sheets	Yes, if used for channel lining

TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL SHEETS

The designer has the option of placing temporary erosion and sediment control measures on separate sheets. These should consist of layout sheets (similar to a construction sequence sheet) at a minimum scale of 1:000 or 1"= 80'. Layout sheets should indicate drainage patterns and, like the construction sequence sheets, a description of the phasing in of practices and controls. Temporary erosion control symbols should be included as part of a plan symbol legend on these sheets, and may include part or all of the construction legend to illustrate sequencing with roadway construction.

Where many controls are required such that they may clutter these sheets, the controls should instead, be listed in tables on summary sheets, as mentioned previously. Permanent erosion controls should be shown on the appropriate sheets within the traditional plan set. They should be placed as soon as practical after clearing, grubbing, grading operations and if appropriate, after drainage installations.

Appendix N

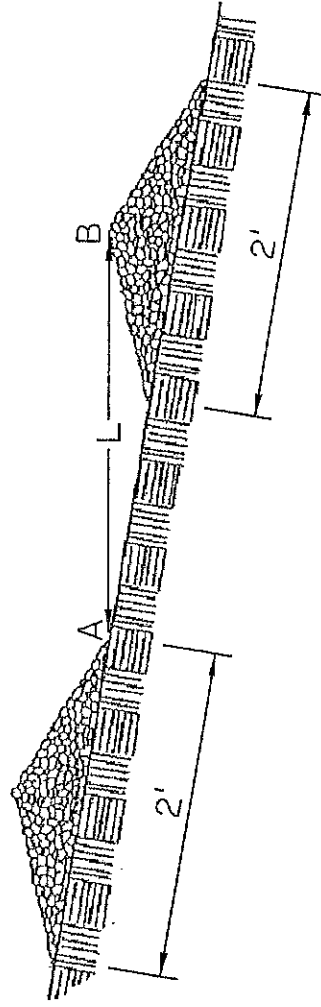
Standard Plan EC-O1, Temporary Erosion
Control Details

TEMPORARY EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL SYMBOLOGY

SILT FENCE	— SF —
TEMPORARY BERM	
SEDIMENT CHECK DAM (STONE)	
STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE	
HAY BALES OR SEDIMENT CHECK DAM (HAY)	
INLET PROTECTION	
TEMPORARY SLOPE DRAIN	

SPACING BETWEEN CHECK DAMS

L = THE DISTANCE SUCH THAT POINTS
A AND B ARE OF EQUAL ELEVATION



Appendix O

Plan in Hand Memorandum Review
Form

Date: _____ Route: _____
Project No.: _____ Parish: _____
Project Name: _____ District: _____

Meeting Location: _____

[illegible]

LOUISIANA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AND DEVELOPMENT

PLAN-IN-HAND CHECKLIST

DATE:

PROJECT NUMBER:

PROJECT NAME:

ROUTE:

PARISH:

DISTRICT:

TITLE SHEET

	YES	NO
1 Is the traffic data shown?	☐	☐
2 Is the type of construction shown?	☐	☐
3 Is the roadway classification shown?	☐	☐
4 Are the projects limits, bridge sites, equations and exceptions shown on the layout map?	☐	☐
Does it match the length of the project table?	☐	☐
5 Are there any exceptions to this project?	☐	☐
If Yes, list exceptions:		
6 Are earthwork quantities shown on the title sheet?	☐	☐

Comments:

- i* _____
- ii* _____
- iii* _____
- iv* _____
- v* _____

TYPICAL SECTION SHEETS

	YES	NO
1 Are sufficient typical sections provided to cover the proposed construction?	☐	☐
2 Is the District in agreement with the proposed pavement types?	☐	☐
3 Have the limits and depths of possible undercut areas been noted?	☐	☐
4 Are there any areas where special treatment of in-place soils is recommended?	☐	☐
5 Will terracing of fore and/or back slopes be required for unusual fill heights?	☐	☐

TYPICAL SECTION SHEETS

	YES	NO
6 Does full safety criteria apply to this construction?	☐	☐
If yes:		
(A) Are culvert ends outside the clear zone?	☐	☐
(B) Will the top of all headwalls be flush with the side slopes?	☐	☐
(C) Has special protection been provided for all culvert ends within the clear zone?	☐	☐
7 Are the limits of seeding and fertilizer shown?	☐	☐
8 Are typical sections provided for transitions and detour roads?	☐	☐
And turn outs?	☐	☐
9 Is geotextile fabric or geogrid required?	☐	☐
If yes, list: _____		
10 Are there any special details required?	☐	☐
If yes, list: _____		
11 Are grading sections required?	☐	☐
12 Will sidewalks, lighting or bikepaths be required?	☐	☐
If yes, has a maintenance/liability agreement been started?	☐	☐

Comments:

i _____*ii* _____*iii* _____*iv* _____*v* _____**SUMMARY SHEETS**

	YES	NO
1 Will an item for cleaning of existing ditches be required?	☐	☐
2 What types of temporary erosion control items will be required?	☐	☐
3 How many construction entrances will be required?		
4 Has the method of payment for removal of pavement been recommended?	☐	☐
Payment Method _____		
5 Will temporary maintenance aggregate be required?	☐	☐
If so, how much? How will it be used? _____		
6 Will granular material be required for backfill?	☐	☐
7 Has a method of payment for earthwork been recommended?	☐	☐
8 Are special erosion control items necessary?	☐	☐
If yes, list: _____		
9 Will an item for muck excavation be required?	☐	☐

Comments:

i _____

ii _____

iii _____

iv _____

v _____

PLAN-PROFILE SHEETS

	YES	NO
1 Is adequate right-of- way provided for relocation of utilities?	☐	☐
Are major utilities shown in profile?	☐	☐
2 Are the right-of- way widths shown?	☐	☐
3 Are right-of way markers shown at all breaks in right-of way and all P.C.'s and P.T.'s?	☐	☐
4 Will any right of entry agreements be required?	☐	☐
Who will obtain? _____		
5 Have areas where abandoned roadways are to be obliterated and graded been shown on the plan?	☐	☐
6 Will construction be impacted by existing horizontal and vertical clearances?	☐	☐
7 Have locations of muck excavation been shown?	☐	☐
8 Have locations of new fence been shown?	☐	☐
9 Have locations and sizes of new gates been shown?	☐	☐
10 Have locations and sizes of required or relocated cattle guards been shown?	☐	☐
11 Are dimensions of all buildings and structures shown?	☐	☐
12 Are locations, sizes and descriptions of drainage structures to be removed shown?	☐	☐
13 Is adequate outfall information shown?	☐	☐
14 Have areas of required construction and drainage servitudes been shown?	☐	☐
15 Has sufficient drainage excavation and/or cleaning of outfall laterals necessary for adequate drainage been shown?	☐	☐
16 Have yard drains been provided at driveway locations to catch water draining toward the roadway in the fill sections?	☐	☐
Has the profile at the ROW line been plotted to determine water flow?	☐	☐
17 Will cleaning be required for existing drainage structures remaining in place?	☐	☐
18 Has bedding material been shown under cross drains?	☐	☐
19 Have paved ditches been shown?	☐	☐
20 Will any underdrains be required?	☐	☐
21 Will retaining walls be necessary?	☐	☐
If so, will they be cast in place or mechanically stabilized?	☐	☐
22 Will steps be required?	☐	☐
If so, are their locations been shown?	☐	☐

PLAN-PROFILE SHEETS

	<u>YES</u>	<u>NO</u>
23 Are areas of control of access shown?	☐	☐
24 Is the alignment and grade for 550' beyond the beginning and end of the project shown?	☐	☐
25 Have manholes, inlets, valve boxes, etc. requiring adjustment(s) been made?	☐	☐
26 Are driveway types, width and stations shown? Are handicap ramps shown?	☐	☐
27 Are limits of construction shown?	☐	☐
28 Are abandoned alignments noted and dashed?	☐	☐
29 Is there a note stating existing drainage structures will be removed unless otherwise noted?	☐	☐
Is there a table showing amounts of each size pipe to be removed?	☐	☐
30 Are req'd drainage structures numbered in the plan and profile views?	☐	☐
31 ANY QUESTIONS CONCERNING ITEMS IN THE PROFILE. Vertical curves, equations, profile grades, drainage structure, ditch grades, etc.	☐	☐
32 Is the detour alignment shown, if required?	☐	☐
33 Will special ditch protection items be required?	☐	☐
34 Are there any oil or gas wells on the project not shown on the plans?	☐	☐
35 Are there any noticeable encroachments on the right-of-way?	☐	☐
Are existing improvements within 50' of Req'd ROW shown on the plans?	☐	☐

Comments:

i _____

ii _____

iii _____

iv _____

v _____

DESIGN DRAINAGE MAP

	<u>YES</u>	<u>NO</u>
1 Are all drainage areas, direction of flow, run-off factors etc. shown?	☐	☐
2 Have all channel realignments been shown?	☐	☐
3 Will local drainage systems be affected by this construction?	☐	☐
If yes, has the design of the project been coordinated with or reviewed by representatives of these local agencies?	☐	☐
4 Have provisions been made to collect side road drainage in our sub-surface system where necessary?	☐	☐
5 Are existing structures required to remain noted and numbered?	☐	☐

Comments:

i _____
ii _____
iii _____
iv _____
v _____

GEOMETRIC DETAILS

	YES	NO
1 Are there any areas where improvements can be made to the alignment?	☐	☐
2 Have plan/profile sheets been provided for turnouts where necessary?	☐	☐
3 Have plan/profile sheets been provided for detour roads?	☐	☐
4 Are geometric detail sheets included?	☐	☐
Is the scale of drainage correct?	☐	☐

Comments:

i _____
ii _____
iii _____
iv _____
v _____

SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

	YES	NO
1 Is through traffic to be maintained?	☐	☐
2 Does the sequence of construction match the proposed joint layout?	☐	☐
3 For local traffic only, will school buses, mail carriers, or other local traffic require special maintenance of traffic provisions?	☐	☐
4 Will temporary drainage structures be required during construction?	☐	☐
5 Will any temporary shoring be required to maintain traffic?	☐	☐
If so, as a method of payment been recommended?	☐	☐
6 Does the detour limits exceed the limits of roadway improvements?	☐	☐
7 Can detours be built due to grade difference between new and existing roadways?	☐	☐

Comments:

i _____
ii _____
iii _____
iv _____
v _____

GENERAL

	YES	NO
1 If sub-surface drainage is used, is there any evidence of raw sewerage entering existing roadside ditches?	☐	☐

GENERAL

	<u>YES</u>	<u>NO</u>
2 Are there any major utility conflicts?	☐	☐
3 Are there any major right-of way conflicts?	☐	☐
4 Will sawed joints be required at limits of pavement removals (including walks, drives, cross-overs etc)? If yes, has a method of payment been recommended?	☐	☐
5 Will any materials be salvaged? If so, has location where material is to be hauled been noted?	☐	☐
6 Shall any existing concrete pavement be used for base course material, or rip rap material?	☐	☐
7 Is there any extraordinary maintenance problems or procedures anticipated as a result of the proposed construction? If yes, has special attention been directed to each situation?	☐	☐
8 Are there any airports near the proposed project?	☐	☐
If yes: (A) Have their locations been shown relative to the project?	☐	☐
(B) will the proposed project be involved in clearance requirements?	☐	☐
9 Is a clearing and grubbing project recommended?	☐	☐
10 Will an embankment project be required for excessive settlement, surcharge, wick drains?	☐	☐
11 Are there any proposed permit requests that will affect this project?	☐	☐
12 Are all utilities shown?	☐	☐
Are pipelines shown in profiles, if applicable?	☐	☐
Are there any conflicts with the existing sanitary sewer system?	☐	☐
13 Are there special agreements needed between State and local government?	☐	☐
14 Will this project add mileage to the state system?	☐	☐
15 Are there any environmental mitigation items that need to be included in the plans?	☐	☐
16 Have 60% comments been received from the District?	☐	☐
17 Are the drainage and construction servitude large enough for equipment mobilization?	☐	☐
18 Do any recommended changes exceed the original scope of the project?	☐	☐

Comments:

<i>i</i>	_____
<i>ii</i>	_____
<i>iii</i>	_____
<i>iv</i>	_____
<i>v</i>	_____

BRIDGE PLANS

	<u>YES</u>	<u>NO</u>
1 Is stationing of beginning and end of existing bridge(s) shown?	☐	☐
2 Is description of existing bridge(s) shown?	☐	☐

BRIDGE PLANS

	YES	NO
3 Is high water elevation(s) shown?	☐	☐
4 Is drainage area shown?	☐	☐
5 Is required area of opening shown?	☐	☐
6 Is stream navigable either by law or local usage?	☐	☐
7 Is a USGS report recommended?	☐	☐
8 Have recommended channel changes been shown?	☐	☐
9 Is the stream meander shown within right-of-way and/or beyond where necessary?	☐	☐
10 Is sufficient right-of-way shown at each structure?	☐	☐
11 Are detours required?	☐	☐
a. If yes, Has the location, type, length, width, area of opening, surfacing and other details been shown?	☐	☐
12 Is the stream subject to drift?	☐	☐
13 Is stream subject to scour?	☐	☐
14 Will revetments be required?	☐	☐
a. If yes, Has the type, location and other details been shown?	☐	☐
15 Is drainage excavation required?	☐	☐
16 Are pile design loads and type shown?	☐	☐
17 Have the borings been reviewed and approved?	☐	☐
18 Have location of test pile(s) been marked on the PIH prints?	☐	☐
19 Is the use of drilled shafts indicated?	☐	☐
20 Are there any utility lines which will interfere with pile driving operations and have they been shown on the PIH prints?	☐	☐
21 Are all utilities which may affect the construction accurately located and details on the PIH prints?	☐	☐
22 Is there a need for vibration monitoring and site surveys?	☐	☐
23 Are the location of expansion and fixed ends shown and are they satisfactory?	☐	☐
24 Are controlling vertical and horizontal dimensions shown?	☐	☐
25 Is the superstructure cross section satisfactory?	☐	☐

Comments:

i _____

ii _____

iii _____

iv _____

v _____

CROSS SECTIONS

	YES	NO
1 Do cross sections reflect the grading section?	☐	☐
2 Do cross sections reflect the "Req'd Right of Way/Servitude"?	☐	☐
3 Do cross sections reflect the embankment widening for guard rail?	☐	☐
4 Is the grading section distinguishable from the existing ground line?	☐	☐

CROSS SECTIONS

- | | <u>YES</u> | <u>NO</u> |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| 5 Do the cross sections reflect cut/fill sections compared to the grade shown on the plan/profile sheets? | ☐ | ☐ |
| 6 Is the detour shown on the cross sections? | ☐ | ☐ |

Comments:

- i* _____
- ii* _____
- iii* _____
- iv* _____
- v* _____

Appendix P

SPC Questionnaire

Spill Prevention and Control Plan (SPC) Questionnaire

Facility Information:

Facility Name:

Address:

Facility Operator:

Facility Description (e.g. maintenance unit, storage yard, etc.):

(Please mark answers with an (X).)

Did operations at your facility begin before August 16, 2002: YES ☐ NO ☐

Information on Aboveground Storage Containers:

1. Does your facility have any SINGLE aboveground storage containers with a capacity of 660 gallons of oil or other chemicals: YES ☐ NO ☐
2. Does your facility have multiple containers with a TOTAL aboveground storage capacity greater than 1,320 gallons of oil or other chemicals: YES ☐ NO ☐
3. Do the aboveground containers have secondary containment: YES ☐ NO ☐
4. Oils stored in these aboveground containers:
(Please mark all that apply.)
 - a. Petroleum ☐
 - b. Fuel Oil ☐
 - c. Sludge ☐
 - d. Vegetable Oils ☐
 - e. Other Oils & Greases ☐
 - f. Oil Refuse ☐
 - g. Oil with Wastes Other than Dredged Spoil ☐
 - h. Fats, Oil or Greases of Animal, Fish, or Marine Mammal Origin
(including Synthetic Oils and Mineral Oils) ☐
5. Please list any chemicals, other than oils, stored in aboveground storage tanks at your facility:

6. Considering geographic location, in the event of a release, could your facility discharge oil or other chemicals into any:
(Please mark all that apply.)
- a. Streams ☐
 - b. Ponds and Ditches ☐
 - c. Storm or Sanitary Sewers ☐
 - d. Wetlands ☐
 - e. Mudflats ☐
 - f. Sandflats ☐
 - g. Other Navigable Waters ☐
7. Please list the nearest potential receiving waters in case of an oil or other chemical spill:
- a. _____
 - b. _____
 - c. _____
8. Does your facility have any of the following spill prevention measures already in place:
(Please mark all that apply.)
- a. Dikes, Berms, or Retaining Walls Sufficiently Impervious to Contain Oil Spills ☐
 - b. Curbing, Drip Pans ☐
 - c. Culverts, Gutters or Other Drainage Systems ☐
 - d. Weirs, Booms or Other Barriers ☐
 - e. Spill Diversion Ponds ☐
 - f. Retention Ponds ☐
 - g. Sorbent Substances ☐
 - h. Sumps and Collection Systems ☐
 - i. Additional Tanks to Automatically Receive Overflow ☐
 - j. Liquid Level Sensing Devices ☐
 - k. Other (Please list): _____

Appendix Q

Project Delivery Manual Excerpts

Chapter 10: Stage 6 Standard Operating Procedures

Purpose

Stage 6 (Systems Operations and Performance) is characterized by post-construction activities such as disposing of excess right-of-way; documenting the addition of any utilities permitted on the right-of-way; ensuring compliance with post-construction environmental commitments; and instituting a feedback loop to provide input from the Department's Operations, Maintenance, and Traffic groups regarding material durability and performance and design features that complicate maintenance activities. These observations on system performance and operational issues are critical to the success of future projects and improve the cost effectiveness of the transportation system.

Process

A brief description of each of the post-construction responsibilities is provided below:

Disposal of Excess Right-of-Way

In acquiring right-of-way for projects, the Department often purchases entire properties, since purchasing only what is needed would leave the owner with an extremely small or land-locked parcel. The appropriate DOTD District representatives decide whether an excess right-of-way parcel should be retained for future considerations or disposed of. In the latter case, the Department serves the public interest by returning unneeded right-of-way to productive use rather than retaining and attempting to maintain it. The process for disposing of excess right-of-way is illustrated in Figure 10.1. The Real Estate Section is responsible for handling this function once construction has been completed and any interim need for the parcel, such as onsite storage of material or equipment, has been fulfilled. Reference is made to EDSM Number I.1.1.10: "Abandonment and Disposal of Unneeded Highway Right-of-Way."

Documentation of Utilities Permitted in the Right-of-Way

Maintaining accurate records of what utilities are located within the state highway right-of-way is a vital function in the project development and maintenance cycle. Because of the expense, difficulty, and public impacts of moving utilities, knowledge of the types of utilities and their approximate locations within the right-of-way can be a key factor in deciding if future projects should be undertaken. Furthermore, this information is critical to the process of defining project concepts and scopes.

Compliance with Post-Construction Environmental Commitments

In some instances, the Department will agree to post-construction environmental actions or monitoring for a limited period as a condition of a regulatory agency permit or commitment to a community. Examples of such agreements include post-construction erosion control, maintaining vegetation installed for mitigation purposes, monitoring water quality in an adjacent stream, or monitoring traffic following construction to determine if a particular traffic control device, such as a signal, is warranted.

In many instances, the Area Engineer will be the official charged with ensuring compliance with post-construction environmental commitments. However, in some instances, it may be the District Traffic Engineer or the Environmental Section. The Project Engineer is responsible for notifying the appropriate official(s) when construction has been completed and explaining the nature of post-construction environmental commitments, should they exist. The ADA of Operations will be kept informed of any significant related issues and will become involved in the process as needed to ensure conformity with all applicable regulations and commitments.

At the conclusion of the commitment, the official charged with compliance should notify the Environmental Section that the commitment has been fulfilled. The Environmental Section will in turn notify the appropriate regulatory agency or community officials.

Materials Durability and Performance Monitoring

The Department maintains an approved products list from which a contractor may select materials for use on state highway construction projects. Following construction, field monitoring of the durability and performance of these materials would obviously benefit the Department. The Materials and Testing Section should be advised of any materials that do not appear to perform well. The Material and Testing Section may in turn refer the matter to the New Products Evaluation Committee for consideration of removal of the product from the approved products list. Reference is made to EDSM Number V.4.1.1: "New Products Evaluation Committee."

Identification of Design Features that Complicate Maintenance Activities

During the design of a project, insufficient consideration of post-construction facility maintenance can result in difficulties and inefficiencies in maintenance operations. Maintenance personnel must identify and document any design features that complicate maintenance activities, and share this information with the appropriate design section(s). Through such a process, standard plans and details can be modified to facilitate maintenance activities and improve the Department's overall performance.

Responsibility Matrix

STAGE 6 – SYSTEM OPERATIONS AND PERFORMANCE RESPONSIBILITY MATRIX	
FUNCTION	RESPONSIBLE
Disposal of excess right-of-way	District Maintenance Section, District Design Section, Real Estate Section
Documentation of utilities permitted on the right-of-way	District Utilities Specialist with the District Permits Unit
Compliance with post-construction environmental commitments	District Maintenance Section, District Traffic Engineering Section, Environmental Section (depends on nature of commitment), Area Engineer
Materials durability and performance monitoring	District Maintenance Section, District Traffic Engineering Section, Area Engineer
Identification of design features that complicate maintenance activities	District Maintenance Section, Area Engineer
Project Closeout Meeting	Design Engineer

Appendix R

De-icing/Anti-icing Agents-Statewide

2025 MAINTENANCE UNIT USAGE:
SALT, GRADE 1, 50 LB/SACK

CresCity Conn MU	490
Dist Fence Mat	1186
Luling MU	392
Marrero MU	470
Orleans MU	597
Raceland MU	260
SubDist MU	277
Williams MU	875
Abbeville MU	140
Crowley MU	271
Dist Brdg Mat	70
Dist Herbicides	129
Dist PaveMark	2650
Dist Road Mat	439
Franklin MU	399
New Iberia MU	373
Opelousas MU	764
StMartinville MU	269
Vidrine MU	92
Arcadia MU	392
Bossier MU	276
Coushatta MU	403
Homer MU	121
Minden MU	481
Plain Dealing MU	156
Shreveport MU	1567
Vivian MU	10
Dist Road Mat	1076
Jonesboro MU	58
Lk Providence MU	15
Rayville MU	294
Ruston MU	116
Tallulah MU	245
Union MU	273
DeRidder MU	455
Dist Brdg Mat	6694
Jennings MU	1078
Oberlin MU	396
DryProng MU	393
Leesville MU	752
Many MU	310
Marksville MU	1119
Natchitoches MU	1310
Rapides MU	3600

Winnfield MU	335
Chase MU	25
Columbia MU	55
Ferriday MU	50
Harrisonburg MU	40
Trout MU	236
Bains MU	392
BatonRouge MU	2602
Brittany MU	1375
Clinton MU	539
Dist Herbicides	2962
NewRoads MU	1377
Plaquemine MU	283
PortAllen MU	164
LaPlace MU	459
Grand Total	42627

2025 AGGREGATE, LIGHTWEIGHT, F/DEICING
(YD3 - Cubic Yard)

Abbeville MU	2.65
Abita Springs MU	20
Calcasieu MU	63.86
Crowley	5
Dist Road Mat.	10.73
Franklin MU	1
New Iberia MU	1.95
Raceland	22
Grand Total	127.19